THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

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WHERE THE NEW LAMPS WILL SOON BLAZE

Harvard square is part of Brookline's illuminated way

LONDON CROWD CHEERS DUBLIN STRIKE FRIENDS

Ten Thousand Applaud Most Heartily Telegram From James Larkin, Whose Immediate Liberation They Demand

RELIEF MONEY GIVEN

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—The mass meeting announced in a previous cable was held at Albert hall Saturday night to protest against the imprisonment of James Larkin and demand his immediate release.

The chair was taken by George Lansbury, and amongst others present were Bernard Shaw, Ben Tillett, Miss Delia Larkin, George Russell, James Connolly, Mrs. Montefiore and Mrs. Despard. The large and enthusiastic audience must have numbered over 10,000.

Many telegrams were read from prominent trades unionists throughout the country, but one from Mr. Larkin evoked the most enthusiasm. Miss Larkin received an especially enthusiastic welcome.

Mrs. Montefiore said that by sticking to the Dublin workers they were sticking to the workers all over the world.

George Russell, editor of the Irish Homestead, said that what was going on in Dublin arose out of the desire to raise the workers out of the dismal swamp of poverty.

After a speech from James Connolly, who is taking Mr. Larkin's place in Dublin, Bernard Shaw said, referring to the action of the priests in preventing children being taken away, that he was there as a Dublin man to apologize to them for the Dublin priests. When the conditions under which these children lived were considered it was difficult to find words strong enough to characterize the action of these men.

As to the action of the police Mr. Shaw said that it had always been the practise in moments of civil crisis to let loose the police on the people to do their worst, and the public were beginning to recognize that such a practise could only end in obliging every respectable man to arm.

At the collection which was taken in the course of the meeting, some £400 was raised for the relief of the strikers.

BAY STATE EXCISE TAX CALLED VALID

WASHINGTON—The excise tax law of Massachusetts, taxing corporations engaged in other than interstate commerce in Massachusetts which are organized in other states, was declared valid today by the supreme court, in test cases brought by the Baltic Mining Company of Michigan and the S. S. White Dental Manfacturing Company of Pennsylvania.

Concerning the decision on the Massachusetts excise tax law, Atty.-Gen. James M. Swift said today: This is the most important decision to Massachusetts coming from the supreme court of the United States in many years, especially as that court had already declared unconstitutional the laws of Kansas, Colorado and Arkansas similar in many respects to the Massachusetts law. The more than 300 cases pending against the commonwealth, seeking a return of taxes paid and involving more than three quarters of a million dollars, should now all be terminated favorably to the commonwealth.

STROUT DEMURRER AGAIN SUSTAINED

Judge Dodge in the United States district court today again sustained the defendant's demurrer in the suit of Charles A. Strout, trustee of the Goddu Son's Fastening Company against the United Shoe Machinery Company et al for $2,000,000 for alleged injury and damage to the defendant's business and ordered a judgment in favor of the defendant.

SUCCESSOR TO MR. PROUTY HAS NOT BEEN FOUND

WASHINGTON—President Wilson, replying to a question asked by the newspaper correspondents this morning, said he had not yet accepted the resignation of Charles A. Prouty as a member of the interstate commerce commission and was uncertain when he would do so.

The difficulty, he said, was finding a suitable man to succeed Judge Prouty. At the same time, the President said, he would accept the resignation, so soon as a suitable successor could be found, for he is sure Judge Prouty would have a very large opportunity to serve the commission and the country in directing the physical valuation work, now beginning.

EMPLOYERS AND MEN TO DISCUSS DUBLIN STRIKE

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—The Monitor correspondent in Dublin reports that the committee of the employers' federation have consented to meet the English delegates.

The meeting will, it is hoped, take place today and the peace committee express satisfaction at the turn events have taken.

BRUNSWICK GAY TO GREET RULER

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—Elaborate preparations and extensive decorations have been made in Brunswick for the reception of Duke Ernst August today.

The present duke is the first to govern Brunswick for nearly 30 years, the government having been in the hands of regents during this time.

SUBSCRIPTION FOR OPERA SEATS OPEN

Reduced rates were taken off today on balcony seats for the Boston Opera season and subscriptions at regular rates for any number of performances and on any nights of the season of 18 weeks were opened. This arrangement is to accommodate people who are to be in the city for only a part of the winter or who wish to attend the opera on alternate weeks or according to any other plan. Excellent locations are said to be still available in all parts of the house. In two weeks the sale for the first week opens.

The next arrivals at the opera house will be a group of new artists to come early next week, including Mme. Heliane, Lasilva, Achinard, Deck and Beriza and Messrs. Deru, Jerville, Grand and Tournon.

FIRST "TALKING PARK WALK" IS CALLED SUCCESS

Members of Municipal Department in Charge of Instructive Strolls Through Beauty Spots Say Popularity Awaits Trips

PUBLIC INTERESTED

Members of the park department said today the first municipal "Talking Park Walk" Saturday proved a far greater success than they expected and that these instructive strolls through the city's beauty spots are bound to become popular.

That many lovers of trees and birds recognize the fact that the parks cannot be properly appreciated nor fully enjoyed without some knowledge of the growth and customs of the trees and shrubs and their feathered and furred inhabitants, was clearly shown when more than 70 persons gathered at Forest Hills statio turday afternoon to join in the first walk through Franklin park.

The party left the meeting place promptly at 2:30 o'clock under the guidance and instruction of William E. Fischer, the department forester. The course led through a corner of the Arboretum to the entrance of Franklin park. The first halt was called at the crest of Juniper hill, where every one was given an opportunity to admire the shapely green juniper trees with their tiny blue berries. There are about four acres of the hill that are studded with a beautiful virgin growth. The "willow oak" drew its share of admiration. It is the only one in the park and Mr. Fischer explained that it was a rare and exceptionally fine specimen.

The party ascended Pine hill and gathered on Rock Morton. Here Mr. Fischer entertained his audience with bits of history and legend of the many landmarks overlooked from this vantage point.

Probably the most animated interest shown during the walk was aroused in the wild ducks on Scarborough pond.

The way from here wound through the pine nursery and to the top of Sagamore hill. Here Mr. Fisher made an expose of the leopard moth that lives at the expense of young trees.

The party was led from this point through the Wilderness to Sunset rock. The arrival on the rock was well timed. The western sky was one beautiful vermilion blaze. After a visual feast they were brought to the new aviary. It was late when they reached here and only time for cursory inspection was allowed.

Every member of the party thanked Mr. Fischer and the department for the pleasant and instructive afternoon and give assurance of their appearance for next Saturday's walk through the Arnold aboretum.

BROOKLINE TO TURN ON LIGHTS IN TOWN SQUARE

All Preparations for Formal Opening of Municipality's New Brilliant Way Are Completed —Business Houses Decorated

CELEBRATION PLAN

When the sun sets this afternoon at 5:04 p. m. the new lights will be turned on in Brookline's light way for the first time and to mark the event the steeple bells of the Bethany and Presbyterian churches will be rung. Later, the American Cadet band, under police escort, and carrying lighted torches, will march from the Parkway on Washington street to the bandstand in front of Rhodes' store, where motion pictures will be shown on a screen.

All streets leading into the square will be roped off excluding traffic, including the cars, from 8 to 10 p. m., whereas special car service will be given to the square. The cars on the Reservoir-Washington street and the Allston-Harvard street subway lines will not run through to their regular destinations. The cars from Boston will be run to Brookline Village, and the cars from the Reservoir and Allston will be run to Harvard square, Brookline. Arrangements have been made by the officials of the Boston Elevated to have the conductors issue transfer checks, so that passengers can continue their passage on the cars leaving from Brookline Village or Harvard square.

The entire distance of the lighted way has been carefully decorated with flags and bunting and window displays made particularly attractive.

The celebration will last from 8 to 10 a. m. and from 7:30 on the Business Men's Association will hold a reception to friends of the members in the vacant store at 9 Davis avenue. The Business Men's Association, with special committees, has been in charge of the entire affair, and no time or expense have been spared. The decorations follow a uniform design, with the exception of the fire station, and run only one story high.

LEMON FREIGHTS REDUCED

WASHINGTON—An interstate commerce commission order reducing rates on lemons from California to the Atlantic seaboard from $1.15 to $1 per 100 pounds was upheld today by the supreme court, sustaining the commerce court.

CHANGES MADE IN N. E. RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE

Division Assistant Is Named Chief Clerk of New Parcel Post Station at South Station, but Salary Is Less by $200

OTHERS TRANSFERRED

Changes in the New England railway mail service prior to numerous transfers and promotions that will be made later were announced today by Frank D. Johnston, superintendent of the service. Principal among these was the transfer of Spencer W. Shepardson, for 22 years assistant in the New England division, to the position of chief clerk at the new parcel post terminal in the South station. His salary drops from $2200 to $2000.

In place of Mr. Shepardson, John V. Noonan, who has been record clerk in this district for a number of years, is made assistant superintendent with a salary of $2200. Mr. Noonan's position

(Continued on page five, column one)

CAMPAIGN MAIL WORKS POSTAL MEN OVERTIME

Political Literature in Greater Volume Than Ever Before Says Superintendent Reed

Because of the large amount of political mail 500 substitute mail carriers are engaged today at the central postoffice and the stations and branches in the various districts. The special force of 50 clerks from the regular force is handling the mail in place of the substitute clerks. Regular men are working overtime and are being paid from the reserve fund.

Eugene Reed, superintendent of mail at the Boston postoffice said that the amount of mail at the central office for October was the greatest in years. Political mail is greater than ever before, he said.

BRITISH MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS HELD

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—Municipal elections in England and Wales, excluding London, took place Saturday. Final results are not available, but the Labor and Socialist parties have won many seats.

ALL PERSONS TO BE WELCOME AT CITY PLANNING MEETING DESPITE INVITATIONS ISSUED

Conference Nov. 18, 19 at Capitol to Make Clear Operations of New Civic Betterment Board Law, Which Is to Affect All Cities and All Towns Over 10,000

Invitations to the city and town planning conference to be held at the State House Nov. 18 and 19 are being sent out by Governor Foss, the Boston Chamber of Commerce and the homestead commission, but an announcement was made today that all meetings will be open to the public and every person interested in municipal and town progress is urged to attend. One of the objects of the conference, it is said, is to make clear the operations of the new planning board law, which is to affect all cities in the state and all towns of over 10,000 inhabitants.

It will be pointed out that town planning does not involve plunging into unknown expense, but is merely a method to insure that the future necessary expenses of a town shall conform to a well-considered plan.

Especial interest is expected in the departmental meetings upon various topics related to the work of city planning. For example that on "Housing Finance," which will be presided over by Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard University, will consider such questions as: "In What Ways Do English Methods of Initiating Improved Housing Apply to American Housing Conditions?" on which Arthur C. Comey of the state homestead commission will speak; "What Are the Advantages of Collective Housing Development?" Robert Winsor speaker; "What Are the Merits of Limited Divi-

(Continued on page seven, column one)

LEARNING HOW TO APPRECIATE BEAUTY SPOTS

Park walkers being conducted around Scarboro pond

CANDIDATES ARE READY FOR THE TEST AT POLLS

Hundreds of Rallies to Mark Last Hours of Great Gubernatorial Contest of Messrs. Walsh, Bird, Gardner and Foss

EXPRESS CONFIDENCE

Managers Issue Statements Saying Their Aspirants Are Bound to Win—Falling Off in the Vote Tomorrow Expected

Hundreds of rallies and several extended tours by candidates for governor mark the final day of the campaign preceding tomorrow's state election. Charles S. Bird, Progressive, and David I. Walsh, Democrat, are to tour all the Boston wards while Governor Foss, independent, tours Cape Cod. Congressman A. P. Gardner, Republican, is to wind up his campaign today with outdoor rallies at Lynn and Woburn and evening meetings at Framingham and Marlboro.

Mr. Bird plans to make his final speech, the five hundred and thirtieth one of his campaign, in Pemberton square at 11:50 p. m. He has a few afternoon speeches, but the bulk of his tour will be done at night. He completed his state-wide tour Saturday and was accorded a reception on the Common at night after a torchlight parade, in which about 5000 marchers participated.

Candidate Walsh held a noon meeting in Pemberton square. The other speakers were Edward P. Barry and Mayor Fitzgerald.

Lieutenant-Governor Walsh's tour of the Boston wards tonight will start at Minot street and Neponset avenue at 7 p. m. and finish at the West End about midnight.

At a rally in Pemberton square this afternoon Charles S. Bird, the Progressive candidate for Governor, suspended his speech long enough to allow David I. Walsh, the Democratic candidate for Governor to enter the automobile and speak to the audience. Lieutenant-Governor Walsh had been speaking at one end of the square and had finished about the time the Bird campaigners arrived at the center of the square.

Mr. Bird was introduced and while speaking Lieutenant Governor Walsh and his party started to leave the square. As they passed the Progressive party crowd one of Mr. Bird's associates signalled the Lieutenant-Gvoernor and told him that Mr. Bird offered him a chance to speak from his automobile. The Lieutenant Governor accepted this offer with thanks and takir the place in Mr. Bird's automobile beside him addressed the crowd briefly.

While Lieutenant Governor Walsh was speaking, Congressman A. P. Gardner, Republican candidate for Governor, passed through the square in an automobile. The Progressives made an effort to stop him with the intention of inviting him to speak but the Gardner automobile was away in the distance before the chauffeur could be held.

The three other gubernatorial candidates, Alfred H. Evans of Northampton, Prohibition party, George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Socialist, and Alfred E. Reimer of Boston, Socialist Labor, also are actively working during the closing hours of the campaign.

Campaign managers of the four leading candidates have made public statements today expressing confidence in the election of their respective candidates. It is estimated also that the vote may fall off this year from 15 to 20 per cent from that of the presidential year of 1912.

BOSTON BALLOT DELIVERY BEGUN

Ballot boxes with the ballots to be used in the city election in ward 26, precincts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, left the election commissioners' office, 100 Summer street, for Hyde Park, on an automobile today in charge of police officers Dwyer and Wildes. The ballots will remain in the police station until they are ready for redistribution early tomorrow.

GRECO-TURKISH NEGOTIATIONS APPEAR TO BE NEAR DEADLOCK

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—The Monitor correspondent in Athens reports that the Greco-Turkish negotiations have so far accomplished but little and consequently the final signature of peace in the Balkans seems improbable in the immediate future. The delegates have reached an understanding on most points excepting on the question of Vakonfs, or religious funds, and Nuftis, or religious organization.

The usual procrastination of the Turkish government is evident in the attitude of the delegates.

According to a statement made by the principal Turkish delegate to the Monitor correspondent, the chief object of the Porte is to arrange such conditions as will permit the Muhammadan population to remain in Grecian Macedonia and so to obviate extensive emigration as well as to further the cause of peace.

The correspondent reports, however, that the stipulations put forward by the Porte by no means confirm this attitude with the result that negotiations appear to be reaching a deadlock. Meanwhile the question of demobilization cannot be considered, thus adding enormously to the expenses of both Greece and Turkey.

TURKEY DECIDES TO HAVE GERMANS REORGANIZE ARMY

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—Simultaneously with Djavid Bey's visit to Berlin, where he states his business, including negotiations in connection with the Baghdad railway, will keep him three weeks or longer, it is announced that the Porte has decided to entrust the complete reorganization of the army to a German military commission. A German general will, it is understood, be supported by a staff of able officers.

AUSTRO-HUNGARY NOTE TO GREECE RUFFLES POWERS

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—The attitude of Austria-Hungary in despatching a note to Greece complaining of the difficulties placed in the way of the southern Albanian boundary commission is not viewed with satisfaction by the representatives of other European powers in Athens. The hostile attitude of the population is, the note declares, encouraged by imported Greek agitators, so that representatives of Italy, Austria and Hungary have instructions to class as Albanian all those villages where the commission is prevented from making investigations.

PUBLIC SERVICE BOARD ELECTS

Announcement was made by the public service commission today of the appointment of the following officers of the commission: Secretary, Andrew A. Highlands; executive secretary, Charles E. Mann; assistant secretary, Allen Brooks; chief of rates and tariff bureau, C. Peter Clark.

MARINES AT NAVY YARD INSPECTED BY MAJOR MAGILL

Maj. Louis J. Magill of the United States marine corps of Philadelphia, Pa., today conducted the annual inspection of the marines, their quarters and equipment at the Charlestown navy yard. Major Magill, who is assistant adjutant and inspector, was accompanied by Lieut. Col. Theodore P. Kane, commanding officer of the marines at Charlestown; Capt. Walter N. Hill, Lieut. Edward B. Cole of company D, and Lieut. William S. Harrison, quartermaster of the marine corps.

Among the first things to be inspected were the food, cooking utensils and other kitchen properties. This examination was followed by an inspection of the marines in heavy marching order, their clothing and equipment and an exhibition of shelter pitching. The barracks of the marines, library, executive officers' quarters and other departments were next inspected.

Company D gave a close order, extended drill and battalion drill. The marine corps band was inspected and bayonet and gymnastic exercises were performed. Signal drill was also given.

The afternoon inspection includes the marine prison guard and other features. At the conclusion of the inspection Major Magill will return to Philadelphia.

You should be glad that you can send a copy of the Monitor to any young person. There lies an opportunity to create a desire for only the clean, accurate news of things worth reading about. Will you not make the most of this splendid opportunity?

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Pau Congress Defeats Proposition for a Socialist Bloc

FRENCH RADICAL PARTY PLANNING FRESH CAMPAIGN

Political Program Likely to Include Attack on Cabinet on Basis of Order to Warships and Cardinal Vanutelli Visit

BLOC PLAN DEFEATED

(Special to the Monitor)

PAU, France—The congress of the Radicals at Pau assumed special interest from the fact that the party were under the necessity, in view of the coming elections, of reconsidering their political program. The defeat of the Radicals in their attempt to overthrow the cabinet over the three years service bill made it imperative for them to adopt another plan of attack and this, apparently, has been furnished them in the order recently given with regard to the observation of Good Friday by French warships, and the visit of Cardinal Vanutelli, the papal legate, to Paris.

It was expected that the congress of Pau would see the formation of a bloc between the Radical and Socialist parties. M. Debierre, senator of the Nord, advocated this move in his address but the proposal was coldly if not hostilely received. "Why even propose a bloc," asked a deputy, "since the Socialists are antagonistic to it?"

The congress, which is the thirteenth held by the Radical party, was opened by a speech by Mr. Ferron, the president of the local federation, in which he denounced any attempt at a rapprochement between the Radicals and the Republican-Democratic alliance, but recommended the formation of the Radical Socialist bloc.

Following upon M. Ferron, M. Debierre, who took the chair in the absence of M. Combes, delivered the inaugural address. M. Debierre, who is a candidate for the presidency of the party, was unsparing in his denunciation of those so-called Radicals who only joined the party for interested motives and showed no loyalty to the party program.

He also implored the members not to be hoodwinked by timid Republicans who preached "national concord."

M. Debierre accused the present government of pandering to Rome and instanced the order given to French war vessels to observe Good Friday when in harbors of other countries, and the boycotting and persecution which French schoolmasters endured under the present regime.

Of the three years service bill M. Debierre declared that he considered it but a temporary measure and that there would be a return to the period of two years service. With regard to the disciplinary measures taken by the war office in the case of the French generals, M. Debierre explained, "Let the generals be dismissed, but their posts must not be given to friars in top boots."

Then followed M. Debierre's proposal for the formation of a Radical Socialist bloc and his final peroration on the subject received with disapproval by the Congress.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON

BOSTON—"The Whip." (Starts Tuesday.)
CASTLE "We the People," 2:15, 8:10.
COLONIAL—"Madcap Duchess," 8.
HOLLIS—Miss Julia Sanderson, 8.
KEITH'S—Vaudeville, 2, 8.
MAJESTIC—"Bought and Paid For," 8:10.
PARK—Miss Elsie Ferguson, 8:10.
PLYMOUTH—"Let's Go A-Gardening," 8:15.
SHUBERT—"Honeymoon Express," 8.

BOSTON CONCERTS

Monday, Jordan hall, 3 p. m., song recital, Franz Egenieff, baritone.

Tuesday, Steinert hall, 8:15 p. m., Kneisel quartet; Henri L. Leroy, clarinetist, assisting.

Friday, Symphony hall, 2:30 p. m., piano recital, Ignace Paderewski.

Sunday, Symphony hall, 3:30 p. m., concert by Mme. Frieda Hempel, soprano; assisted by orchestra of Boston symphony players.

NEW YORK

ASTOR—"Seven Keys to Baldpate."
BELASCO—David Warfield.
BOOTH—"The Great Adventure."
COHAN—"Potash and Perlmutter."
CORT—"Peg o' My Heart."
CRITERION—"Indian Summer."
EMPIRE—Miss Ethel Barrymore.
ELTINGE—"Within the Law."
FULTON—"After Five."
GRAND—"Years of Discretion."
HARRIS—"Miss Phoenix."
HIPPODROME—"America."
KNICKERBOCKER—Donald Brian.
LYRIC—"The Girl and the Pennant."
LITTLE—"Prunella."
LYCEUM—Miss Grace George and "The Younger Generation."
NEW AMSTERDAM—"Sweethearts."
REPUBLIC—"Temperamental Journey."
SHUBERT—Forbes-Robertson.
THIRTY-NINTH—"At Bay."
WALLACKS—Cyril Maude.
WEST END—"Five Frankforters."

CHICAGO

BLACKSTONE—Benson Players.
CORT—Hyams and McIntyre.
GARRICK—William Hodge.
LASALLE—"A Trip to Washington."
OLYMPIC—Chauncey Olcott.
POWERS—"A Good Little Devil."
STUDEBAKER—De Wolfe Hopper.

NEW SOUTH WALES CENSURE MOTION STIRS UP DIVISION

(Special to the Monitor)

SYDNEY, New South Wales—A censure motion moved by the leader of the opposition in the Federal House, Mr. Fisher, was concluded after over two weeks debate, and the government won on the casting vote of the speaker. The opposition have now launched another attack which has developed into a vote of censure.

Mr. Irvine, attorney-general in the commonwealth Parliament, was retained by the Marconi company some 12 months ago to appear for them. Mr. Irvine, on becoming a minister, did not end this bargain, but of course would decline to appear for the company against his own government.

The Marconi company is in litigation with the government over alleged infringement of patent rights, and the opposition think that Mr. Irvine should end his connection with the company. This censure motion is expected to develop an interesting position, for the reason that Mr. Irvine is considered ineligible to vote on a motion affecting his behavior. If this is so the parties, with the speaker's assistance, will be evenly divided.

The government hope in the end to force a double dissolution in order to get rid of labor's immense superiority in the Senate, and labor is bent on driving the government to another appeal to the electors without this double dissolution. The position is such that an early appeal to the constituencies seems inevitable.

RUSSIA DESIRES PEACE IN TURKEY

(Special to the Monitor)

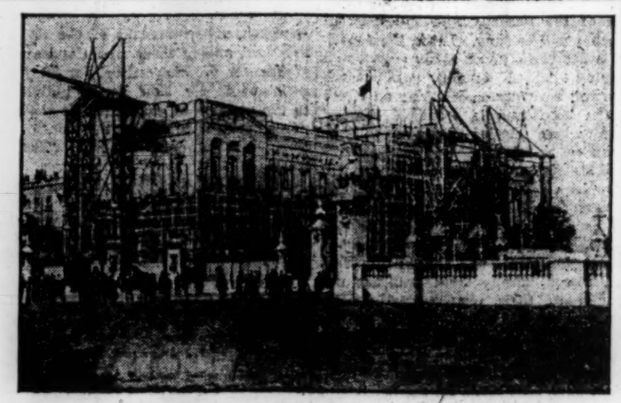
PARIS, France—M. Sazonoff, the Russian foreign minister, during his stay in Paris had interviews with the President of the republic and M. Pichon, minister for foreign affairs.

Interviewed by a Temps correspondent, M. Sazonoff stated that Russia, like every other great power, was anxious to see peace established on a firm basis in the near east. With regard to Turkey, Russia contented herself with desiring peaceful internal conditions in that country, for disturbances would unfailingly react on adjoining territories.

NORWAY STUDIES FRUIT INDUSTRY

(Special to the Monitor)

CHRISTIANIA, Norway—Mr. Hjeltnes, director of the horticultural school in Hardanger, has spent a year in the United States in order to study the fruit industry there. He has, he says, learned a great deal from what he saw in America, not only in regard to fruit farming, but more especially in regard to the preservation and shipment of fruit. The fruit industry should be the main industry of certain parts of western Norway, and Mr. Hjeltnes hopes his country will benefit very largely from what he has learned in America.



(Photo specially taken for the Monitor)

Removing scaffolding from Buckingham palace in London

ELECTION AREAS IN ITALY SHOW AN INCREASE IN VOTE

(Special to the Monitor)

FLORENCE, Italy—The significance of the increased electorate can be seen in the figures for some of the provinces. In the province of Ancona, for instance, the following election areas show greatly augmented numbers; in Ancona, the numbers have jumped from 7911 to 15,960. In the Fabriano district, the old lists gave 6215 but today they are swollen some 300 per cent to the very respectable figure of 18,770. In the district of Iesi, from 8457, the numbers are today 18,927. In that of Osimo again there is an increase of nearly 300 per cent, namely, from 3387 to 12,480. In the district of Cagli (provinces of Pesaro and Urbino) the numbers have increased from 4610 to 15,444, and in the Urbino district where Professor Battelli has no opponent, instead of 5515 possible votes there are 20,315.

Elsewhere, in seven election districts, the new lists as compared with the old, average easily as 3 to 1. These are enormous increases in the amount of political material and what the component elements in them will do, is probably a matter of guesswork for the most experienced student of Italian politics.

RAILWAY WORK IN AUSTRALIA MOVES

(Special to the Monitor)

MELBOURNE, Australia—A statement issued by the commonwealth home affairs department with regard to the railway which will connect Port Augusta with Kalgoorlie, shows that at the Western Australia end 80½ miles of the permanent route has been pegged and leveled and clearing had been effected up to 58½ miles. At Port Augusta machinery had been installed in a temporary workshop and the route marked for 60 miles. The number of workmen employed is 470.

CHARLEROI FAIR DEFICIT IS LARGE

(Special to the Monitor)

GHENT, Holland—According to the recently prepared balance sheet of the Charleroi exhibition which was held in 1912, the total deficit amounts to f.2,000,000. The stockholders of the enterprise, who have only paid out 25 per cent of the value of the stock subscribed, are now requested to pay in the remaining 75 per cent.

REFACING OF BUCKINGHAM PALACE GOES ON

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The refacing of the front of Buckingham palace has been carried out with the utmost expedition. Gradually the scaffolding has been removed, revealing the new front and showing what an enormous improvement it will be.

It is understood that the work will be completed several weeks ahead of contract time, and this has been accomplished not by unduly urging the men, but by employing additional workmen, with the result that operations have been carried on as continuously as possible. The removal of the scaffolding is of as much interest to passersby as was the erection of the same.

Gradually also the great structures which supported the cranes used for hoisting the material are disappearing, and within a short time the new-fronted Buckingham palace will stand completely revealed, a credit to the architect, and certainly more in keeping with the great buildings of London.

RUMANIA LOAN IS FOR DEVELOPMENT

(Special to the Monitor)

BUCHAREST, Rumania—The Diskonto Gesellschaft having made all the concessions demanded by the minister of finance, the loan with the German syndicate has now been definitely concluded. The loan is to be f.250,000,000, of which f.170,000,000 is taken firm at 87¾. All costs of stamps and so forth are borne by the syndicate. The remaining f.80,000,000 will be under option until April 15, 1914.

In conversation with a representative of The Christian Science Monitor, a prominent Rumanian diplomatist said in regard to the loan that it was for the most part designed for the development of the new territory ceded to Rumania by Bulgaria. The work of development will be rapidly pushed forward, the Monitor informant said, and the construction of roads has already commenced.

LONDON COSTERS TO RUN CANDIDATE

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The members of the Whitechapel and Spitalfield's Costermongers and Street Sellers Union have decided to run a candidate of their own at the next parliamentary election in Tower Hamlets, Whitechapel. It is understood that their nominee will be John Raphael, the honorable secretary of the union.

The opinion is freely expressed in the division that Sir Stewart Samuel, the present member, may not again contest the seat, and the members of the Costermongers and Street Sellers Union have every confidence of the success of their candidate.

TWO GOLF CLUBS FLOURISH IN ITALY

(Special to the Monitor)

FLORENCE, Italy—There are flourishing golf clubs at Rome and Florence. The course at Rome is an excellent one, the first tee being laid within a few paces of the farmhouse at Acqua Santa. The course at Florence is shorter and less varied, but laid in the grounds of the old Villa Demidoff, it is a very pleasant sunny spot of an October day.

WELSH CHURCH INDORSED IN OPPOSING DISESTABLISHMENT

(Special to the Monitor)

CARDIFF, Wales—Speaking at the conference of the Church of England Men's Society at Cardiff recently, the Archbishop of York moved "that this conference renews its pledge to stand by the Church of Wales in its present time of trial and anxiety."

"The strong, deep and lasting feeling," the archbishop said, "of the great bulk of their members was that they should stand by their brothers in Wales. They felt that what was being done was treating a matter of the most profound national importance, which went down to the very roots of national life, with mere flippancy, and that until Wales was an autonomous nation, it was not right that it should be allowed to determine the question without regard to the opinion of the representatives of England.

"It is intolerable," Dr. Lang continued, "that there should be inflicted upon our fellow churchmen in Wales the ignominy of being compelled against their will to sever a connection which has existed so fruitfully all these centuries with the Church of England. We are bound to stand by our brothers in defense of that which they regard as a heritage entrusted to them for succeeding generations for spiritual purposes. Let us give them a message of good hope.

"Wise politicians would tell us that a great deal may happen before even this bill receives the royal assent, certainly before it can come into operation. In the present marvellous and rapid change of the political scene there is abundant reason for us to see that there is only one thing which we could accept as final, and inevitable, and that is the emphatic judgment of the citizens of this country declared at a general election."

TRADE RELATION UNITY FOR FRANCE AND SPAIN URGED

Seville Enthusiastic in Its Welcome of French Commercial Delegation in Andalusia

(Special to the Monitor)

MADRID, Spain—The welcome which Seville accorded to the French and commercial delegations visiting Andalusia lacked nothing in enthusiasm. The houses on the route along which the delegation, accompanied by the mounted municipal guard, made its way into the city were tastefully decorated and the whole city wore a holiday appearance.

The delegates visited the numerous places of interest in Seville and were entertained at a large reception at the town hall, during which speeches of welcome were delivered. The president of the delegation, M. Barbier, senator, thanked the authorities for their hospitality and referred to the dock improvement works, which he said would make of Seville a port of world importance.

Following upon a gala performance at the Cervantes theater and a visit to Seville cathedral, the delegates were entertained at the Commercial Club when Senator Prast of Madrid made the following declaration: "Our efforts are directed toward bringing unity into the commercial relations of Spain and France. Industry and commerce should enter into politics and be the counsellors of governments when treaties of commerce are being negotiated."

From Seville the delegation proceeded to Cordova. At the close of the commercial delegates' tour a Franco-Spanish committee will sit for the purpose of considering the best steps to be taken in furthering commercial cooperation between the two countries.

VICE-CHANCELLOR FOR CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY NAMED

(Special to the Monitor)

CAMBRIDGE, Eng.—Dr. Montague Rhodes James, F. B. A., provost of Kings College since 1905, has just been elected vice-chancellor of Cambridge University for the remainder of the current academical year, in succession to Dr. S. A. Donaldson, who has resigned.

Dr. James is the son of the rector of Livermere, Suffolk, and was educated at Eton and Kings College, Cambridge. He had a distinguished career and took first class honors in classics in 1884 and 1885. He was also Carus prizeman in 1882, Bell scholar in 1883, Craven scholar and Jeremie prizeman in 1884, and first chancellor's medalist in 1886.

For some years he was director of the Fitzwilliam Museum, and in 1903 he was Sandar reader in bibliography. Dr. James is also the author of numerous publications.

RIFLE CLUBS FOR AUSTRALIA BOYS

(Special to the Monitor)

MELBOURNE, Australia—The encouragement of miniature rifle clubs has been decided on by the defense department. Boys between the ages of 12 and 16 years may become members of a club, which must, however, have at least six adults as its principal officials; and in the event of the number of officials falling below six at any time after registration, the club will be disbanded.

No obligation as to naval or military service will attach to membership of these clubs, but membership will not exempt a person liable to universal service under the defense act.

WATERS OF NEVA BLOWN OUT TO SEA

(Special to the Monitor)

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia — Owing principally to northwesterly winds having driven the water from the River Neva and the canals out to sea, quite an unusual thing has happened inasmuch as many of the barges moored at the sides of the river are now simply lying on the open shore, and in some places quite a long stretch of shore is visible.

For the River Neva this occurrence is quite remarkable, as nothing similar has taken place during the past 10 years, and even in 1903 there was not such an absence of water.

HIGHER BUSINESS STANDARDS AIM OF EDINBURGH MOVEMENT

Under Title of Optimists an Organization Is Formed in Scottish City to Make Object of Trade Not Only Getting Money, but Success Through Well Doing

(Special to the Monitor)

EDINBURGH, Scotland—A body of Edinburgh business men under the title of the Optimists, whose motto is "We accomplish," have banded themselves together with the object of promoting a more efficient business man. The organization was founded in London last April, and recently a branch of the movement was instituted in Edinburgh.

It is proposed that the members should take up and study the various subjects that are of interest to a business community, and, when it has been agreed that some common course of action would be right and desirable that they should put their ideas into practise. At a recent meeting it was remarked that the Scottish branch might congratulate itself on its success.

Mr. Higham, president of the organization, said that those who engaged in business had looked upon business as a necessary evil. No man could be a real success unless he made success his object, and not the mere making of money. What they wanted to do was to get employees in business houses to feel that they were working not necessarily for wages, but for the firm. If they could make the man feel that he was to forget wages and think only of success they would have a very different balance sheet at the end of the year in most of the large and even the small business firms of the country.

The president did not think it was possible for any man to fail if he really wanted success. The majority of men, unfortunately, although they wanted to succeed, were unwilling to do the things essential to success. The members believed they could, by spreading the propaganda of the Optimists, get men to look upon business, not as dreary grind, but as something well worthy of doing, playing the game, being square, telling the truth. They wanted to open the door between the lowest and the highest official of companies and they believed it was possible to do that without interfering with the dignity of the official or making the office boy or the clerk impertinent. They did not want anything brought into the movement except business.

It was remarked that in these days of the limited liability company the employee was becoming too much like a machine. Mr. Pentland said that the business man who endeavored to help his neighbor would reap the benefit in the end. Mr. Waterson, in connection with the labor unrest said that if they set the example of friendliness, and if the men who ruled great commercial enterprises discussed labor problems with the employees, they would arrive more readily at a solution of the questions.

INDIA POLITICIAN MAKES PLEA FOR SOUTH AFRICANS

(Special to the Monitor)

CALCUTTA, India—Dadabahai Naoroji, the veteran Indian politician, has addressed a letter to the public in which he says that once again the situation of Indians in the colonies and particularly in South Africa, causes deep concern. They have, he says, suffered long and suffered much, and have so borne their misfortunes as to entitle them to the better regard and protection of his majesty's government.

"I have viewed," he adds, "with deep concern the indifference of the imperial government to a certain act in South Africa, but I still hope for justice and action."

Turning to the recent royal commission on the services of India, Mr. Naoroji declares that it gives great hope for the future. It has, he says, been his life-long conviction that simultaneous examinations could furnish the only remedy for a great and just grievance, and he prays that the work of the commission may result in securing to India the justice which has long been delayed.

TOURIST CONGRESS IN PARIS PLANNING FOR IMPROVEMENT

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS, France—The Tourist Congress in Paris, organized by the Matin newspaper, and which is being attended by 3000 delegates, is the practical outcome of the awakening which has come to the French nation to the importance of the provinces in the constitution of the country.

This awakening to the possibility of the French countryside as a means of attraction to people from other countries is resulting in a great effort to provide comfortable accommodation, such as is found in the Swiss hotels. The congress will thoroughly go into this matter, as well as into the question of the improvement of roads, and of railway and motor car communication.

It is probable that it will be decided to levy a tax on motors, to be devoted to the upkeep of the roads.

SWORD IS GIVEN TO GEN. EYDOUX

(Special to the Monitor)

MARSEILLES, France—General Eydoux, at the head of the French mission of military instructors, has embarked at Marseilles for Athens. The Greek colony in Marseilles gave the general a farewell reception and presented him with a sword of honor. There was no reference to King Constantine's speech at Potsdam.

NEW SOUTH WALES AREA IN WHEAT SHOWS INCREASE

(Special to the Monitor)

SYDNEY, New South Wales—The official government estimate of the area under wheat in New South Wales for the current season, fully bears out a preliminary statement to the effect that there has been a large increase in the wheat area this year.

The wheat area shown in New South Wales this year constitutes a record in the state's history, and almost equals the total area under all crops during last season, when 3,737,268 acres were cropped. The official figures are: Estimated area under wheat, 1913-14; for grain, 3,136,540 acres; for hay, 594,450 acres; total, 3,730,990 acres.

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Agriculture Urged as Solution of Armenia Problem

KURDS NEED TO TILL SOIL SAYS WRITER

Turkish Editor Sees Solution of the Armenian Problem in Effort to Induce Nomadic Tribes to Take Up Agriculture

SITUATION DESCRIBED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Ali Kemal Bey, an enlightened and liberal Young Turk, who was in the opposition after the proclamation of the constitution in July, 1908, and who owing to an accusation of espionage was obliged to leave the country, has returned to Constantinople, where he has taken up the direction of the Ikdam, a prominent liberal daily paper with considerable influence.

Recently, in a series of articles to his paper, Ali Kemal Bey has been making an interesting analysis of the causes which in his opinion are contributing to the gradual downfall of the Turkish empire. Amongst other things considered in a refreshingly liberal spirit are the relations of the Armenians and Kurds in Armenia, or eastern Anatolia, as he describes it.

The special article relating to this subject has been translated for the October issue of the new periodical Ararat, advance copies of which have been forwarded to The Christian Science Monitor.

"Our Armenian compatriots," Ali Kemal Bey writes, "inhabit in large numbers the tract of country composed of the vilayets of Erzeroum, Van, Bitlis, and portions of Sivas and Kharput. According to certain statistics, their number is estimated at 1,250,000. This same tract of country is also inhabited by large numbers of Kurds and Turks. These Kurds, who live a nomad life in Eastern Anatolia, are one of the most intelligent and energetic races in the world. History shows that Kurdish ulemas have left their mark on Arabic qualities, they have introduced into Arabic poetry a philosophy which is peculiarly their own.

"At the present moment this nomad race, living in Eastern Anatolia, are very backward, compared with the Armenians, in matters economic, social and political, and hence arises the continual source of trouble in those regions. We confess that Kurds are ignorant of the methods of production, and attempt to get their livelihood, not by agriculture, trade or the arts, but by fighting. Where they would demur in spending a farthing toward an agricultural implement, they are ready to pay 10, 20, even 50 Turkish pounds for a rifle.

"If we were to draw comparisons," the writer continues, "between the Kurds and the Armenians living in the same tract of country, we should find that our Armenian countrymen are possessed of many gifts, of squeezing water out of rocks, of laboring night and day in order to qualify themselves in trade, agriculture and the arts. By being ready to bear all kinds of privations they manage to transform soil into gold. Then, let us again picture to ourselves the severity of the climate of the hinterland stretching from the Taurus mountains as far as the Caucasus and the Persian frontier and we shall be able to understand that these two races, under existing conditions, cannot live peaceably side by side.

"The Armenians labor and cling to their plows, putting up with all manner of difficulties, and are thus able to produce wealth; whereas the Kurds, especially the nomad Kurds, are unable to do this, they consume, which means that they rob and steal from others. Really, the one race produces, the other consumes. Under such circumstances what is the duty incumbent on the government? Is it not its duty to protect the rights of both parties, with due regard to law and justice, and thus secure peace and tranquillity."

Ali Kemal Bey then goes on to say that, in his opinion, the only remedy lies in inducing the Kurdish tribes to cultivate the soil and lead a settled life. Unfortunately, he continues, it will take some time to teach the Kurdish tribes the peaceful art of agriculture; and it will necessitate a heavy outlay by the state. These tribes, from their chiefs downward, know no other way of earning their livelihood than by the weapons they use; nor are they willing to adapt themselves to any other method.

A high state official returning recently from those provinces gave it as his opinion that the Kurdish tribes look upon honest work and agriculture in the light of an indignity. This, however, Ali Kemal Bey declares in conclusion, cannot be allowed to continue. "Is it not," he adds, "a heavy responsibility which rests on the Ottoman government for permitting Armenians and others to be relieved of their goods in order that those tribes should feed?"

FRANKFORT'S CITY THEATERS LOSING

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN, Germany — The Frankfort municipal theaters, playhouse and opera, are obliged to record a strikingly large deficit for the past 10 months of their present financial year. The deficit amounts to 487,000 marks for the combined theaters, of which the opera house is responsible for more than half.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA RAILWAY RETURNS INDICATE PROGRESS

(Special to the Monitor)

ADELAIDE, South Australia — Probably no better indication of the growth and sound position of South Australia can be afforded than that contained in the annual report of the commissioner of railways which has recently been published.

The report shows that the mileage open on June 30, 1913, was 1689¾ miles, this being exclusive of the Port Augusta-Oodnatta line, 478 miles in length, which was operated on behalf of the commonwealth.

The earnings for the 12 months totaled £2,222,436, and the expenditure £1,393,775, leaving a surplus, after providing for interest charges (£492,907) on loan capital, of $335,754.

The net revenue on state lines was £828,661, equal to 5.84 per cent on a capital expenditure of £14,178,485 on average miles open.

Referring to the splendid position of the railways the commissioner of public works, Sir Richard Butler, M. P., speaking in the House of Assembly, said he doubted if any other country in the world, where the railways were in the hands of the people, could show such a satisfactory return. After costing about £14,000,000, or half the public debt, the railways had returned, up to the present, full interest on capital for the whole of the 50 years since the state started railway building.

The fact that they were not indebted to the general revenue of the state for one penny spoke volumes for the wisdom of the policy of borrowing money for their construction. During the last eight years of prosperity the railways had wiped out the liability of about £1,500,000 which, up till then, had been due to the general revenue. During the last few years, owing to the prosperous seasons, they had been enabled to spend a larger sum out of revenue in keeping the railways as fully equipped as they were when they were built, and this year they had paid into the general revenue at least £250,000 from railway revenue, after paying interest and working expenses on a very liberal scale. In none of the other states could a better result be shown, and in none was there better management of the railways than in South Australia.

MR. DEVLIN URGES END OF STRUGGLE IN IRISH SITUATION

Leader Says Estrangement of One Hundred Years Should Be Now Brought to a Close

(Special to the Monitor)

WALKDEN, England—Speaking at a meeting held by the Eccles Division Liberal Association in Walkden recently, Joseph Devlin, M. P., said the Irish people appealed for the sympathies of England because home rule was a constitutional right demanded by two thirds of the people of Ireland.

The enthusiasm of Ireland for home rule was not less intense than that of the great British colonies, and it had been thrice demanded by the electors of Great Britain. It was to be hoped the English democracy would see through Sir Edward Carson's game. He had opposed every measure for bettering the condition of the toiling masses.

In the old age pension division he was the first in the lobby and the last out, in opposition to that measure. Irishmen had been the comrades and associates of Englishmen in all democratic movements in Parliament, and had combined in the endeavor to make the lives of the people and industrial classes of England better.

Proceeding, Mr. Devlin said that England and Ireland had been estranged for a hundred years, and that condition ought to be brought to an end. The two peoples were guided by common aspirations, inspired by a common love of humanity. They had the same deep and profound regard for the great human principles of freedom, and they should be comrades together in all those great democratic causes in which they were so deeply interested.

Therefore, he contended, they should strive for the ending of those struggles and for the obliteration of those passions which had divided them so long, and they looked to a higher and happier time to come. Those who were engaged in that battle, Mr. Devlin said in conclusion, would go back to Ireland grateful beyond measure for the fresh manifestations of England's confidence and her good will and love of justice.

BRITISH LABOR PARTIES PROTEST THE KIEFF TRIAL

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The parliamentary committee of the Independent Labor party have ordered copies of a resolution dealing with the Kieff trial to be sent to Sir Edward Grey and the Russian consul.

The committee declare that having had their attention drawn to the proceedings against Mendel Beiliss for the "ritual murder" of the Christian boy Yushinsky as a blood-sacrifice, overwhelming evidence exists proving conclusively that no such sacrifice was ever demanded by the Jewish faith or practised by its adherents, and that nowhere outside the domain of Russia could such a charge be made or maintained in these modern days.

After protesting further against the revival of this ancient and long exploded charge, the committee requests the Rt. Hon. Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, to forward the resolution to the Russian consul to be forwarded by him to his government, and the committee further strongly urge Sir Edward Grey to point out to the Russian authorities that to persist in the proceedings against Mendel Beiliss, in so far as proceedings against him are based on the blood ritual charge, will be offensive to the British people and to his majesty's government, which desires to live on terms of amity not less strong than those now existing between the two countries.

CARNEGIE LIBRARY OFFERED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Fifteen thousand pounds has been offered by Andrew Carnegie on condition that a site for a public library be provided at Bethnal Green.

LEEDS UNIVERSITY RECEIVES £10,000 FOR NEW BUILDING

(Special to the Monitor)

LEEDS, England — An anonymous donor has signified through the chancellor, the Duke of Devonshire, his intention of presenting to the Leeds University the sum of £10,000 for the erection of the much needed building for the school of agriculture at the university.

This gift will enable the university, in conjunction with the Yorkshire council for agricultural education, and with the help which it is hoped to receive from the government by way of a grant, to provide without further delay the headquarters, for agricultural education and research for the three ridings of Yorkshire.

The university council have provided a site for the new building, and much of the experimental work will be done at the Manor farm, Garforth. Dr. M. E. Sadler, vice-chancellor of the university, in a recent interview said the university was the center for agricultural education for the whole of Yorkshire. Lately the work of the council had greatly increased, and important new functions had been placed upon the university, in regard to agricultural education, by the government.

It was necessary to have a large new building which, with its equipment and site, would cost between £22,000 and £24,000. As the government, it was understood, were prepared, if half of this sum were raised locally, to double it, it was now possible to proceed at once with the scheme.

INDIANS PRAISE VICEROY'S ACTION ON MOSQUE RIOTS

(Special to the Monitor)

CALCUTTA, India — Many Muhammadan bodies throughout the country have despatched telegrams to the viceroy, Lord Hardinge, expressing their thanks for the way in which the Cawnpore mosque affair has been settled, and declaring their loyalty to the Emperor. The Indian press also expresses the utmost satisfaction at the course taken by Lord Hardinge, the Bengali declaring that the viceroy has forged another link in the chain of love for his people.

On the other hand, both the Statesman and the Englishman emphatically condemn Lord Hardinge's decision to withdraw the prosecution of the offenders in the Cawnpore mosque riots. The Statesman says that the ultimate consequences may prove of the utmost gravity, and that the viceroy's action creates one of the most extraordinary situations which has marked the history of British rule in India.

The Englishman is of opinion that the decision is the greatest blow to British prestige since the disaster to the British forces at Maiwand in 1880.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW FOR FRENCH COAL MINES PROMISED

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS, France—M. Briand, on returning from a visit to his constituency, took steps to bring to the Senate's immediate consideration the questions of an eight-hour day in the mines and miners' pensions.

In reply to his inquiries as to the progress made by the two parliamentary committees appointed to report on these reforms, M. Cheron, minister of labor, stated that after prolonged discussions, the committee on the eight-hour day bill had come to perfect agreement with its reporter and the government, and that it seemed therefore almost a certainty that the eight-hour day would, in the near future, become the rule in all coal mines.

With regard to the question of workmen's pensions, M. Cheron stated that he had had several interviews on the subject with the committee and that the latter's report would shortly be available.

(Reproduced by permission)

Lord Alverstone who has resigned as lord chief justice of England

FRIENDSHIP FOR FRENCH IS TOLD BY KING GEORGE

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS, France—The telegram which King George despatched to President Poincare in reply to the latter's expression of thanks for the presence of the Invincible in Cartagena harbor, only arrived after the President's departure from that city.

The telegram which was forwarded to the President by post read as follows: "I thank you very sincerely, Monsieur le President, for your kind telegram. I learned with the greatest pleasure that you and his majesty the King of Spain had visited my battleship Invincible, which it was a pleasure to me to send to greet you. I reciprocate with all my heart your assurances of cordial friendship."

PRINCE ERNST EXPECTED TO RENOUNCE HANOVER CLAIMS

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN—The German crown prince has intervened in the matter of the Guelph succession to the throne of Brunswick and, as a cable to the Monitor has already announced, has seriously impeded the plans of the Prussian government.

The decision to elevate Prince Ernst August to the Brunswick throne had just been arrived at with the full approval of the people, when the crown prince made a formal objection to the step unless Prince Ernst August makes a distinct renunciation of all claims to Hanover.

A Pan-German organ, the Leipziger Neueste Nachrichten, says that the imperial chancellor had received a letter from the crown prince which set forth his views about the Brunswick succession. In this he declared that the Duke of Cumberland should not enter Brunswick until he had made a definite renunciation of his own and his successors' claims to Hanover. The crown prince holds the view that a declaration of loyalty to the colors is not a constitutional act.

The pronouncement of this paper, which was allowed to pass without comment or denial from official circles, was followed by a note in the North German Gazette, which says that the German crown prince had received a reply from the chancellor in which he gave a detailed account of the matter and stated the reasons for the decisive attitude assumed by the Prussian government.

It is generally believed that, at the time of his accession, Prince Ernst August will make a declaration of loyalty to the empire which will set at rest all doubts and embody a renunciation to the kingdom of Hanover. Meanwhile the Prussian ministry of state have met and have despatched a proposal to the federal council. The federal council will give the last word on the matter and most people assume that it is safe to leave the issue in their hands.

In the Nationalist quarters the intervention of the crown prince will be productive of much self-congratulation, whilst the Liberals will be roused to feel some misgivings on constitutional grounds, although they are entirely in accord with the crown prince's views. In all circles his action will be open to criticism on the grounds that he has been betrayed into once more expressing his disapproval of government policy. Nothing has been said, or even hinted regarding the views held by the Kaiser upon the Brunswick succession.

BRITISH FISHING LIMITS TOPIC AT LONDON DINNER

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Speaking at the Fishmongers Company's dinner in Fishmongers hall recently, Mr. Runciman, president of the board of agriculture, said that few Englishmen realized that English fishermen went far beyond our own waters, that fishermen from Hull, Grimsby, or Peterhead fished in the waters of Morocco and plundered the Pacific.

There was indeed no international topic which was of more interest to us, he said, than that which was concerned with the territorial limits of other countries. We had no desire to poach over their proper waters, our sole interest was that they should not define our proper waters outside their proper limits. He was aware of the difficulties under which other governments labored, and the arguments which could be urged for increasing the three miles to a greater distance.

Proceeding, Mr. Runciman said the total value of the fish now landed in English and Welsh ports alone exceeded £9,000,000 per annum. He believed that there was no less than £60,000,000 invested directly in the fishing trade of the United Kingdom. Nowhere, Mr. Runciman said in conclusion, would they find a braver, more intrepid, and more courageous race than those who now manned our fishing vessels, large and small.

COMPTROLLER OF CURRENCY TO BE NEW INDIA OFFICIAL

(Special to the Monitor)

CALCUTTA, India—A press communique states that the comptroller and auditor-general, besides discharging the functions of chief officer of audit and accounts in India, has hitherto been the responsible adviser of the government of India in regard to much of their general financial business and has undertaken in an executive capacity such of the detailed work of currency and finance as does not require reference to the supreme government.

This concentration of functions in the same officer has become increasingly inconvenient with the growth in the volume and complexity of work in both directions, and it has now been decided, with the sanction of the secretary of state, to create an appointment of comptroller of currency and to relieve the comptroller-general of his purely financial duties.

The new comptroller will be responsible, as head commissioner of paper currency, for all work relating to the paper currency, including the administration of the currency offices and the management of the currency reserve. He will deal also with questions of coinage and mint administration, and again, so far as such business is conducted in India, with matters relating to council bills, exchange and the gold standard reserve, with the public debt and the annual rupee loan, as well as other miscellaneous business, such as resource work and certain transactions in connection with securities which now devolve upon the comptroller-general.

The Chambers of Commerce were consulted in 1912 as to the future location of the central paper currency administration, and it was decided, after consideration of the opinions received, to retain it at Calcutta. Calcutta, therefore, will be the permanent headquarters of the new appointment, but it will be an important part of the comptroller's duties to visit other commercial centers with a view to keeping himself in touch with the movement of trade, and with financial opinion generally, and in order to relieve him as much as possible from the routine duties of his office, and to enable him to tour freely, he will be provided with a fully qualified assistant.

He will also be in direct relations throughout with the finance department of the government of India. The new appointment will thus provide a connecting link between the government of India and the financial public and so will, it is hoped, facilitate a better understanding and accommodation of the requirements of the government and of trade.

GERMAN AVIATOR ON RECORD FLIGHT IN AIR FOR 22 HOURS

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN, Germany—A record long distance flight was recently made on an Aviatik military biplane by Viktor Stoffler, a pilot employed by the Aviatik factory. In all Stoffler flew a distance of 2160 kilometers or 1343 miles, and the actual time spent in the air was 22 hours 6 minutes.

Starting from Johannisthal, the aviator flew to Posen, from there back to Johannisthal, then to Mulhausen, in Alsace, and from there to Darmstadt and back twice. Stoffler rested 40 minutes at Posen and 40 minutes at Johannisthal. On his arrival at Mulhausen he rested for an hour and at Darmstadt he rested only a few minutes.

The machine on which the journey was accomplished was driven by a 100-horsepower Mercedes motor, and can make a non-stop flight of about 12 hours' duration. The two tanks hold 445 liters of benzine and the biplane can travel at a speed of 67 miles an hour.

In order to enable the pilot to read the charts and for other purposes the biplane is fitted with accumulators and a six-candlepower lamp. Stoffler left Johannisthal shortly after midnight on Monday, Oct. 13, and landed at Mulhausen shortly before 1 o'clock on the following Wednesday.

BRITISH LORD CHIEF JUSTICE ACTIVE IN LAW FOR 45 YEARS

Richard Webster, Raised to Peerage as Baron Alverstone, and Whose Resignation Is in Effect, Has Been Factor in Many Important Decisions

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Lord Alverstone, who has resigned his position as lord chief justice of England, has had a remarkable career, and his name has been associated during the last 30 years with many decisions not only national but international.

The son of Thomas Webster, Q. C., a distinguished patent lawyer of his day, Richard Webster was called to the bar in 1868. His success was immediate, and, like most great men in any profession, he had, in an extraordinary degree, the ability to see his opportunity and to make the best use of it. Very early in his career he came prominently into notice owing to his masterly defense in an important case tried before Lord Chief Justice Coleridge, and his work on this occasion practically made his reputation.

He "took silk" in 1878, and in 1885 Lord Salisbury, in forming his first ministry, was so convinced of the ability of Sir Richard Webster, as he was then, that he selected him as his attorney-general, although he had never been solicitor-general and at that time had no seat in Parliament. In the Parnell commission he was counsel for the Times, and although the case was hopeless, nevertheless the extraordinary command of facts displayed by Sir Richard Webster and his complete mastery of one of the most complicated cases of modern times added enormously to his reputation. In 1900 he became master of the rolls and was raised to the peerage as Baron Alverstone. In the same year he became lord chief justice.

Lord Alverstone has played a foremost part in several important international arbitrations. Amongst these may be mentioned the Behring sea case, in which he was associated with Sir Charles Russell; the Alaska boundary dispute between Canada and the United States, and the Venezuelan arbitration.

The position of lord chief justice is quite unique. Theoretically the lord chancellor is the supreme head of the judiciary, but as the holder of the position changes with the party in power, the lord chief justice is the real permanent head of this great department of state. The office of lord chief justice corresponds, in a measure, to that held by the chief justiciar of the Anglo-Saxon period.

At this time the King's court had no settled place of meeting, but moved from place to place; when a stationary court was at last established at Westminster, it was divided into three, the court of common pleas, the court of exchequer, and the court of King's bench. The first and last of these had the lord chief justice at its head. As a result of this the position of lord chief justice came to be overshadowed by that of the lord chancellor. This obtained until the passing of the judicature act of 1873, when the courts were amalgamated and one "lord chief justice of England" was appointed.

RISE IN LIVING COST IS SHOWN IN AUSTRALIA

(Special to the Monitor)

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Aus.—The commonwealth statistician of Australia has just issued a tabulated statement showing the rise in the cost of living since 1901, and at the same time shows the comparative rise during the same period in the wage scale. As most wage scales in Australia are a matter of law these statistics are quite exact.

By percentages the results of this tabulation are as follows:

	Rise in Wages	Rise in Goods
New South Wales	23.4%	28.5%
Victoria	30.4	21.1
Queensland	12.2	27.0
South Australia	27.9	33.8
West Australia	13.3	12.6
Tasmania	29.9	19.6
Average	23.9%	25.1%

The figures show that in Victoria, Tasmania, and West Australia the rise in wages has slightly exceeded the advanced cost of leading articles, or in other words, the purchasing power of the sovereign, while in the other three states the reverse is the case.

AVIATOR FLIES ACROSS BALTIC

(Special to the Monitor)

COPENHAGEN, Denmark—The Austrian aviator, Mr. Reiterer, recently flew from Johannisthal, in the neighborhood of Berlin, to Copenhagen. Mr. Reiterer was accompanied by one passenger.

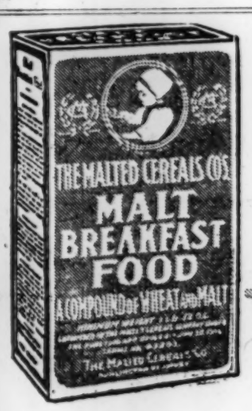
They left Berlin at 8:22 in the morning and the flight across the Baltic was made in 27 minutes. At 12:45 they landed at the aerodrome in Copenhagen, having accomplished the journey in 4h. 23m. The greatest altitude reached during the journey was about 1800 meters. The Danish Society of Aeronauts presented Mr. Reiterer with a silver goblet to commemorate the event.

NEW COMMITTEE FOR LONDON BOARD OF TRADE IS NAMED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The formation of the new advisory committee to the Board of Trade, on commercial intelligence, has just been completed. It includes many prominent men in trade, commerce and finance.

The chairman will be the president of the Board of Trade, and the committee will hold office for three years. It is appointed to advise the Board of Trade (a) on the work of their commercial intelligence branch, and with regard to commercial missions abroad, and any other matters bearing on the means of obtaining and diffusing information for the benefit of British trade; (b) on such matters relating to foreign tariffs and to other commercial questions not included under (a) as the Board of Trade may refer to them from time to time; and (c) on any commercial question which may be submitted by one of the commercial members of the committee, subject to previous approval by the Board of Trade.



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Several States to Cast Ballots Tomorrow ◉ Local Politics

New York City Reaches End of Anti-Tammany Campaign and Both Mitchel and McCall Managers Predict Victory

NEW LAWS AT STAKE

Voters in many states will cast their ballots Tuesday for state and city officials, members of the Legislature and candidates for other offices, while in several cases amendments to the state constitution will be acted upon.

New York city on Tuesday casts its vote for or against Tammany Hall. Robert Adamson, campaign manager for John Purroy Mitchel, Fusion candidate for mayor, declares that his man will win by 150,000. Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, states that Edward E. McCall, the Democratic candidate, will win by the same number of votes.

The campaign has been one of charges and counter-charges, with denials for all. The claim of the Fusion forces that Tammany must be defeated for the good of the city has led many to liken the present time to the days just preceding the downfall of the Tweed element.

Direct charges of use of money to secure certain places in the public and judicial service have been directed against Tammany; but Charles F. Murphy and Mr. McCall have denied these in strong terms, and the former has declared that he has not even considered retiring as Tammany leader.

William Sulzer, backed by John A. Hennessy, who was an investigator of New York state offices when Mr. Sulzer was Governor, has been busy ever since his return to New York city from Albany seeking election on the Progressive ticket in the sixth Assembly district. These two men have directed their attack upon Tammany and its alleged part in the impeachment of Mr. Sulzer. A John Doe investigation of the charges made by Mr. Hennessy is being conducted by District Attorney Whitman.

Upon Tuesday's verdict rests control of New York city, its army of office-holders and employees, its expenditures mounting into hundreds of millions of dollars and its thousands of contracts yet to be awarded for many city improvements. Chief among these are contracts for building portions of the $300,000,000 subway.

Interest in the election in New York state centers in the contests for the Assembly. The present Legislature is Democratic in both branches and the Senate holds over. A chief judge and an associate judge of the court of appeals are the only offices to be filled by state balloting. Mayors are to be elected in 34 cities and nine supreme court judges are to be chosen in all in various districts.

In Massachusetts Tuesday there will be chosen a Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, state treasurer, auditor, secretary and attorney-general, a new Legislature, In Pennsylvania two judges of the superior court, to be elected under a new law, on the non-partizan section of the ballot, are the only state-wide officers to be chosen. Five proposed amendments to the constitution are also on the ballot. The only one to which there is opposition would authorize a $50,000,000 bond issue for state roads.

In Philadelphia fusion against the candidates of the Republican organization has been effected by the Democrats and the Washington party, the Pennsylvania Progressive organization. Mayor Blankenburg, who is leading a contest to secure councilmen in sympathy with his administration, is supporting the fusion movement, but has warned all placeholders not to be active for any party.

Ohio cities, towns and villages will elect municipal officers. Principal interest will be focused in the results of city elections in Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo and Columbus. Mayor Henry T. Hunt of Cincinnati, who two years ago overthrew the strongly intrenched Republican organization, is being opposed for reelection by former Judge Frederick S. Spiegel.

In Cleveland Mayor Newton D. Baker, Democrat, is running on a non-partizan ballot, as is his opponent, Harry Davis, Republican, the law having done away with party devices. The Baker organization is predicting a return of the city administration to power.

In Toledo several tickets are in the field, practically all of them claiming to represent in some degree the principles of Mayor "Golden Rule" Jones, and his successor, Mayor Brand Whitlock.

In Columbus, George J. Karb, Democratic mayor, is candidate for reelection, opposed by L. R. Tussing, Independent Democrat, and former Mayor George B. Marshall, Republican. Socialists are expected to make a strong showing in several cities.

Five constitutional amendments and one proposed law will be submitted. Keen interest is being shown in the state short ballot amendment, which makes appointive the offices of the secretary of state, attorney-general, state auditor and state treasurer, and the anti-liquor shipping bill, drawn to prevent the shipment of liquor into dry territory in quantities of more than one quart.

Maryland will vote Tuesday for a United States senator to fill the unexpired term of Isidor Rayner, a state comptroller, clerk of the court of appeals and members of the Legislature. In the third congressional district there will be a special election for a successor to Representative George Konig.

Issues are local, although the temperance question was injected into the campaign for the United States senatorship by the Anti-Saloon League, which is opposing State Senator Blair Lee, the Democratic nominee, and favoring the candidacy of former Representative Thomas Parran. The league charges that Mr. Lee helped to defeat the statewide local option bill.

Recently the league criticized Secretary of State Bryan's campaign in behalf of the election of Mr. Lee, insisting that Mr. Bryan was taking a different attitude toward the temperance movement in Maryland from that he had taken in Nebraska. In an open letter sent to Mr. Bryan the league asks him to come into Maryland in December or January, when it will have no bearing on any election, and advocate the local option proposition.

Kentucky electors will vote Tuesday on two proposed amendments to the state constitution. One provides for a revision of the tax laws and the other would abolish contract work in the state prison and permit the employment of convicts on public roads. A large proportion of members of the Legislature also will be chosen.

A vigorous campaign has been conducted by both Democratic and Progressive candidates for the mayoralty in Louisville. Dr. John H. Buschmeyer, Democratic nominee, pledges continuance of the present administration's policies. The Progressives, led by Wood F. Axton, have attacked the administration and promise strict enforcement of excise laws and various municipal reforms.

With no Republican opposition, the Virginia state Democratic ticket is assured of election Tuesday, and party leaders in that state say the vote probably will be the smallest ever cast in Virginia. In a few counties the Republicans have nominated candidates for the House of Delegates, the real contests being confined to Bristol district and Rockingham county. Henry C. Stuart, Democratic nominee for Governor, had no opposition in his own party and will have none in the general election.

Besides the choosing of a Governor in New Jersey, Tuesday's election will involve the control of both houses of the Legislature in that state. Eight members of the state Senate are to be chosen and the full membership of the House. Both Republican and Democratic state managers are claiming victory for their side. The most confidence is expressed by the Democrats, whose candidate for Governor is James F. Fielder, who led the movement for the nomination of President Wilson. However, the Republicans are more than hopeful of the election of former Governor Edward C. Stokes, the Republican nominee.

The uncertain element in the contest is the vote that will be received by Everett Colby, the Progressive candidate, who has made an aggressive campaign. A heavy Colby vote probably means the election of Mr. Fielder.

Every city and incorporated town in Indiana will hold an election Tuesday to choose officials. The so-called good government movement has become an element in the campaign. From Indianapolis down to many of the smaller cities Citizens' tickets have been nominated. In Indianapolis there are six candidates for mayor.

President to Cast Vote

WASHINGTON—President Wilson and his secretary, Joseph P. Tumulty, expect to go home tomorrow to vote.

The President will leave on an early train for Princeton to vote for his successor in office, former Governor Fielder, the Democratic candidate for Governor. Mr. Tumulty will go to Jersey City for the same purpose.

The President has been assured by Secretary of State Bryan and other party chieftains who have been campaigning in his home state that Mr. Fielder will win.

Amendments on Ballot

Voters will ballot tomorrow on two articles of amendment to the state constitution and an act to provide for compensating public employees for injuries sustained in the course of their employment. The first amendment, if passed, will make women eligible to appointment as notaries public, while the second amendment seeks to authorize the referendum. The third proposition to be voted on seeks to make the provisions of the workingmen's compensation act operative in the several departments of the city and county governments where laborers, workmen and mechanics are employed.

NINE OUT FOR LYNN POSITION

LYNN, Mass.—Nine candidates have filed nomination papers for the position of commissioner of public property to succeed Herbert C. Bayrd, who is not to seek a reelection. They are Arthur W. Barker, Frank R. Austin, George A. Cornet, James E. Manning, Benjamin H. Davidson, Joseph G. Fadden, Maurice G. Gannon, John J. Joyce and Dennis J. Dineen.

MORRIS MEN LEAD IN NEWFOUNDLAND

ST. JOHNS, N. F.—Returns from the general election in the colony continue to indicate a victory for the government, headed by Sir Edward Morris.

The government has 16 seats against eight for the opposition, according to reports. With one third of the count in Placentia completed returns point to the reelection of three other Morris men.

FACTORY INSPECTORS NAMED

ALBANY, N. Y.—James M. Lynch, state commissioner of labor, has appointed 33 inspectors and two special investigators from the eligible lists of the state civil service commission as factory inspectors and special investigators.

INTERLOCKING DIRECTORATES MAY BE BARRED

This Said to Be One Feature of President's Anti-Trust Plan to Be Sent to Regular Congress in His Annual Message

FIRM ON CURRENCY

WASHINGTON—There will be no anti-trust legislation until the regular session of Congress, according to information obtained at the executive offices today. The President will communicate his plan to Congress in his annual message. It is believed that the chief feature will be prohibition of interlocking directorates and of one corporation holding stock in another. The Wilson anti-trust laws adopted in New Jersey will be followed to a great extent.

The President insists that there shall be no immediate consideration of this subject. He believes that to do so would becloud the currency issue. To all of his callers who discussed currency with him today the executive said he believed the Glass bill would be enacted in substantially the form in which it passed the House.

Senator Owen was with the President for nearly an hour today. After he left, the President said that he maintained an open view toward changes which did not interfere with the essentials of the measure. But he declared that the frame-work of the bill must remain. He added that any one who knew him realized that when a question of national policy was under consideration he was not in the habit of defining his policy with a chalk-mark that could be rubbed out.

METHODIST EDIFICE FUND REPORTED NEARLY RAISED

College of Bishops Has $300,000 of $400,000 Needed for Central Structure at Capital

WASHINGTON — Members of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, in this city, have been greatly interested in the reports from St. Louis, where the college of bishops is holding a session, that $300,000 of the amount necessary for the building of a denominational church edifice here has been raised and that the raising of the remaining $100,000 will go forward rapidly.

The question of whether the denomination should undertake to finance an undertaking of this sort came up several years ago, at one of the general conferences, and, after considerable discussion, the decision was in the affirmative. The college of bishops put itself back of the movement, and the work of soliciting subscriptions began. The recent report in St. Louis, that three fourths of the necessary amount has been secured, is the first one that has reached Washington for some time.

When erected, the church building is planned to be in some ways a denominational center. The general plan now is to build the church on the Avenue of the Presidents, as Sixteenth northwest is now called, at some point north of R street, or even to go still further into the rapidly developing northwest section of the city.

PARK FOUNDATION IS RAISED TO $5000

ATLANTA, Ga.—Mrs. H. B. Wey, chairman of the student aid committee of the Georgia Federation, announces a gift which will raise the Emily Hendree Park foundation to $5000, made in memory of Mrs. Robert Emory Park.

At present 13 young women are attending school through the means of the student aid loan fund, says the Constitution.

CHICAGO HAS "L" TRANSFERS

CHICAGO—A universal transfer system on the elevated railroads of Chicago is effective today. Transfer bridges have been erected over stations in the Union Loop. Elevated platforms have been lengthened.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS TO BE ON THE BALLOT

The status of women under the laws of the commonwealth prohibits them from serving at present as notaries public. In many instances, especially where women are engaged in the practise of a profession where their services as notaries are sometimes required, the present system has worked hardships. The proposed amendment was designed to do away with the old system, and it is expected that it will meet with popular approval. The article of amendment reads: "Article 4 of the articles of amendment of the constitution of the commonwealth is hereby amended by adding thereto the following words: 'Women shall be eligible to appointment as notaries public.'"

The matter of having referendum powers established will be decided by the vote on the question: "Shall the proposed amendment to the constitution authorizing the referendum be approved and ratified?" The amendment to which reference is made is as follows:

All power and authority are hereby given and granted to the General Court to refer to the people for their rejection or approval, at the polls, any act or resolve of the General Court or any part or parts thereof. Such reference shall be by a majority yea and nay vote of all members of each House present and voting. Any act, resolve or part thereof so referred shall be voted on at the regular state election next ensuing after such reference, shall become law if approved by a majority of the voters voting thereon, and shall take effect at the expiration of 30 days after election at which it was approved, or at such time after the expiration of the said 30 days as may be fixed in such act, resolve or part thereof.

The referendum on the art to provide for compensation to certain public employees for injuries sustained in the course of their employment is in accordance with the provisions of the act which was enacted as chapter 807 of the acts of the Legislature of 1913. The question of referendum is as follows:

Shall chapter 807 of the acts of 1913, being an act to provide for compensating laborers, workmen and mechanics for injuries sustained in public employment and to exempt from legal liability counties and municipal corporations which pay such compensation, be accepted by the inhabitants of this county of Hampden?

The two questions of referendum regarding amendments to the constitution must receive the indorsement of the majority of those voting at the polls throughout the entire state, while the referendum on the matter of compensating municipal and county employees is an optional measure and is only applicable in the several counties and municipalities where it is passed by a majority vote.

If the measure is passed at the state election it becomes operative among the county employees, but it must be submitted to a referendum vote of the voters of this city at the city election in December and must be voted upon favorably by a majority of the voters before it can become effective in this city.

At the city election a referendum vote will also be taken on the act which authorizes cities and towns to provide free meals for school children. It requires a petition of 800 voters requesting the referendum before the act can be referred to the electorate.

CANADA NEEDS SOCIAL WORKERS

TORONTO, Ont.—In an address at the University of Toronto recently W. W. Lee, immigration secretary of the Y. M. C. A., made the statement that there are at the present time five Canadian cities offering good positions at good salaries for social workers, but the right men cannot be found in this country, and negotiations are already under way to secure residents of the United States to do the work, says the Globe.

FRANCONIA IS DUE THURSDAY

Wireless advices from Captain Miller of the Cunard liner Franconia which is steaming toward Boston from Liverpool and Queenstown with 1539 passengers indicate that the steamer will reach port Thursday morning.

At 7 p. m. Sunday the vessel was 1210 miles east of Boston lightship. She has 83 saloon passengers, 526 second cabin and 930 steerage passengers.

NEW YORK Y. M. C. A. PLANNING ALIEN SCHOOLS ABOARD LINERS

NEW YORK—The Y. M. C. A. has been in negotiation with officials of leading steamship lines here about putting secretaries upon ocean liners, to conduct schools for the immigrants. Already permission to put secretaries on vessels of the Royal Mail has been secured, and one special concession trip has been made by a secretary on board the Lusitania.

The experiment on the Lusitania is reported to have been exceedingly successful. One secretary, able to speak half a dozen languages, found nobody aboard the ship with whom he could not converse. The secretary was provided with motion pictures, a graphophone and plenty of records, picture books about America, maps of railroads, and a fund of other information. The Y. M. C. A. maintains 25 secretaries at European ports to give help to immigrants before sailing. Now it is proposed to add the ocean service, and prepare immigrants for reception at Ellis island.

The state Y. M. C. A. of Massachusetts already maintains a service for immigrants similar to that planned by the New York organization, with the variation that instead of conducting a school aboard liners the incoming aliens are met at the boats where they secure their first lessons in citizenship and any information that may be of immediate use to them.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA ARE GROWING CLOSER

Financial, Immigration and Political Figures Show That Business and Social Friendships Are Bound to Increase in the Future

PREDICT FREE TRADE

WASHINGTON—Carefully prepared reports indicate that the amount of American capital now invested in Canada aggregates, in round numbers, $600,000,000. The total seems to be growing rapidly. In 1909 it was $279,000,000 and in 1911 $417,000,000. The belief of Canadian statisticians is that the figures for next year will show a good increase over those for 1913.

Asked concerning the character of American investments in Canada, the officials of that country reply that $150,000,000 is in the form of branch manufactories and warehouses of various kinds and $125,000,000 in the form of investments in government, municipal and industrial bonds. United States insurance companies have invested $67,000,000 in Canada, while in British Columbia, $130,000,000 American money has gone into mills, timber and mines. The investments in the prairie provinces are in lands, mines, packing plants, factories and warehouses.

During the last Canadian fiscal year the number of immigrants was 402,432, which has broken all records. The arrivals in the fiscal year 1912 were slightly more than 350,000, and for the fiscal year 1911, about 310,000. Assuming that one third of these immigrants subsequently left Canada, that being the percentage of immigrant departures in the United States, the fixed increase in Canadian population in the last three years has been probably in excess of 700,000 and may have been 750,000.

The nationality of these newcomers to Canada is in marked contrast to the newcomers to the United States. For the last fiscal year the sources of Canadian immigration were as follows: Great Britain, 150,542; the United States, 139,009; all other countries, 112,881. In round numbers Canadian arrivals since 1900 have totaled 2,700,000, of whom 1,000,000 were British, 750,000 American, 165,000 from Austria-Hungary, 88,000 from Italy, 67,000 from Russia, 61,000 Jewish, 31,000 from Germany and the remainder in small numbers from other countries of Europe. Practically two thirds of the total were English-speaking people of ready political, social and industrial assimilation.

The Canadian government carries on an active campaign of immigrant inducement in certain parts of Europe. At first those activities embraced a part of southeastern Europe, but work in that region has been abandoned, and is now being confined to the United Kingdom, the United States and central and northern Europe. Immigrants from southern and southeastern Europe, who have been coming to the United States for years in very large numbers, now go to Canada in response to communications from friends and relatives of earlier arrival and of successful experience.

From a political standpoint it is interesting to observe that the large majority of Canadian immigrants continue to go to the Canadian northwest, a region whose rapidity of growth is rivaling that of many portions of the United States. This western Canada is exceedingly friendly to the United States and in politics it is inclined to be liberal. More and more, as the years go by, eastern Canada becomes the conservative section of that country. It has been estimated that at the present rate of increase, the western provinces should hold considerably more than the balance of political power within the next decade. If the tide of immigration should rise high enough, these provinces may even come into control of the government.

In other words, the center of political gravity in Canada, as has been the case in the United States, is following steadily the westward course of the center of population. In the United States the center of population is now in the heart of the Mississippi valley, while the center of political power is in the same region. In Canada the center of population, as well as the center of political gravity, until a very years since, has been in eastern Ontario, not far from Ottawa and Toronto. Both are now rapidly moving westward and before many years will be near the province of Manitoba. When this happens, there are many people who believe that political parties in Canada will be compelled to revise their platforms, just as political parties in the United States have been doing since 1910.

This revision, it is believed here, will result in a more friendly feeling between Canada and the United States, one of the manifestations of which will be complete free trade, for by that time, it is asserted by some of the American economists, the United States will be in need of Canada's raw products, while Canada will be glad to have free acess to the United States markets for manufactured goods.

Statisticians of the government assert that by the time Canada has a population of 25,000,000, and is able to export foodstuffs and other commodities to the amount of $1,000,000,000 a year, the United States will have a population of 150,000,000 and be in need of every eatable animal, every bushel of wheat and other grain and of potatoes, every pound of butter and every dozen of eggs, that the Canadians can sell it. The first definite signs of this promised condition, it is said, will begin to manifest themselves in perhaps less than 10 years. When the time predicted by the economists shall have arrived, Canada will be buying yearly from the United States goods to the aggregate value of $1,000,000,000. Last year, when her population was but 8,000,000, her bill for American goods purchased amounted to $415,000,000.

The situation at no point, say the American experts, justifies the gloomy predictions of certain people, who profess to see in Canada's rapid expansion along all lines a menace to the economic welfare of the United States. Americans may well afford to view the situation with contentment, the experts say. The development of Canada will be accompanied by continued development in the United States, and in the end the two countries will see that neither can get along without the other. The realization of this fact, it is asserted, will of itself settle peaceably and in entire good will, every controversy that may in the future arise between them.

NEW YORK WILL HAVE A DRYDOCK FOR 1000-FT. SHIP

Docks and Ferries Department Announces City Is Planning to Surpass Anything of Kind in Western Hemisphere

TO COST $2,500,000

NEW YORK—New York is to have one of the greatest drydocks in the world, capable of accommodating the forthcoming "1000-foot ship," it is announced by Commissioner R. A. C. Smith of the department of docks and ferries. The plans are being drawn by the city's own engineers, and it is the intention to surpass anything on the western hemisphere in this line.

The 1000-foot dock will be at the foot of Thirty-fifth street, South Brooklyn. It will cost about $2,500,000 and will be a self-sustaining municipal enterprise. When the space is not used as a drydock, it will be available, by simply flooding it, as a berthing space for general shipping, providing a berth 1000 feet by 120.

The dock also is to be made additionally serviceable because its outer slip will be wide enough to accommodate two ships of 600 feet in length. The entire northerly side of the dock, 1800 feet long, will be available for shipping. When the dock is dry it will not prevent the use of any adjacent water space for shipping.

DEN SOUGHT FOR FLOWER PAGEANT

SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—The battle of flowers, around which the San Antonio fiesta is built, is to be equipped with a workshop for building floats.

One of the first steps to be taken by the association for the 1914 spectacle, according to the Express, will be the construction of a den or workshop on the lot adjoining the den of the Fiesta Association of the Chamber of Commerce at Thirteenth and Oak streets.

"Dance Poems," which were originally given last spring under the direction of Miss Mollie Moore, with several slight additions, will be repeated for the benefit of the association Dec. 3 and 4.

PRISONERS BUILD HIGHWAY AT FORT

SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—There is at Ft. Sam Houston a splendid example of road building now being done by the general prisoners at the post, says the Express Despite a rather meager appropriation and shortage of teams, some striking results have been brought about. The bulk of the material, a flint gravel, is gotten from a quarry within the post and the only handicap is the fact that there are not enough prisoners and teams to keep the road roller in operation all of the time.

MRS. WILSON IS NAMED OFFICIAL

WASHINGTON—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson has accepted the position of honorary vice-chairman of the women's department of the National Civic Federation, which has worked to improve the conditions under which government employees work.

Mrs. Wilson recently toured the government printing office, recommending more recreation space there, and visited the mail bag repair establishment of the postoffice, pointing to the need of precautions in handling the bags.

NAVAL FOUNDRY FAVORED

WASHINGTON—The establishment of a large and well-equipped foundry at Philadelphia for the navy is recommended by a board.

HARVESTER SUIT DECREE SOUGHT IN SIXTY DAYS

Court Is Asked by Attorney-General McReynolds to Dissolve as Illegal Corporation Dealing in Agricultural Machinery

PRO RATA IS OPPOSED

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Demanding the dissolution of the International Harvester Company within 60 days, Attorney General McReynolds and his special prosecutors, today submitted to the United States district court here the brief of the government in its suit against the company as an illegal combination.

The document contends that the company has controlled since organization in 1902 about 80 per cent of the trade in the United States in binders, mowers and other agricultural implements, and prays the court to grant an injunction against its continuance.

Mr. McReynolds, who wrote the government's brief, and Elwin P. Grosvenor, the special assistant who prepared the case, appeared in person to make oral arguments before the court.

The attorney-general desires that there shall not be a pro rata distribution of the stocks of dissolved combinations such as occurred following the decrees of the supreme court in the Standard Oil and American Tobacco cases in this closing paragraph of the brief:

"In order that the dissolution plan may establish a condition in honest harmony with the law, it is imperative that it shall disintegrate the business of the principal defendant in such manner that no two of the disintegrated parts shall be acquired by or come under the control of companies having common stockholders or companies otherwise under common control or influence."

Another paragraph of the brief says:

"Under the undisputed facts the formation of the International Harvester Company was not a normal and natural development of the commerce in harvesting machinery. It was the child of one not theretofore interested in the business, George W. Perkins, a banker and insurance man, who stepped in at an opportune time to bring the rival manufacturers together; he and others by means of a combination in corporate form destroyed competition and entrenched monopoly."

In conclusion the brief recites part of the opinion of Chief Justice Valiant of the Missouri supreme court, holding the Harvester company an unlawful combination.

KENTON, ORE., TO HAVE CLUBHOUSE AND A LIBRARY

PORTLAND, Ore.—Kenton is in the midst of a campaign for funds with which to erect a clubhouse, which will cost from $3000 to $5000, says the Oregonian. In order to conduct this campaign systematically the Kenton Commercial Club will be organized with Dr. J. B. Beatie as chairman.

It is proposed to erect a modern clubhouse, with parlors, assembly hall, reception rooms, billiard rooms, gymnasium and other departments. A quarter-block will be used for the clubhouse, with the use of a full block for playgrounds for the children. The Kenwood Land Company will assist the association in securing a site.

Another movement in the Kenton district is to secure a permanent branch library located where it will serve both the Peninsula and Kenton districts. The Library Association will start a reading room is some temporary building where it can be reached by both sections.

ATLANTA PLAZA PLAN IS REVIVED

ATLANTA, Ga.—That the proposed plaza over the railroad tracks in the center of the city will cost $1,000,000 less than the figures shown by the preliminary estimate of the plaza commission in the plans and profiles of Captain R. M. Clayton, chief of the city's construction department, has started active steps to set the plan before the next session of the Legislature.

The drawings and figures of Captain Clayton, showed that the plaza proper can be built for approximately $500,000, while lowering the railroad tracks and remodeling the present union station can all be done for $1,000,000, according to the Constitution. The execution of Captain Clayton's plans would place the whole of the business section of the city on a common level and on many streets would leave double property frontage.

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November 5th
draw interest from November 1st

Changes in N. E. Railway Mail

(Continued from page one)

is filled by Harry Jessup of the Omaha railway mail division.

C. H. Collins, chief clerk of the Boston, Providence and New York division, has been transferred to Providence as chief clerk of the new parcel post terminal in that city. W. B. Farwell, chief clerk of the B. & A. division, has been transferred in charge of the new parcel post terminal in the North station, which is expected to be ready for occupancy by Nov. 15.

During the past month Superintendent Johnston declared more than 900 clerks in the railway mail division had received an increase of $100 in accordance with the new classification, and many parcel post terminals have been established at the stations in large cities.

The new distributing station opened at the South station today will help remove some of the congestion at the general postoffice. Still more relief will be obtained when the new postoffice at the North station is in working order.

'L' ARBITERS TO ADMIT EVIDENCE ON WORK HOURS

Testimony Relating to Either 9-in-11 Schedule of Men or 9-in-12 Basis Will Be Allowed Is Ruling at the Hearing Today

PASSENGER FIGURES

Testimony relating to either the nine-in-eleven-hour schedule or the nine-in-twelve-hour basis is to be admitted at the hearing on the Elevated controversy before the special board of arbitration, it was announced today when the session was resumed in Ford hall. As soon as the announcement was made James H. Vahey, representing the Boston Street Carmen's Union, on the board, submitted a minority report which was voted out by the other two arbiters.

Alfred S. Ritchie, consulting electrical engineer, was the first witness called. He was a professor in electrical engineering at the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, and has been employed by the company as a specialist on time tables.

Mr. Ritchie presented figures showing the number of passengers carried by the Elevated on a certain date. Selecting Aug. 27, 1913, he said that with the number of passengers unequally distributed through the day, it was beyond the power of the company to regulate the traffic so that they could suit every one. He said they had simply to do the best they could because of the number of persons that ride on the cars at different times.

Mr. Ritchie said that on this date from 6 to 7 a. m. the number of passengers carried was 82,000 and between 7 and 8 a. m. 100,000. From 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. there were 50,000, between 4 and 5 p. m. 106,000, between 5 and 6 125,000, 6 to 7 p. m. 76,000, 7 to 8 p. m. 60,000 and from 8 to 11 p. m. 36,000 passengers.

LABOR MEN FAVOR SCHOOL BOARD ACT

Recommendations of the educational committee were accepted and the plans of the Boston school committee for the new industrial and continuation schools under the recent child labor and part time schooling laws were indorsed by the Boston Central Labor Union yesterday.

For the committee G. Harry Dunderdale, assistant secretary, reported that W. Stanwood Field, director of the continuation schools had explained to the educational committee the intentions of the school committee in the conduct of the schools, and also that provisions had been made to have practical mechanics as instructors in the several mechanical lines.

James T. Moriarty, former president of the C. L. U., who starts tomorrow for Seattle to attend the A. F. of L. convention as the representative of the C. L. U., was presented with a gold watch, chain and charm.

GIRLS' PAGEANT IS TO AID FUND

NEW YORK—Hundreds of young women are rehearsing for the pageant to be produced Friday night in the seventy-first regiment armory, Park avenue and Thirty-fourth street, by the Young Women's Christian Association for the benefit of the $4,000,000 fund which it and the Young Men's Christian Association will try to raise within a few days.

"The Ministering of the Gift" is the name of the production and it is the work of Miss Helen Thoburn, editorial writer for the Association Monthly, the organ of the Y. M. C. A. It is partly a play and partly a procession, and it tells the story of the work of he association in its various fields of endeavor.

SHERIFFS TO PROTECT CARS

INDIANAPOLIS—The traction company at police request withdrew cars it tried to run Sunday, officials saying it will try operation again today under sheriffs' protection. Isaac Fleisher, a strike-breaker from Philadelphia, was shot and killed in a rush

TEACHERS' PAY GOING TO VOTE IN CAMBRIDGE

Educators, City Officials and Labor Interests Aiding School Workers in Effort at Polls

Cambridge generally is taking interest in the outcome of the referendum vote on the amendment to the city charter increasing the school appropriation 25 cents on every $1000 for the next five years, to be applied solely to teachers' salaries, to be voted upon at the polls next Tuesday. At the present time $5 on $1000 is allowed for school purposes. This, it is pointed out, does not allow an increase in the salaries of teachers.

In the list of 383 cities of Massachusetts Cambridge holds the two hundred and twenty-ninth place in payment of its teachers. According to the superintendent of schools, Michael E. Fitzgerald, in the last three years 81 of the city's best teachers have been lost from the service because the city could pay them no more. He says: "I hope every voter in the city will do his duty to the schools by voting for the amendment next Tuesday."

The mayor of Cambridge, President Lawrence of Harvard College, the president of the common council and board of aldermen, all local labor unions, the Central Labor Union, the city employees and all the candidates for election have come out publicly today in favor of the amendment.

The Teachers Club of Cambridge, composed of practically all of the 500 teachers in the city, have carried on the campaign. They took the matter up originally and succeeded in getting the amendment to the city charter passed by the Legislature last year with a referendum. Miss Mary A. Townsend is president of the club, Miss Grace L. Deering vice-president, Miss Lillian H. Kenney secretary and William L. McGregor treasurer. It is said that with the final $6 the amendment provides, the appropriation will be smaller than those in Newton, Somerville and some other places.

D. A. R. WILL HAVE HEADQUARTERS IN ASHBURTON PLACE

It was decided in the last session of the fall conference of the Massachusetts Society Daughters of the American Revolution, Saturday, to make permanent headquarters for the year at 9 Ashburton place, where the society has been holding the weekly Monday receptions for the past year. Each chapter of the state was assigned dates for receptions so that every Monday of the ensuing season has been spoken for.

Mrs. Caroline Newhall of the Frances Willard Settlement gave an address on settlement work and Mrs. L. A. Cook recently elected assistant state historian, was presented.

Mrs. William Cumming Story, president general, has appointed Mrs. W. H. Alline of the Paul Revere chapter to the national committee on hospitality, Mrs. Ralph H. Bardwell to the Continental hall committee and Mrs. C. H. Masury, honorary chairman of the national auditing committee.

READING VOTERS TO DECIDE UPON SEWER QUESTION

READING, Mass.—At tonight's special town meeting action will be taken on the sewerage commission's recommendation that application be made to the Legislature for admission to the metropolitan system. Wakefield is interested in the outcome, for, if Reading should be admitted, Wakefield would, it is understood, be reimbursed for the $180,000 it paid for its trunk line sewer 10 years ago. It would be necessary for the metropolitan system to take over the Wakefield line to afford an outlet.

A vote will also be taken on the question of acquiring two tracts for public playgrounds—the Claggett property of 14 acres near Main street and Summer avenue and a tract of 15 acres that skirts the North Shore of Lake Quannapowitt, Wakefield.

Adoption of new building laws and voting on the act relating to erection of tenement houses are other important items of business.

CHAMBER TO HEAR EXPERT ON PRISONS

Opening the assembly luncheon season of the Boston Chamber of Commerce at the American house Thursday noon, Frank L. Randall, prison commissioner for this state, will tell the diners what he thinks should be done in Massachusetts to better existing penal conditions.

CREDITORS WIN SUIT

WASHINGTON—In the supreme court today general creditors of Lathrop, Hasking & Co., a New York brokerage firm, won their suit against the National City Bank to force the bank to turn over to them securities worth $170,000 transferred to the bank by the firm just before its suspension.

CANDIDATES INDORSED

Sanford Bates of Ashmont and Charles S. Lawler of Dorchester have received the recommendation of the Good Government Association for election to the House of Representatives from the twenty-fourth Suffolk district or ward 24.

RAPID GROWTH IS ENJOYED BY SPRINGFIELD, MO.

In Ozark Mountains, Endowed with Many Charms of Natural Beauty, City Also Gets Benefit of Modern Ingenuity and Thrift

HAS 200 FACTORIES

SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Located on a beautiful plateau in the heart of the picturesque Ozark mountains, the homes of its 40,000 population so screened by native forest trees as scarcely to be visible at any distance. Its streets and boulevards are being planned by the park commission in accord with the natural charm of its environment. Springfield is known as the queen city of the Ozarks. Here and there in the surrounding country are swift running streams, passing along cliffs of red granite and giving to the whole the appearance and fascination of a wonderful natural park.

Parts of the country around Springfield are rich in lead and zinc ores, while here and there may be heard the familiar buzz of the saw mill. Springfield has more than 200 factories and about 50 wholesale houses, which supply the needs of more than 7000 merchants doing business in the contiguous country tributary to this city. The best known of the manufacturers are the Springfield Wagon Company, the Springfield Furniture Company, the United Iron Works Company and the Woods-Everts Stove Company. The Frisco railroad recently has built its extensive machine shops here, which represent an investment of more than $2,000,000, and employ men in numbers sufficient to bring their monthly payrolls up to a total of $300,000.

Besides having a part of the general offices of the railroad here, Springfield has a number of handsome buildings of its own. These structures are in most part fireproof and are fine examples of architecture. Springfield has a large and handsome United States government building, a public library, a high school, court house, state normal school, convention hall, and a modern and fully equipped Y. M. C. A., which has just been opened. Drury College, with its numerous buildings, fine gymnasium and beautiful campus, not only adds to the beauty of the city, but substantially augments its excellent facilities for education.

Springfield has experienced phenomenal growth in the last few years, due largely to the untiring efforts of its commercial organizations. The Commercial Club, the Springfield Club, the Young Men's Club, the Manufacturers and Jobbers Association and the Retail Merchants Association, representing Springfield's varied interests, have all joined hands for a bigger and better Springfield. The slogan given the city by the Young Men's Business Club for a motto is "Springfield Has It."

ONE OF SPRINGFIELD'S HANDSOME SITES

Greene county court house, located in beautiful Missouri city

MUSIC IN BOSTON

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY PLAYS

With Fritz Kreisler as soloist, the Philharmonic Society of New York, Joseph Stransky, conductor, gave a concert in Symphony hall Sunday afternoon, presenting Wagner's overture to "Rienzi," Bruch's violin concerto in G minor, Strauss' tone poem, "Death and Transfiguration" and Tschaikowsky's fifth symphony in E minor.

Enthusiasm was as lively for orchestral music in the large Sunday house as it has been hitherto for music presented wholly by a solo artist of great renown. There was a hospitable greeting for Mr. Stransky when he took his place at the conductor's stand to open the concert as for an old musical friend. It proved that organization which he directs, though it is but an occasional visitor to the city, holds a high place in the affections of the public. The applause for Mr. Kreisler had the warmth always noted in audiences that expect the best and that are sure they have got it.

Mr. Stransky makes a listener understand and enjoy whatever music he interprets. You have to admit that you know the pieces better and that you like them better than you ever did before. And you do not think much about the conductor's part in the result either. Interpretation as standing for the views and feelings of the man with the baton does not enter into the Philharmonic idea. Furthermore music as representing a school of instrumentation or as illustrating the program method or the straight symphonic method of handling themes has small place in the playing of the oldest orchestral society in the United States. Art with this organization and its director is on an extraordinarily solid basis of common sense.

Not the manner of the interpreter, not the color-craft of the composer, not the rhetorical mechanism of a Wagner overture, a Strauss tone poem or a Tschaikowsky symphony, but the particular thing the composition says that nothing else says and the thing that is permanently valuable rather than accidentally interesting are what Mr. Stransky and the Philharmonic men try to present to their public. And a great artistic service they do by such straightforward purpose. You do not go home declaring this to be the most individual and brilliant reading of the "Rienzi" overture you ever heard, but you go home understanding the piece better than ever before and appreciating it better. Similarly in the Strauss tone poem you are not impressed with the power of the conductor to enact a drama for you, portraying character and painting scenery; rather you are made aware of the logic of the composition, of its worth and meaning as structure. And if you ever wondered what was the value of the fifth symphony of Tschaikowsky in comparison with the great sixth, you are put in possession of the facts so that you have your own opinion about it.

Mr. Kreisler returned to Boston with the same exquisite tone and polished phrasing with which he won the applause of the Symphony orchestra public a year ago. His attitude toward the Bruch concerto was not exactly that of Mr. Stransky, and the reading of the work as an orchestral piece with solo instrument had not the appeal it might have had. It would not be grateful of the public to wish that it could hear Mr. Kreisler with piano rather than with orchastral accompaniment; but it would be natural for it to like to hear the gentle Kreisler tone less vigorously supported than it was by Mr. Stransky and his men.

Yet the disparity between soloist and orchestra was not so much one of tonal balance as of general interpretive viewpoint. Mr. Kreisler had one interesting thing to say about the work and Mr. Stransky another. Mr. Kreisler took less kindly to the expository style of the conductor than he might have for the best results. We are not, however, to expect soloists to yield much to conductors, especially when they have to fit their reading to many occasions and the conductor has to fit his to but one.

That Mr. Stransky's idea of what a solo violin ought to be with orchestra is a correct and convincing one, and a finely imaginative one too, was evident enough in the passage of the Strauss tone poem in which the concert master carries a melody over the accompanying tone of the other men. A concerto is outwardly a work for soloist with orchestra assisting, but its best effect in performance comes when it is treated as a symphonic work with the solo violinist taking his idea of interpretation from the conductor. Even without this effect, which can be but rarely attained anyway, the Bruch piece on Sunday gave the house great musical illumination and pleasure.

EGENIEFF RECITAL DEFERRED

Franz Egenieff, the baritone, announced to give a song recital in Jordan hall this afternoon, has deferred his appearance in Boston. The date of the recital, for which today's tickets will hold good, has not been settled.

SENATOR NAMES NAVY CANDIDATES

WASHINGTON — Announcement was made today of the nominations which were made by Senator Le Baron B. Colt, of Rhode Island, of a principal and three alternates as candidates for midshipmen, at the United States naval academy, Annapolis.

Their names are: Principal—Albert Norman Into, Bristol, R. I.; first alternate—Frank Joseph Morgan, Jr., Newport, R. I.; second alternate—Frederick August Westphal, Providence, R. I., and third alternate—Edward Francis McCartin, Providence, R. I.

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For Growing Girls

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We wish to emphasize this fact — that every part of a Redfern fits; no part binds — you only feel it for its comfortable support.

The Debutante, the True American Girl—the Gibson Type—the Young Matron and the Dowager all may be accurately and comfortably corsetted in a

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If you want a very extreme shape corset, you can select a model from the Redfern at an ordinary price—that is, as low as $3.00—and the $3.00 model is the equal of many $5.00 corsets; but you may pay all the way from $3.00 to $10.00 for a Redfern model.

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Our saleswomen have been thoroughly instructed relative to the new Redfern Models and have been thoroughly posted on their merits. This close study of the Redfern patterns on the part of our corsetieres is valuable to the service that our fitters will render this season.

Redfern Prices Range from 3.00 to 6.00

Fourth Floor—Main Store

OUR CORSET GUARANTEE—We Guarantee Without Any Restrictions the Satisfactory Service of Every Corset We Sell—the Length of Time That a Corset Should Wear Being Left Entirely to the Wearer's Judgment.

Jordan Marsh Company

Largest Retailers of Apparel in New England

MR. M'ADOO IS HUNTING FARMER TO MAKE RECORD

WASHINGTON—William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, is hunting for a farmer. He must be a dry farmer and capable of tilling the soil on a neat little tract that contains 44 square miles. In his dilemma Mr. McAdoo has applied to David R. Houston, secretary of agriculture.

No ordinary farmer will do. The man must be able to cultivate the land surrounding Ft. Stanton sanitarium, in New Mexico, where seamen of the revenue cutter service and men of the rescue service are sent.

This tract is supplying little but cacti and grass for cattle. Mr. McAdoo believes a modern farmer could raise good crops there. The position pays $1500 a year, and a home is supplied.

ODD FELLOWS PLAN CELEBRATION

SALEM, MASS.—Essex lodge of Odd Fellows will celebrate its seventieth anniversary Nov. 10 by holding a ladies' night. Fraternity and Essex lodges will work union degrees this season on alternating dates in the respective lodge rooms.

WAKEFIELD CONCERT PLANNED

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—Another course of entertainments in town hall in aid of the Y. M. C. A. will be given this season. The first will be held Dec. 10, when the Meistersingers will be the attraction.

HEBREWS OF UNITED STATES ORGANIZE GENERAL COUNCIL

NEW YORK—Delegates from Young Men's Hebrew Associations and other Hebrew organizations in all parts of the United States organized here Sunday the council of Young Men's Hebrew and Kindred Associations, which is to meet triennially. It was announced that an assured income amounting to $62,500 covering five years had been pledged.

Two members of a board of five trustees to invest and care for endowments and bequests are Dr. Cyrus Adler of Philadelphia and Jacob H. Schiff of New York.

Members of the general council of 15, chosen to take general charge of the affairs and expenditures, are Judge Julius W. Mack of Chicago, of the United States commerce court, A. Leo Weil of Pittsburgh, Judge M. C. Sloss of San Francisco, D. H. Ellis of Boston, I. W. Burnheim of Louisville, Isaac Hassler of Philadelphia, Alfred M. Cohen of Cincinnati, Jacob Newman of New Orleans, Jacques Back of St. Louis and six New York men. Felix M. Warburg of New York was elected president.

CRUISER SOUTH DAKOTA SAILS

SAN FRANCISCO—The cruiser South Dakota sailed from here Sunday with no announced destination. She is supposed to be going to San Diego, Calif.

GOVERNOR GLYNN PROMISES TO SAVE STATE MILLIONS

ALBANY, N. Y.—Governor Glynn announced on Sunday a policy for economy and retrenchment through fiscal reform.

The first step will be the abolition of the annual supply bill, by which it has been customary to spend from $4,000,000 to $7,000,000 in making up deficiencies in the appropriations for the various state departments.

As the reason for the supply bill has been the fact that state departments have exceeded their appropriations from time to time it is the idea of Mr. Glynn to see that no departments hereafter commit this mistake.

"The state official who makes expenditures in excess of his appropriation Governor Glynn said, "will be dismissed from the service.

"I know that it is no easy task, but if every state department head and every state employe cooperates with me from now on the supply bill ultimately will be done away with and the state will thereby save millions of dollars."

FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

PASSING OF THE "SPARE ROOM"

Actress who works for comfort of guests

HOSPITALITY is going out of style with the passing of the 'spare bedroom.' Nowadays when people get up in the mornings and hasten to change their beds into furniture or pianofortes, there isn't room for the old-fashioned 'spare room.' It is making the present generation selfish, for with the coming of the flat and the passing of the 'spare room' is also passing hospitality—at least that good, old-fashioned kind of our grandmothers' time, when 'folks' would come and be 'company' for as long as they chose," declares Mrs. John Craig—on the stage Miss Mary Young—who is so confirmed a housewife that she does her housekeeping by long-distance telephone between the acts of "Believe Me, Xantippe."

"Our grandmothers would groan over the present-day mode of living, when guests in one's city stop at the hotel; one entertains in tea rooms or restaurants, and a theater box takes the place of the home. Especially would they be shocked to hear of guests sleeping anywhere except under the friendly roofs of their host!

"There is one childhood memory of mine," went on Mrs. Craig, as she sat in her dressing room cozily working away at a guest towel, "that has held its place in my mind, clearly and distinctly, where other and perhaps more important details have been obliterated. That memory is of the 'spare room' in my grandmother's house—the place I once thought was the grandest in the world, not even excepting the dim and I'm afraid somewhat musty 'parlor,' with its prim hair-cloth furniture and the wax flowers. The parlor, of course, was never used except for 'company.' Neither was the 'spare room,' but I used to slip into it and admire it all alone. Then nothing was so pretty to me as the blue flowers on the water pitcher and the stiffly starched pillow sham and ruffly curtains.

"Even at that early age I began planning for my own spare bedrooms. I've been planning ever since. I'm reveling in them now. I don't think a housewife ever really lives till she has a guest chamber or so. Mine are my pride, and if there is one thing more than another I deplore in the present rush of living it is the passing of the 'spare room.'

"Even in the theater when I have a few moments I am generally doing something to help make those rooms the best equipped I know—like this."

And she held up the little towel of the finest damask on which she was embroidering scallops and a floral monogram.

"Whenever I get a chance I am thinking of all the little things that will make my guest chamber complete and my guests feel at home. My latest addition is a cunning little old-fashioned work basket table with every kind of thread and needles and a thimble and scissors, even darning cottons and a darning egg, so that if my guests have a bit of mending to do they will not have to run all over the house for a needle and thread.

"Then on the desks, which I keep supplied with various kinds of stationery, I have stamp boxes, always filled. A guest is very grateful for such a little thing as a postage stamp when it's needed, and they're among the things one always forgets to buy until they are needed.

"It's the little things that really go for comfort—little things like my pin cushions stuck full of all kinds of pins, of all most useful colors."—New York Press.

SANDWICH HOLDER

The new cake or sandwich holder is of silver, and, at first glance, reminds one of the letter rack, says the Newark News. There is but a single division. This is at the center and from it springs the handle. The ends are turned up sufficiently to help in holding the sandwiches in place.

MUFFIN BUTTER BEST RUBBED IN

WHETHER fat be rubbed into flour or melted and stirred into muffins or biscuits later has often been a disputed question, says the New York Press. Probably for waffles or muffins which are not stiff enough to be shaped with a cutter it is quite as well to melt the fat. Miss Watson of the Ontario Agricultural College found after some careful experiments that while the outward appearance of baking powder biscuits was equally satisfactory those made with melted butter were of inferior texture. When the butter was rubbed into the flour before mixing the texture was better and more tender.

Usually where all ingredients in a dough are cold it is much easier to handle and roll and cut.

WELL TO GET THE SAVING HABIT

Business woman can cultivate it

THE person who saves is the person who gets ahead. This is one of the very first things that the woman in business learns.

No business can last, or, at any rate, it cannot last very long, if it is not run at a profit. Having a profit in business means that the income exceeds the outgo. Exactly the same thing applies to the business worker. There are two things that the business worker must resolve upon for business success. The first is to save systematically and persistently. The second is to shun debt, says the Newark News.

Saving is a habit—a habit that can be cultivated. It has, indeed, to be cultivated before it can become a habit.

To save is to start and add to a fund, which fund represents the surplus gained from work.

The business woman who saves regularly is accumulating such a surplus. She is taking, one by one, the steps leading to prosperity. Every dollar that she puts by gives her the comfortable feeling of being just that much more financially independent. What she is saving for is, of course, an individual matter. The point emphasized here is the importance of the habit of saving.

A great many wage earners realize, from the first, the importance of saving. Others do not seem to realize it. They may put by for special things, but often they do not do even this, and when they do save there is no system about it. And it is system that counts in saving.

The only plan to follow, no matter what one's wages may be, is to save a part of the money received, and to save it regularly, week by week or month by month. It may be only a very small part, but the putting aside of this part makes for the fixing of the habit. The great thing is to start saving; the next great thing is to keep on saving.

Savings should be made sensibly and in accordance with the general plan. It is possible for a person to be extravagant about saving, just as it is possible to be extravagant about anything else. A person can save at the expense of things that in themselves help to raise the earning power. This is not sensible saving; it may be very expensive saving. It is poor saving just as parsimony is poor economy.

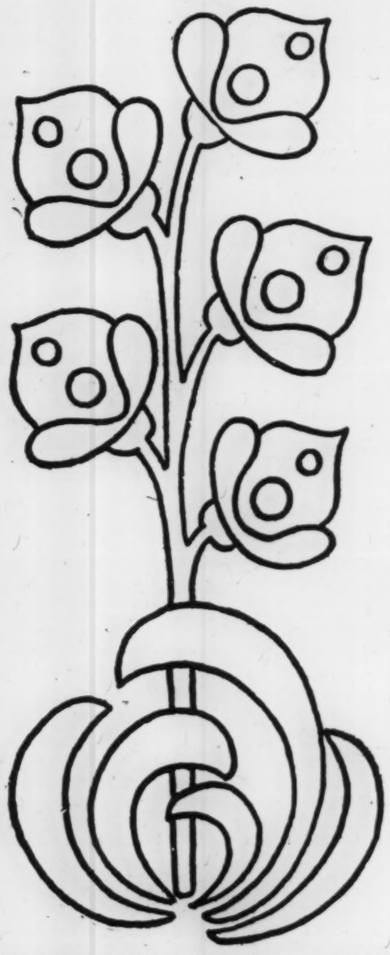
See what you can save reasonably and then, so far as possible, hold to it. Be regular about it. Have a place for your savings—a place where the savings will give you a return. At the end of stated times, say three months, six months or a year, see what you have saved. When the increase in wages comes, perhaps with a change in position for the better, be sure to take account of the opportunities thus offered, and reasonably increase the amount of your savings. It is a very decided temptation, when one has more money to do with, to increase expenses out of proportion to the increased resources. This temptation must be guarded against. It can be, if the habit of saving has been fixed.

The woman who sets aside a certain sum to be saved from her salary comes to be the woman who estimates her expenses in whatever direction. She knows what her income is, and how best to handle it. She is the woman who carefully keeps an expense account and takes pride in keeping it, too.

Here is a word of warning that should be heeded by many women: Just because something has been saved, do not run into extravagance. It is perilously easy to "borrow" from one's savings and to use them for this purpose or that. Savings may be used in an emergency, of course, but it must be real emergency, not a make-believe one. Money kept conveniently near at hand is very apt to be used up; if it is in a bank, the withdrawal involves more thought, and the decision to take the money out is, as a rule, not so quickly made.

EMBROIDERY MOTIF FOR SCARF

Leaves and lower part to be worked solid



IN this motif the leaves and lower part of the conventional flower are solidly worked. The dots are done as eyelets and the stems in the outline stitch. Use mercerized cotton No. 20.

Directions for transferring: Lay a piece of impression paper, face down, upon the material. Place the newspaper pattern in position over this, and with a hard, sharp pencil, firmly trace each line. If the material is sheer, this may be laid over the pattern, and the design drawn direct on the goods, as it will show through. When handled in this way, impression paper, of course, will not be required

TO CARVE MUTTON

Carving a leg of mutton is an easy and graceful task when you know how, says the New York Press. With the left hand take hold of the bone end and with a firm stroke of the knife first cut away the portion not to be eaten. Then cut thin slices down to the bone and loosen each slice by putting the knife flat on the bared bone and cutting through. The slicing should gradually change direction, so as to cut always across the grain. After the upper portion is gone proceed in a similar manner to carve the under cut.

EQUIPMENT OF ONE'S LIBRARY

Comparative advantages of built-in and separate book cases

INDIVIDUAL predilection, the proportions of the room, the number of books and the amount of money to be expended are the determining factors in the planning of a library, according to Suburban Life.

In the room that is distinctly a library there can be no doubt that the shelves forming a composite part of the wall are to be preferred. They seem to unite books and room inseparably, setting off to best advantage the rich tones of the fascinating leather backs, and giving facility in their use. The distance that they should extend upon the wall depends entirely upon the proportions of the room and the number of volumes one owns. Many of the old-fashioned libraries of men of letters—Dickens, Thackeray and others—had shelves that reached to the ceiling, giving one the feeling of intimate touch with the literature of the world. Nowadays, when the shelves are thus constructed, there is often an inconspicuous iron balcony, to which access is given by means of a spiral stairway. But this is a somewhat formal adaptation, and the tendency at present seems to be toward erecting shelves that shall reach half or two thirds of the wall height, simplifying the handling of the books and increasing the decorative value. There is a decided advantage in the shelf thus afforded as a place for a few appropriate ornaments—a bust, a well-chosen bronze, a vase of fresh flowers.

Where the lines permit, the shelves may be supported by enclosed cupboards, in which pamphlets and papers may be concealed. The tops of these cupboards form a shelf, as it is taken down from its resting place. Again, a portion of the space below the shelves may be given over to a single row of drawers along one wall only, forming excellent storage room for prints and clippings.

When the wall spaces are not large, or the continuous shelving is not desired, or the number of books is limited, separate bookcases may be chosen in oak or mahogany, to harmonize with the woodwork. The bunching of the books thus attained is sometimes most successful decoratively. The glass doors protecting the books also make a certain appeal, while, on the other hand, much of the charm of the bindings is lost when viewed through glass, and one loses some of the sense of intimacy with the printed lore that he feels with the open shelves. A single glass-enclosed cabinet, nevertheless, is usually imperative in a fine library, to protect the hand-tooled volumes and old scripts, often lending itself beautifully to the decorative scheme.

If the separate cases are to be chosen one could not decide upon a more practical plan than to resort to the sectional form of bookcases, either for the entire equipment of the room or to fill in odd corners. For these unit cases, which may be purchased by the section, according to the number of volumes in one's possession or the allotment of wall space, are most inexpensive, may be had in various woods and styles—fumed oak, art mission, plain mahogany, Sheraton—and come in sizes designed to accommodate the books of the average home library.

BLOUSE WITH DRAPED REVERS

Long or three-quarter sleeves

THIS blouse with the open neck and pretty draped revers makes a feature of the autumn fashions. It is daintily charming and can be utilized both for the entire gown and for the separate waist. For the gown, it would be pretty made up in any one of the simple silks that are being so much worn or in one of the silk and wool mixtures or any similar material; for the separate blouse, charmeuse, crepe de chine, chiffon and also the simpler materials that are appropriate for such waists. Shadow net would be charming made over a silk foundation and all the net blouses are extremely smart.

There are just plain front and back portions, but the very novel collar to which the revers are attached gives an individuality that separates the waist from all others.

For the medium size, the blouse will require 3½ yards of material 27, 2½ yards 36, 1¾ yards 44 inches wide, with ¼ yard 21 or 1¼ yards of ribbon 3½ inches wide for the collar and cuffs, 1⅜ yards of lace 9 inches wide for the revers, ½ yard 18 for the chemisette.

The pattern of the blouse (8021) is cut in sizes from 34 to 42 inches bust measure. It can be bought at any May Manton agency, or will be sent by mail. Address 102 West Thirty-second street, New York, or Masonic Temple, Chicago.

WOMEN'S WORK WITH DEALERS

Housewives' League enforcing cleanliness

THREE QUARTERS of a million women in the United States are organized now to secure cheaper and better food for themselves and their families. More thousands are joining the movement every month.

Those who read the papers will not need to be told that the banner under which these women are fighting is that of the Housewives League. But comparatively few of them have any idea how fast the league has grown and into how many pies the fingers of its members have been thrust.

It is less than two years since five women met in Mrs. Julian Heath's apartment in West Eighty-fifth street, New York, one day to discuss just among themselves the way food prices were climbing. The sequel of that almost casual meeting is this organization, whose membership is rapidly approaching the million mark. It now has branches in every state in the Union, and the results of its work are piling up with a rapidity that is amazing, says a New York Times writer.

Have you happened to see outside a market or a grocer's a sign which announces that "Owing to Sanitary Reasons Merchandise Will No Longer Be Displayed on the Sidewalk"? These signs are springing up on all sides; and the grateful thanks of the patrons of these shops are due first, last and all the time to the Housewives League.

The league is determined to obtain four things: Fair prices, clean shops, pure products, and efficiency. The clean shop proposition is the most concrete of these four. There are no ramifications about it. The shop is there, before the eyes and nose of the shopper. The owner cannot shove responsibility for dirt on to any middleman, or any conditions over which he has no control.

So the housewives have set out to demand that he keep his place clean. They say: "We buy food in your place. We have the right to know that, so far as you are concerned, it is clean food."

For this purpose they have "shop inspector's report" blanks, which are issued to members of the league. Armed with one of these blanks, a member or a committee of members, goes to a shop, examines it and fills out all the blanks. About 25 points are covered, ranging from light and ventilation to the condition of the clothes and hands of the salespeople.

On the evidence of this report the shop is given a certain percentage and the rating may be known by any woman who wants to find it out. A shop receiving 85 per cent or more is indorsed by the league and is entitled to display an official sign to that effect. These signs are furnished by the organization. Shops receiving 75 to 85 per cent are marked "acceptable"; but, unless they show promise of immediate improvement they do not receive even this comment.

Of course the purpose is to stimulate the dealers to deserve the high honor of a 100 per cent rating. This is by no means an unattainable ambition. Several New York grocers have the distinction of being "100 per cent stores." The first sign of this kind issued by the league was to a dealer in Portland, Me., where the housewives made a careful shop inspection last spring.

Naturally, any proprietor can refuse to permit an inspection of his premises if he wants to. Some of them, in fact, have adopted this attitude. But this refusal results in their losing the trade of the league members.

TRIED RECIPES

CHICKEN HASH

BAKE the desired number of good-sized sweet potatoes; when done cut an opening on the uppermost side and scoop out nicely. In the meanwhile prepare your hash in the following manner: Tiny slices of chicken and tiny slices of eggplant fried in butter. When both the chicken and eggplant are done throw into a pan with cream, let simmer for a few minutes, then thicken a small quantity of the mashed sweet potatoes. When done fill the scooped-out sweet potatoes, sprinkle with bread crumbs and cheese and pass under the salamander to brown.—Denver Times.

PRESERVED GRAPES

Squeeze the pulps from the skins, use the same weight of sugar as skins; put the skins on (without the sugar) and cook slowly an hour before adding the pulps; put the pulps on separately and cook until they are thin enough to strain through a wire sieve. Add the pulps and sugar to the skins and cook slowly for an hour, watching it carefully, that it may not burn or catch on fire after the sugar is added.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

DIPPED SANDWICHES

Mince pieces of ham and place between slices of buttered bread, pressing together firmly. To the two well beaten eggs add a small cup of milk and immerse the sandwiches lightly and fry to a light brown in smoking hot fat.

PEANUT JUMBLES

One and one half cups butter, two cups sugar, six eggs, one and one half pints flour, one half cup cornstarch, one teaspoon baking powder, one teaspoon extract lemon, one half cup chopped peanuts, mixed with one half cup granulated sugar. Rub the butter and sugar smooth; add the beaten eggs, the flour, cornstarch and powder, sifted together and the extract; flour the board, roll out the dough rather thin, cut out with biscuit cutter, roll in the chopped peanuts and sugar, lay on greased baking tin; bake in rather hot oven eight to ten minutes.—Cedar Rapids Gazette.

SASH STYLES

Sashes are not worn draped around the hips as in the summer, but are drawn around the waist and tied in some conspicuous way with a large bow which is usually placed squarely in the middle of the back, says the New Haven Journal Courier. The chic sashes have large loops and no ends. The very newest girdle is a strip of tiger skin.

A Clean, Pure Flour

Can be milled only from clean, pure wheat.

So we clean the wheat from which PILLSBURY'S BEST flour is ground.

Clean it by scouring, scrubbing—by every method ingenuity and experience can devise.

Clean it until every particle of impurity is removed.

You could not do it better in your own kitchen.

Flour ground from this wheat is clean.

Bread made from this flour is pure flour indeed.

Ask for

Pillsbury's Best Flour

KITCHEN BAGS TO HOLD PAPERS

Two of the most useful articles I have in my kitchen are bags, writes a Monitor reader. One is made about 18x27 inches, with a rod run through a casing made at one side of the top. The screws which come with these curtain rods are placed at the right distance, so the bag can easily be removed. This bag is hung at the end of the sink and the many waste papers that come during the day are dropped into it, and every morning the bag is carried out into the yard, where the papers are burned. I find this much easier than using a waste basket, as no crumbs ever get through on to the floor. If made of wash material, the bag can be kept much cleaner.

Another bag hangs on a convenient door. It takes three fourths yard of material one yard wide. It is then cut in three pieces. One 18x27, one 18x19, one 18x8. Each piece is hemmed at top, the smaller piece is sewed through short center onto next size, the rest is sewed up as any bag would be, leaving one side longer to fasten to the door. This bag is used for good wrapping paper, and two small pockets for odd pieces of string. It is a good idea to make both bags of same material.

HOOKS STAY

I have discovered an easy way of sewing on hooks on the edge of a garment without allowing the stitches to show on the right side, writes a contributor to Los Angeles Express. I make the hem the width I wish and then run an old corset steel through it, and after sewing the hooks on pull out the steel. By using eyes one size larger than the hooks they never come unfastened.

SEEN IN SHOPS

A lightweight lining of silk comes the same width as satin lining, and is to be had in a beautiful assortment of colorings. It is naturally more supple than the satin, and on that account preferred by many.

• • •

Limousine cases of leather come fitted with all the toilet necessities for an overnight stay.

• • •

Crash scarfs with stamped ends for embroidery come in different lengths and widths, says the Newark News.

• • •

Middy blouses with the collar stamped ready to embroider or scallop are very attractive when finished.

• • •

Plate rail trays have landscapes of considerable merit for the base. They are glass covered, of course, so could be used for tea trays, too.

HOME HELPS

A few drops of rose water added to almonds will prevent their oiling when chopped.

• • •

Instead of adding bluing to water in which lace has been rinsed try making the final rinsing in milk; it gives a lovely creamy tone to the lace.

• • •

Soiled spots may be removed from white silk or satin by rubbing them with a fine flannel cloth dipped in a little alcohol or ether.

• • •

To make soap jelly, so often recommended in the cleaning of delicate things, melt any good laundry soap in water over a hot fire until it becomes liquid. When cold it will form a jelly, and should be molded in small jars for use at various times when required.—Washington Herald.

Registered U. S. Pat. Off.

Baker's Cocoa Is Good Cocoa

Of fine quality, made from carefully selected high-grade cocoa beans, skilfully blended, prepared by a perfect mechanical process, without the use of chemicals or dyes. It contains no added potash, possesses a delicious natural flavor, and is of great food value.

Choice Recipe Book sent free upon request

WALTER BAKER & CO., Ltd.

Established 1780 DORCHESTER, MASS.

City Planners to Hold Open Meeting

(Continued from page one)

dend Companies Under Massachusetts Conditions?" opened by Dr. George M. Kober, secretary of the Washington Sanitary Housing Company: "How Should Insurance Companies Help Housing?" on which the speaker will be Lee K. Frankel, vice-president Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; "What Is the Field of Building and Loan Associations?" by James Dooley, president of the United States League of Building and Loan Associations.

The "Public Improvement and City Planning" section will be presided over by Bank Commissioner Augustus L. Thorndike, who is a member of the Massachusetts homestead commission. F. W. Hawkins of Clark University, Worcester; Leslie P. Wood, Francis R. Bangs, William P. Allyn, director of the bureau of city New York municipal research, and many Massachusetts city officials will participate.

A section meeting on "Public Opinion and City Planning" is to be held with George Burbank of the Boston Chamber of Commerce committee on city planning as chairman, and among the speakers will be Hugh R. Buttenheim, president of the "American City"; George T. Coleman and Walter D. Foster of the Massachusetts homestead commission.

PREMIERS MEET TO DEAL WITH MANY QUESTIONS

Representation of the Canadian Provinces Case Under Consideration by Executive Heads —Cannot Come to Terms

EAST MAKES A DEMAND

OTTAWA, Ont.—All the provincial premiers assisted by some members of their respective cabinets, met here last week to discuss questions affecting the relations of the provinces to one another and to the federal government. The main question at issue was that of maritime representation, left unsettled at the last conference, 1910.

The three Atlantic coast provinces have been conscious for some time that they were threatened with a further loss of power when the federal government brings down its redistribution bill, which is promised before a new election. This loss of power is due to the increased representation from the new prairie provinces, Alberta and Saskatchewan, and to an actual decrease in the representation from the Atlantic provinces. This decrease is accounted for by the growth of population in Quebec.

It was decided at confederation in 1867 that Quebec should always have 65 members in the Federal House, and that the sixty-fifth part of her population should be the unit of representation throughout Canada. Redistribution of seats was to be made after each decennial census if the increase in population warranted it.

The Atlantic provinces received at confederation 40 members, divided as follows: Nova Scotia, 19; New Brunswick, 15; Prince Edward Island, 6. Redistribution since that time has reduced these to 18, 13 and 4 respectively

The census of 1910 shows a greatly increased population in Quebec, whereas the population of the Atlantic Provinces has increased very little. Thus the coming redistribution bill brings a further decrease in representation for these provinces. Their representation will then be 16 for Nova Scotia, 11 for New Brunswick and 3 for Prince Edward Island. It was to try and remedy this condition that the conference was called, since before any change can be made affecting the relations of any province to the Dominion government, such change must be consented to by representatives of all the provinces.

The maritime delegation asked that the 40 members which they had at confederation be restored, and that they be made irreducible, as in the case of British Columbia, which received six seats when she entered the Dominion in 1871.

The conference, after listening to the arguments in favor of this proposal, concluded that they did not represent the provinces for the purpose of dealing with affairs of federal representation, and so decided to take no action regarding them. Thus the question of maritime representation still remains unsettled.

Other important questions discussed were increased federal subsidies to the provinces; increased salaries to lieutenant-governors, and the question of federal aid in the construction of highways.

In the matter of federal subsidies the conference passed a unanimous resolution asking for a much larger annual subsidy to enable them to meet the growing expenses of provincial government.

Sir Lomer Gouin of Quebec introduced a resolution that the federal government increase the salaries of the provincial governers, which was unanimously adopted. The salaries of these officials now range from $7000 to $10,000 per annum.

CHURCH MARKS ANNIVERSARY

PORTLAND, Me.—St. Stephen Episcopal church celebrated its one hundred fiftieth anniversary, with the Rev. Dr. John Mockridge of New York preaching, Sunday. Bishop Codman of the diocese of Maine gave an historical address.

INSTITUTIONS OF PITTSFIELD EXCEL

Those Relating to Art and Literature, Also Schools of City in Massachusetts Berkshire Hills, Considered Exceptional

HISTORIC POINTS MANY

PITTSFIELD, Mass. — Autumnal splendors of the Berkshire hills have been dwelt upon so often that many who hear of the wonderful coloring of trees and shrubs, the lakes buried in the forests, the fine roads available for automobiling and other accessories of the open country are apt to pay less attention to the towns and cities around which is found much natural beauty as delights the sightseer.

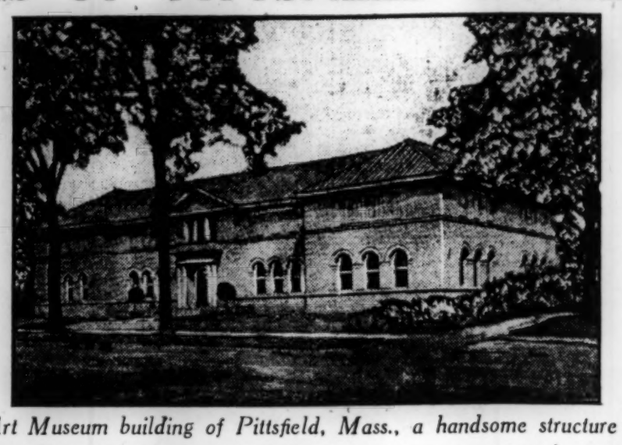
Yet it is a fact that in the Berkshires have grown up communities which in point of culture, business and comfort rival cities with many times the size of population of Pittsfield, for instance. And the opinion is frequently expressed by those who visit the Berkshires that a stay in such a town forms part of the pleasure that comes from a tour of the section.

Pittsfield has many charms that make it worth while to particularize as regards its progress. The city has a fine art museum; exception for a community with some 30,000 inhabitants. It possesses two public libraries, with collections of books numbering close to 90,000. The public schools are conducted with a view to the best results, and the teaching staff has learned the value of bringing pleasure as well as a task. There are three fine playgrounds and two parks. The 150 miles of streets are kept in good condition.

Pittsfield's Board of Trade has named the place "The City of Beauty and Progress." The beauty of city and environment is noticeable to all. As for progress, figures presented by the Board of Trade speak of the rapid advance made in recent years.

The statement is made that the nine banks of Pittsfield have deposits of more than $14,000,000. It is learned further that within a radius of 150 miles of Pittsfield are close to 15,000,000 people and, says the Pittsfield Board of Trade, "no other city in the United States has so many within such an area."

The Berkshire Street Railway Company some time ago inaugurated a system of landmark identification to assist visitors in locating the historic places.



Art Museum building of Pittsfield, Mass., a handsome structure

Red seals are painted on posts standing along the entire route extending from Great Barrington to Bennington, Vt. Each seal has a number. By consulting cards the number shows what is the particular part of interest.

Among the landmarks around Pittsfield are the Longfellow house, now the Plunkett homestead, on East street, in which place the poet wrote "The Old Clock on the Stairs." Close by Hawthorne wrote some of his most inspiring tales, and not far distant is Holmesdale, once a residence of Oliver Wendell Holmes.

Industrially considered, Pittsfield has shown much progress in recent years. The great electrical plants now give employment to hundreds of skilled workers. The growing number of hotels indicates the increasing influx of visitors. The retail stores are not less well equipped than mercantile establishments found in cities much larger than Pittsfield. The handsome postoffice, made even more striking in appearance because hidden from view until one suddenly comes on the granite structure after emerging from some narrow thoroughfares, also is evidence that there is plenty of business to have induced the government to erect such a fine home for the conducting of its affairs there. The new building of the Young Men's Christian Association cost $150,000 and has proved a decided acquisition to the city's handsome obstructures.

It is not to be denied that a visitor to Pittsfield feels drawn to the country all around. A short distance out is the fine Country Club. Pontoosuc lake, Onota lake, Morewood lake have attractions that compel one to linger on their shores or strike across their surface in a rowboat easily available. If a visitor likes walking there are innumerable points to visit. A trip to the summit of Snake hill will give a splendid view of the city. In the distance towers Mt. Greylock, 3500 feet above the level of the sea. Greylock is the highest point in Massachusetts.

Then there is Balance rock, a feature which attracts many visitors to Pittsfield. The big stone balances itself so nicely on another rock that it would seem as if a man could push it over. This rock stands in a 100-acre plat and the place has been made into a public park. Rare views are obtainable from this eminence.

In the center of the Pittsfield park stood the famous Berkshire elm, 120 feet high. Just to the north, where is now located the First church, was the meeting house of "Fighting Parson Allen," who led the men of Berkshire to the battle of Bennington.

On this green took place what is said to have been the first agricultural fair ever held in America, in 1809, and here also General Lafayette was given a reception, in 1825. A few rods away stood Ft. Goodrich, erected in 1756. Roads lead from Pittsfield to Coltsville, where the paper used by the United States government for its currency is produced, and, farther on, to Lanesboro, made better known as the home of Josh Billings, the humorist. Then comes Constitution hill, the home of Jonathan Smith, the plain Berkshire farmer whose telling speech aided materially in bringing about the adoption of the federal constitution by the Massachusetts convention in 1788.

NEW RAILROAD STATION FOR PITTSFIELD, MASS.

Structure now building to be model of attractiveness and utility

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Army Orders

WASHINGTON—Col. G. H. G. Gale, cavalry, upon own application retired from active service, to take effect Jan. 3, after more than 38 years' service.

Following promotions officers of infantry arm announced: C. W. Penrose, from lieutenant-colonel, unassigned, to colonel, unassigned; T. W. Moore, from major, seventh infantry, to lieutenant-colonel, seventh infantry; E. Sigerfoos, from captain, fifth infantry, to major, seventh infantry; W. S. Neely, from first lieutenant, unassigned, to captain, unassigned; S. L. James, second lieutenant, twenty-eighth infantry, to first lieutenant, twenty-eighth infantry.

First Lieut. B. F. McClellan, twenty-eighth infantry, relieved assignment to that regiment.

Maj. B. B. Ray, quartermaster corps, in addition to other duties assume temporary charge Chicago general depot of quartermaster corps in absence on leave of Capt. R. B. Harper, quartermaster corps.

Retirement of Col. C. H. Hunter, coast artillery corps, announced.

So much of orders of Oct. 29 assigning Second Lieut. E. H. Coyle, thirteenth cavalry, to troop I and directing him to proceed to Ft. Riley, Kan., revoked; report by letter to his regimental commander for assignment to station and troop.

Second Lieut. H. M. Hobbs transferred from third to fourth field artillery.

First Lieut. F. M. Wallace relieved detail ordnance department, and assigned to third field artillery.

Asignments of following named second lieutenants coast artillery corps recently appointed follow: R. D. Brown, from ansign to eighty-seventh company; E. O. Halbert, from corporal, forty-seventh company, coast artillery corps, to the one hundred and thirty-third company; H. L. King, from master gunner, to the one hundred and fourteenth company.

Leaves—Col. G. H. G. Gale, cavalry, from Nov. 1 to and including Jan. 3; Capt. W. R. Dear, medical corps, one month; Capt. R. B. Harper, quartermaster corps, one month, and Second Lieut. F. Seydel, coast artillery corps, one month's extension.

Navy Orders

Commander N. E. Irwin, detached command the Hartford, to command the Charleston.

Commander Thomas Washington, detached the Charleston, to home, wait orders.

Commander W. J. Terhune, to command the Hartford.

Lieut. Commander J. M. Enochs, detached the Pittsburg, to naval hospital, Mare Island, Cal.

Lieut. (junior grade) R. C. Saufley, detached the Terry, to naval academy, Annapolis, Md., for aviation duty.

Chief Machinist E. G. Higgins, detached the Montgomery, to leave of absence.

Machinist L. F. Miller, detached naval torpedo station, to the Montgomery.

Movements of Vessels

The Roe and Perkins at Philadelphia.
The South Dakota at San Francisco.
The Brutus at Boston.
The Terry at Delaware Breakwater.
The D-1, D-2 and D-3 at Norfolk yard.
The Paducah at Guantanamo.
The Albany at Honolulu.
The Ajax at Guam.
The Paulding, McCall and Drayton at New York yard.
The Monaghan and Sterett at Charleston.
The Ammen, Burrows, Patterson and Trippe at Boston.
The Rainbow at Foschow.
The Panther left Hampton Roads for Philadelphia.
The Dixie, Henley, Walke, Mayrant and Warrington left Newport for New York yard.
The Jouett, Beale, Fanning, Jarvis and Jenkins left Newport.
The Michigan left Veracruz for cruise.

PUPILS TO PUBLISH PAPER

STONEHAM, Mass.—Students of the high school will publish this term a school paper, to be known as the S. H. S. Authentic. Norman F. Hunt will be the editor-in-chief.

WELLESLEY HOLDS ATHLETIC EVENTS FOR SECOND PLACE

Seniors and Sophomores Compete in Tennis and Hockey for Next to Highest Honors

WELLESLEY, Mass.—To determine second honors in the field day championships in outdoor athletics at Wellesley College two athletic contests are being played off today. The juniors meet the seniors in tennis and the sophomores play the seniors in hockey. The seniors and sophomores tied at 15 points in the completed events. In each event the winner will receive five points. The juniors have 20 points.

These girls were chosen for the play:

Senior Hockey—Miss Margaret Elliott, Dorthy Culver, Dorothy Gostenhofer, Constance Stewart, Dorothy Ebersole, Gladys Gould (captain), Anna Reeder, Ruth Rowland, Ida Appenzeller, Emma Siefried, Eleanor Hough, Ardys Luther, Marion Quimby, Mabel Roat, Florence Thompson.

Sophomore hockey—Misses Frances McInnes Elizabeth Armstrong, Mildred Osgood, Florence Parker, Emily Porter (captain), Helen Haines, Agnes DeCou, Ernestine Hunt, Margaret Claflin, Marjorie Harris, Norah Robinson, Emma Salom, Blandine Sturtevant, Louise Goodwin, Charlotte Wahle.

Junior tennis—Misses Mary Paine (captain), Pauline Ebrich, Margaret Garside, Ruth Hoyt, Elizabeth Metcalf, Helen Moffat, Katherine Rolfe, Marguerite Ryder.

Senior tennis—Misses Jean Jellerson (captain), Frances Baker, Dorothy Bean, Thelma Burbeck, Marjorie Day, Helena Stewart, Esther Stillhamer, Frances Williams.

CLUB MERGER FAVORED

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—The vote of Minneapolis Athletic Club and Minneapolis Commercial Club members, reportable to this time, shows that a majority favor the consolidation plan, says the Journal.

FINAL EFFORT TO ELIMINATE GEN. HUERTA PLANNED

President Wilson Maps Out Course That He Hopes Will Cause the Mexican Provisional Executive to Quit Office

HAS AN ALTERNATIVE

WASHINGTON—It has become known that a supreme effort is being made to bring about Gen. Victoriano Huerta's retirement from the provisional presidency of Mexico.

The success of any plan for a constitutional election that may be proposed especially in so far as it would contemplate participation by the Constitutionalists, depends in the view of the United States government on the elimination of General Huerta. Since he promised to turn over the executive power after an election, the American government is now waiting for some declaration on his part.

Should General Huerta retire in favor of another, there is a possibility that the United States may attempt to compose the situation through his successor. But if the elections are declared invalid by General Huerta so that he may continue in power, the Washington administration, it is pointed out, would look upon such a proclamation as an evidence of the incapacity of the provisional authorities to conduct an election, and might come forth with definite proposals to assist in rehabilitating the governmental machinery of the country.

Just now the future policy of the United States is being quietly and informally made known in diplomatic circles abroad and there are intimations that before many days foreign governments generally will have been apprised of the American attitude. It is unlikely that there will be any publication of the American policy until Europe has been formally sounded. What the United States desires, it is believed, is that the powers shall indicate their support of its efforts to solve the problem so that it may approach the Mexico City administration in a final effort to secure the elimination of General Huerta. The conference at Veracruz between John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative, and the Russian, Norwegian and German ministers, has not been explained here, but it is thought to be a part of the program of enlisting the support of foreign governments.

TRADE EXTENSION TRIP OF CHAMBER BEGINS WEDNESDAY

The list of members of the New England trade extension trip of the Boston Chamber of Commerce is still lacking a few names. Not many hours remain in which to give notice to the secretary. The start is to be made Wednesday morning at 7:30.

The Taunton Chamber of Commerce, New Bedford Board of Trade, Fall River Chamber of Commerce, Providence Board of Trade, New London Business Men's Association, New Haven Chamber of Commerce, Bridgeport Board of Trade, Waterbury Chamber of Commerce, Meriden Business Men's Association, and the Hartford Chamber of Commerce are to entertain the Boston men at luncheons, dinners, and tours about their respective cities and industrial sections.

TEACHERS' CLUB PROPOSES PLAY

"Will you play"? the Boston Teachers Club is asking of its members. To make sure that they will it has gathered a list of pleasurable activities for teachers and has secured special terms on some of them. They include riding, skating, folk, aesthetic and social dancing, bowling, swimming, games.

"It is possible," says the chairman of the recreation committee, Miss Gertrude M. Weeks, through the Boston Teachers News letter, "as a large club to arrange for activities which it might be impossible for an individual to enjoy. For your own sake, for the sake of the profession and the children, do not lose the capacity for free, joyous play."

TRAVELER MAKES GIFTS OF FARMS

AURORA, Ill.—John Stewart, a wealthy lumber man, who is starting today with his family on a trip around the world, has just given away farm lands in Kane and Dupage counties valued at almost $300,000 to Aurora people.

John Stewart, Jr., son of State Senator Thomas Stewart, received the Stewart homestead at Campton, consisting of 1200 acres and farmhouse, Mrs. J. S. Watson, wife of Dr. Watson, a 250-acre farm at La Fox, valued at $42,500, Mrs. John Alexander, wife of President Alexander of the Alexander Lumber Company, a 250-acre farm at Wheaton, valued at $42,500.

MORE AID PROMISED STRIKERS

CALUMET, Mich.—John H. Walker, president of the Illinois Mine Workers, promised the striking copper miners Sunday he would make an effort to have doubled the benefit assessments already levied upon the United Mine Workers.

BOYLSTON ART GALLERIES

292 Boylston Street

Announce an exhibition and sale by auction of

Old English Oak and Mahogany Furniture

Of the best periods. Bleautiful Flemish Tapestries from Castle Pauw, near The Hague, Holland; Pictures of Game Birds and Colored Sporting Prints from Clancarty House, Inverness, Scotland; Rare Pottery, Glass, Sheffield Plate, etc., gathered by Mr. Richard W. Lehne of Philadelphia.

This highly interesting collection is now on view with catalogue at 292 Boylston Street. The sale begins Wednesday, November 5th, at three o'clock.

BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

ARLINGTON

Officers of the Arlington High School Clarion have been chosen as follows: Editor-in-chief, Miss Louise Hatch '14; class editors, 1914, Miss Laura Robinson and Albert Wunderlick; 1915, Miss Marion McLellan and Roger Hall; 1916, Miss Eunice Eberhardt and Harold Bixby; 1917, Enid McClare, Miss Edna Holt, Tarry Reiche and Miss Florence Lennan; business manager, Edward Mead '14; assistant business manager, Percy Johnson '15; auditor Fred C. Mitchell, principal.

QUINCY

The Junior Friday Club holds a meeting at the home of Mrs. Perry Lawton on Presidents hill this afternoon .

uQincy troop Boy Scouts have elected: Leader, Homer Melville; senior leader, Harold Kidder; junior leader, Russell Johnson; patriotic instructor, Vanner Hilston; guide, Frank Farrell; inside guard, George Gardner; secretary, Eric Nelson; treasurer, Gunner Garlson.

MALDEN

Middlesex encampment, Patriarchs Militant, will work the patriarchal degree on several candidates at its meeting tonight.

The registrars of voters have revised the voting list for the state election. There are 7900 voters on the list against 7374 names on the list a year ago.

WINCHESTER

Henry C. Nickerson of Grove street held a flag-raising at his residence yesterday, which was attended by about 50 neighbors and friends. John J. Flinn read a poem and other selections, and Lewis Parkhurst also made a few remarks. Patriotic songs were sung.

MEDFORD

The high school juniors have elected: President, James Campbell; vice-president, Miss Ethel Pitman; treasurer, John P. Cunningham; secretary, Miss Jennie Ellis.

LEXINGTON

The selectmen have appointed these election officers: Ballot clerks, Frederick G. Jones and James A. Hurley; deputy ballot clerks, Charles G. Kauffmann, Joseph P. Ryan, Clifton P. Ashley and Louis H. Lawrence; tellers, Allston M. Redman, Samuel B. Bigelow, Louis L. Crone, Arthur H. Marshall, Eugene T. Buckley, Nathaniel Nunn, Patrick F. Dacey and Edward H. Mara.

READING

North Reading grange will confer the third and fourth degrees at Wednesday evening's meeting and the Wilmington grange degree staff will do the work. A harvest supper will follow.

What Cheer Colony, Pilgrim Fathers, has elected: Governor, Walter J. Bailey; lieutenant-governor, Mrs. Ethel D. Gowing; secretary, Mrs. Grace H. Damon; collector, William H. Mears; treasurer, A. W. Danforth; chaplain, David MacCrum; sergeant-at-arms, Mrs. Phoebe Kershaw; deputy sergeant, Charles Buttrick.

STONEHAM

The girls of the high school have organized a glee club, with 60 members, and have elected Miss Katherine Prescott as president, Miss Olive Ward as secretary and Miss Rena Leavitt as librarian.

On account of the unusually large number of pupils at the high school, a new teacher has been elected—Miss Ethel Sandell of Dorchester, a Boston University graduate, who will teach commercial correspondence, mathematics and United States history.

WAKEFIELD

The annual inspection of Post 12, G. A. R., will take place tonight, with Albert A. Carleton, commander of Post 4 of Melrose as inspecting officer.

The Boys Club of the high school will hold a debate tonight on the question, "Resolved: That No Man Should Serve More Than Two Terms as President." Russell Savage and Manson Dillaway will have the affirmative and Dean Waldron and Raymond Griffin, the negative.

ARLINGTON

The selectmen will meet in their room in town hall this evening to draw a warrant for the town meeting, Nov. 18.

At the monthly meeting of the Bradshaw Missionary Association this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the vestry of the Pleasant Street Congregational church, Mrs. W. L. Carver will speak on "The King's Business," and Mrs. John M. Dick will sing.

MELROSE

The aldermen are to hold a regular meeting tonight when action for the appointment of members of the new city planning council will be taken.

HINGHAM

Miss Susan B. Willard, regent of Old Colony chapter, D. A. R., has been presented with a silk flag by Miss Willard.

CITY PLAYGROUND TEACHERS CALLED TO FORM SOCIETY

A permanent organization of playground teachers of the Boston public schools, is to be formed Friday evening. The object is to increase the efficiency of the service and form a group from which may be selected assistants in playgrounds under the Boston school committee.

While teachers which served the department during the season just closed are asked to form the nucleus of the permanent organization it is proposed to enlarge it from time to time by inviting others who desire to take part in playground work to join. Meetings will be held at two-week intervals during the winter. The work in this special course will receive a rating in addition to the rating given to the work in regular playground service. The exercises will consist of theory and practise, plays, games and dances.

ANTI SUFFRAGIST WORKERS ACTIVE

Mrs. Henry Preston White, chairman of the publicity committee of the Massachusetts Association Opposed to the Further Extension of Woman Suffrage, speaks at a meeting this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Lowell E. Warren, under auspices of the Waltham branch of the association, with Miss Evelyn Sears as chairman.

The bi-monthly meeting of the education and organization committee takes place Wednesday morning at headquarters.

The Groton branch of the Massachusetts Anti-Suffrage Association will hold a meeting Thursday afternoon, when Mrs. William Lowell Putnam, chairman of the education and organization committee, and Mrs. A. J. George, organizing secretary, will speak.

ARMORY DEDICATION IS NOV. 14

ORANGE, Mass.—Governor Foss has announced that the dedication of the new state armory on East Main street will take place Friday November 14.

Filene's

Beginning Tomorrow
Annual Sale of
Women's and Misses' Dresses

KAYSER SILK UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY

Luxurious and Practical

HEADQUARTERS IN BOSTON

The Filene Underwear and Hosiery Shops

UNDERWEAR
THIRD FLOOR

HOSIERY
STREET FLOOR

A. H. SPROUL IS TEACHERS' CHIEF AT NEW BEDFORD

New England High School Commercial Instructors' Organization Elects Salem Man as New President at Convention

TOUR OF CITY IS MADE

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—The New England High School Commercial Teachers' Association, at its eleventh annual convention, held in the high school in this city Saturday, elected the following officers:

President, A. H. Sproul of Salem; vice-presidents, Floyd E. Barbour of Greenwich, Miss Grace M. Grant of Fairhaven; secretary, W. O. Holden of Pawtucket; treasurer, J. C. Moody of New Britain, Conn.

The following committees were also appointed:

Finance and audit, E. W. Engler of Lynn, F. H. Read of Providence, K. C. Atticks of Brookline.

Publicity, F. E. Lakey of Boston, Minnie A. Cobleigh of Bristol, Ct., Thos. H. Knight.

President Sammis, after formally opening the day's proceedings, introduced Mr. Keith, who welcomed the members of the association to New Bedford.

"The Functions of High Schools of Commerce and of Commercial Departments" was the subject of an address in the afternoon by Carlos B. Ellis of Springfield. Mr. Ellis is principal of the High School of Commerce in that city.

SONS OF ISRAEL TO ACT ON PLAN FOR A JEWISH CENTER

Resolve to Be Considered Asks for $100,000 Fund to Erect Such a Building in Boston

At the business session of the first annual convention of the Independent Order Sons of Israel in Paine Memorial hall this evening revision of the by-laws will be considered and resolutions introduced.

Henry H. Levenson of Boston, grand master, says that among these resolutions will be one providing that a fund of $100,000 be raised to erect a building to serve as a center of Jewish social, economic and religious activity in Boston. A resolution indorsing the Zionist movement will also be introduced, also one asking the Boston public library to provide a greater number of books in Hebrew.

At the opening session yesterday in Faneuil hall, plans to unite the Hebrews in Massachusetts were discussed. The addresses by Grand Master Levenson, Hyman J. Danzig, first deputy grand master; H. Cohen, second deputy grand master, and Tobias Berman, president of the Brotherhood of Israel.

Last evening more than 200 persons attended a dinner at Temple Adath Jeshurun, Blue Hill avenue, Roxbury.

BOUNDARY CASE STAYS

BELLOWS FALLS, Mass.—The International Paper Company has not paid its taxes to the Bellows Falls Village Corporation for years, the boundary line between New Hampshire and Vermont has been in dispute, and the action of the paper company is based on this question.

BROWN TO HAVE LECTURES ON VOCATION TOPIC

Harvard Man to Deliver Series of Talks on Guidance and the History and Development of the Movement

COURSE TO START SOON

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Meyer Bloomfield, Harvard lecturer on vocational guidance, will conduct an extension course in that subject at Brown University this fall. It will begin on Friday, and will run for 10 weeks, lectures coming Fridays.

The course will attempt to make clear the needs and principles underlying the new movement for vocational guidance. It will review the various attempts to secure vocational guidance in this country and abroad and will discuss in detail the place of the subject in the school system, as well as its relation to parents, employers and the community at large.

Educational questions of various types will be taken up from the viewpoint of their self-discovery possibilities and methods of occupational investigation, work conditions, social legislation, labor exchanges and devices for personal assistance will be presented so as to show their bearing on sound organization of vocational guidance service.

The course of lectures will start with the causes which have given rise to the new subject and then the next two meetings of the class will be given over to a discussion of the work and problems of a vocation bureau, which will lead up to an analysis of typical cases coming before such a bureau. Then the school program will be considered, after which two lectures will be given over to a discussion of "Investigation of Occupations." The final talks will be on the activities in the subject in this country and abroad and on the social and economic readjustment which is going on.

November 3d to 8th

Every Purchaser of Underwear *for* Women and Children

should remember to inspect, during the week of November 3rd to 8th—at the Leading Shops—the remarkable variety of

Fabrics, Weights, Qualities and Shapes

as shown in the

"Mérode" (Hand-Finished) *Underwear*

"Harvard Mills" (Hand Finished) *Underwear*

Prices range from 50c. to $3.50 per garment

Perfect Fitting UNION SUITS a Specialty

Special Extra Sizes for Large People.
Splendid Range of Silk and Wool Fabrics.
Shapes and Weights adapted to present modes.
All Garments Hand-Finished.

SPECIAL OFFERING

To bring these two brands to the attention of new customers and also in remembrance of the support of the public in the past—we have arranged to supply through your dealer

The Celebrated Numbers

506 and 806

"Mérode" *"Harvard Mills"*

At these Exceptional Prices—This Week only

Women's Vests, Drawers & Tights	Usual price	50c.	at 35c.
Same in extra sizes	" "	75c.	at 50c.
Union-suits	" "	$1.00	at 75c.
Extra sizes	" "	$1.35	at $1.00

Lord & Taylor

Wholesale Distributors

CHRYSANTHEMUM SHOW IS CALLED A GREAT SUCCESS

Section of exhibition at Horticultural hall flower show

Thousands of persons visited Horticultural hall yesterday, which was the last opportunity to view the exhibits in the annual chrysanthemum show of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society. The hall was open from 2 p. m. until 10 p. m.

It is believed this year's exhibition was one of the most successful in the history of the organization. Nearly all the large private estates in this vicinity have been represented. Not only was there a beautiful exhibit of chrysanthemums, but the displays of other flowers and of vegetables have been a feature of the show.

AT RAILWAY TERMINALS

Benjamin W. Cuppy, engineer of structures and bridges, Boston & Maine road, and party will leave North station by special train tonight for a four days' inspection trip over Fitchburg division territory.

The passenger department of the Boston & Albany road provided special service attached to the first section of the New York express from South station at 12 o'clock noon today for the New York Philharmonic orchestra, en route to Holyoke, Mass., via Springfield.

Allen McIver, superintendent power house Boston Terminal Company, is charging three gas buoys for the United States government at South station Pintsch gas plant.

The Boston & Maine road's private "Flying Fisherman" train, known as the "Dude," operated between Boston and North Shore points, made its last run of the season today.

The bridge department of the Boston division New Haven road is installing a new double track steel girder bridge between Quincy and Braintree.

The car department of the Boston & Albany road has received from the Allston shops two jumbo steel under-frame mail cars, which have been made government standard for through service.

Members of Boston Symphony orchestra occupied three 12-section Pullman sleepers attached to the New Haven road's Shore line express from South station at 1 o'clock this morning en route to New York city.

The New Haven road's private examination car No. 350 is located at South station power house yard for the accommodation of eastern district employees whose color certificates have expired.

RAILWAY OFFICIAL NAMED

WORCESTER, Mass.—C. V. Wood of the street railway companies operating under the New England Securities & Investment Company, has been appointed vice-president, to have charge of the operating and traffic departments.

ONE ELECTION IN R. I.

CRANSTON, R. I.—Cranston will be the only city in the state to have an election tomorrow and a big vote is expected.

SPRINGFIELD Y. M. C. A. MEN HEAR LECTURE

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—The first of the weekly meetings for men held by the Young Men's Christian Association began yesterday afternoon in the Court Square theater. The program consisted of an illustrated talk by R. P. Gleason of Scranton, Pa., on "China, Past and Present." Mr. Gleason has traveled extensively in China. The theater was fairly well filled, but a better attendance is expected at following meetings. Kenneth Robbie, secretary of the association, introduced the speaker.

Mr. Gleason showed a number of slides illustrating scenes about Hongkong and Shanghai, and characteristic views of Chinese life. The modern system of schools like those in this country was also shown.

BOSTONIANS SAIL ON CRETIC FOR MEDITERRANEAN

Several Bostonians were among the 515 passengers sailing from Boston this noon on the White Star line steamer Cretic, Captain Howarth, for Mediterranean ports. The liner carried 65 saloon, 50 second cabin and 400 steerage passengers.

Among the Bostonians were Mrs. R. A. Boit, Miss Alice Boit, Mrs. Edith W. Grinnell, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Johnson, Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Cushman. Immigration officials deported six aliens on the vessel.

Two members of the ship's orchestra, the pianist and first violinist, who were on shore leave, were missing when the Cretic pulled out of her berth at Charlestown.

ALFRED NOYES ON WAY TO CANADA

Alfred Noyes, the English poet who has been in Boston for a few days as the guest of Mrs. Thomas Bailey Aldrich, left for Canada this morning to give lectures and readings in Canadian universities.

Mr. Noyes will return to Boston to give a lecture on "Sea Poetry" the evening of Nov. 10, at the Lowell Institute, the first of a series lasting a week.

GERMAN EMBASSY BUILDING WILL BE STARTED IN SPRING

Structure to Resemble Larz Anderson Residence—Total Cost Will Be About $1,000,000

WASHINGTON—The German ambassador, Count von Bernstorff, after a summer spent in Germany, announces that, in all probability, ground will be broken for the new embassy building in Washington in April. The German government several years ago bought the building site on S street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second northwest, and during the coming winter it will appropriate $500,000 for the building.

It is understood that the building will be of the Italian renaissance style of architecture, with columns at the front of it not unlike those which adorn the White House. It is said that it will resemble the home of Mr. and Mrs. Larz Anderson on Massachusetts avenue, except that it will not be as high as that house and instead of having wings on the front will have them at the back.

Counting the cost of the site and of furnishing, the total expenditure for this new building will be about $1,000,000.

CHINESE INSPECT AMERICAN MINTS

NEW YORK—Three representatives of the Chinese government who arrived here on the steamship New York Sunday are on a tour of inspection of United States mints. They will go first to Washington, then to Philadelphia, New Orleans, San Francisco and other cities.

The men are Shih Chen Hi, senior clerk of the ministry of justice; Far T. Sung, representing the board of finance, and Lo Tong of the ministry of justice, all of Peking.

MRS. PANKHURST TALKS IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO—Fewer than 3000 persons heard Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst lecture at the Auditorium theater Sunday afternoon.

Among the suffrage leaders present were Miss Jane Addams, Mrs. Raymond Robbins of the Women's Trade Union League and Mrs. Frank H. Funk, wife of the Progressive candidate for Governor in the last campaign.

BOSTON C. L. U. HELPS STRIKERS

Copies of a resolution adopted by the Boston Central Labor Union in behalf of the striking copper miners in Michigan requesting Congress to investigate the causes of the strike and the action of the deputy sheriff non-union men, are to be sent to President Wilson, William D. Wilson, secretary of the department of labor, and to each of the Massachusetts senators and congressmen.

SUFFRAGISTS TO SEE PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON—One hundred New Jersey women will come here Nov. 15 to ask support of President Wilson and the New Jersey congressional delegation to an amendment to the federal constitution providing national equal suffrage.

COUNCIL TO SEE CITY HALL PLANS

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Common council is to receive tonight three plans for the remodeling and enlarging of the city hall, with a resolution directing this branch to make such alterations as may be determined upon.

The cost of the proposed alterations will be in the vicinity of $350,000.

One plan calls for the addition to the top of the building of practically a story and a half, to make the structure five stories in height instead of about 3½ as at present; another provides for the placing of 2½ stories on the top of the building; the third to simply raise the roof of the present structure enough to make the top story of full height.

ACUSHNET SERVICE TUNNEL PLANNED

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—The water board will meet tomorrow in the municipal building to consider constructing a tunnel under the Acushnet river from Fish island to Popes island.

Mayor Ashley said plans of a tunnel had been prepared by an engineer, and the estimated cost is $36,000. The object is to take all the wires, gas and waterpipes now stretched under water into the tunnel for a distance of about 100 yards under the drawbridge section.

CANADIAN RAILWAY EXPERTS TO HELP THE UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON—In inviting into active membership in their association two officials of the Dominion railway commission of Canada, D'Arcy Scott and A. S. Goodhue, who attended the recent convention of the National Association of Railway Commissioners here, the United States commissioners recognized that the railroad problem of this country is one in the solution of which some helpful advice may be gained from the experience of the nation across the border. In return the Dominion commissioners believe they can profit by exchange of ideas with officials of the United States in the same line of activity.

"Our problems are the same as yours," said Mr. Scott in acknowledgment of the convention's courtesy in extending them honorary membership. "We are privileged to be here to note what progress you are making with this great problem, and we shall be glad to give you any helpful information our experience may have given to us."

Mr. Goodhue said: "You are engaged in one of the most important works in this great republic. The great responsibility is to not injure the railways and at the same time accommodate the public."

The Dominion railway commission, as explained by Mr. Scott, has more power than any other such commission in the world, and while he did not go as far as to advocate federal ownership in the United States he made plain his belief in the high efficiency of centralized authority. The commission of which he is a member consists of six members each appointed for 10 years by the federal government. It has jurisdiction over all railways incorporated by the Dominion Parliament.

AMONG THE SETTLEMENTS

Ruggles street neighborhood house begins its full program today with Miss Marion Loker of Natick in charge of the girls' work and Miss Gretchen McMullen temporarily in charge of the domestic science classes until the return of Miss Calkins.

Roxbury neighborhood house opens its cooking and housekeeping classes today. Tomorrow night there will be a house dance in the gymnasium.

The first Sunday afternoon musical of the season was held yesterday at South End house. Today the clubs and classes at South Bay Union get under way, and tomorrow night club members will hold a get-together meeting. Work started in full swing at the South End industrial school Saturday. Alterations are being pushed at the Norfolk house to get the building into shape for the opening of classes there by January.

In two contests which close Dec. 1 Lincoln house is offering prizes for the best replies to questions dealing with the purpose of the house, its form of government and its relation to the neighborhood. In the contest for older members there are six questions: What is the chief purpose of Lincoln house? How can this purpose best be achieved? Should the government of the house be more or less democratic than it now is? If the government were entirely democratic, how could the house expenses be met? Are you willing to work with others to make the house more useful to its members and the community, taking one step at a time and using the method approved by a majority of those interested? Will you join a house organization pledged to this work? Members under 16 are asked to answer these questions: What does "neighborhood" mean? Is Emerald street a neighborhood? Explain why it is or is not. What is a neighborhood club like Lincoln house for? In what ways is a neighborhood club unlike a public school? How can the expenses of Lincoln house be met? Is money the principal thing needed for the success of a house like ours? If not, what is? How can every member of Lincoln house help to support it? What do you like best about Lincoln house? How would you improve Lincoln house if you could? Name the leader who, in your opinion, has been most helpful to Americans.

Meetings of the executive committee and the board of directors will be held Tuesday morning and afternoon at the Frances E. Willard Settlement to make plans for the department store which is to be established at the settlement for two days in early December. Tuesday evening registration will begin for the classes in millinery, sewing, embroidery, bookkeeping, open to working girls. The classes will be held every Tuesday and Thursday evening. On Wednesday evening a mothers' meeting will be held. The program for the dedication of the new dormitory at Llewsac lodge, Bedford, Nov. 15 will be ready for announcement in a few days.

Tuesday night at the Social Service house will be given over to the organization of the big dancing class, and Wednesday afternoon the neighborhood mothers will hold their first meeting. This year the mothers will be divided into three groups, doing plain sewing, basketry and lace-making. An attempt will be made to revive interest in Italian lace-making particularly, and work will be modeled after some of the specimens of Italian lace at the Museum of Fine Arts. On Thursday evening the boys of the house will meet to form a city council of boys' clubs. This council will plan to cooperate with the newly formed North End Improvement Association which originated at the Civic Service house.

At North End Union the place of Miss Frances Stern who recently resigned has been taken by Miss Alfreda Coil of Ohio. Last Saturday morning the first session of the Italian sewing school was held, and yesterday the first session of the Sunday school.

The gymnasium at Ellis Memorial which has just been completed will be used for classes this week. On Wednesday afternoon the newly organized boys' and girls' orchestra will meet for rehearsal and on Thursday afternoon a chorus of little girls will be formed.

Steps will be taken at Hale house this week to complete the organization of the chorus in Jewish folk singing. It is to be directed by Prof. Henry L. Gideon and Samuel Gerson of Temple Israel, and is the result of Mary Antin's wish that such a chorus should become a feature of Hale house activities.

As post-Hallowe'en festivities at the Elizabeth Peabody house was the party held Saturday night for a group of Irish mothers. They played traditional Hallowe'en games and bobbed for apples.

Robert Gould Shaw house has taken a flat at 676 Shawmut avenue which will be used as a boys' clubhouse. Lonsdale Brown, who has come from New York to study art, will be in charge. Printing, electricity, telegraphy and photography will be taught here, and the house will also be used as place for social meetings and boy scout activities. The Saturday morning kindergarten is being directed by Miss Ruth York. Miss Dorothy Tatum is assistant.

A meeting of the clubs of the Civic Service house is planned for Friday evening, and on Saturday evening there will be a mass meeting of the Boston Polish organizations. On Sunday afternoon a reception will be given to Miss Grace Abbott, executive secretary of the state immigration commission.

The faculty of the Boston Music school settlement will give a concert at the Civic Service house Sunday evening, Nov. 16.

Cottage place neighborhood house will keep open house Wednesday night. The program will include music and the telling of Irish stories by John J. Cronan.

The first meeting of the Parents Association will be held tonight at the South End music school.

HOLYOKE POLITICS CHANGES

HOLYOKE, Mass.—Another change in the political situation in the eleventh district is evident, especially in ward 7, where there are a large number of Progressives who believe Representative Spencer should be given an indorsement according to the usual custom in the district.

Private Greeting Cards

Do not delay ordering if wanted for Christmas. In great variety. Modest prices.

WARDS, 57-61 Franklin St., Boston

Li Hung Chang Memoirs Give Insight

OCCIDENTALS have at their disposal many books about Chinese religions, ethics, art, social structure, natural resources and political evolution. But memoirs, biographies and autobiographies are rare which open up for study by those of other lands the inner life of leaders of an inscrutable race. Consequently the "Memoirs of Li Hung Chang" (Houghton, Mifflin Company, $3), edited by William Francis Mannix, has more than its intrinsic worth.

The rarity of the type it represents adds to its value for the Occidental reader. Not much can be said for the work of the editor, but the material he has embodied is intensely interesting as far as it goes. From a total deposit of manuscript aggregating 1,600,000 words when Englished, the editor has chosen to publish relatively few and he has not displayed to the best advantage. However, "beggars cannot be choosers."

Anything that sheds light on the real character of a man who, former Secretary of State Foster says, "was not only the greatest man the Chinese race has produced in modern times, but, in the combination of qualities the most unique personality of the past century among all the nations of the earth," is to be read with care, even though the case may not seem to justify the superlative estimate. Admirers of both Sun Yat-Sen and Yuan-Shi-Kai would probably challenge such an appraisal as China's long time American adviser makes in his foreword to the American edition of this volume. Undoubtedly, if attention be concentrated on the last days of the Manchu dynasty, this claim for Li Hung Chang might be ventured. But Gibraltar's shoulders since he has gone under the bridge, since the close of his long career.

Of Li Hung Chang, the diplomat, the world has had some knowledge hitherto. Now this collection of reprints of his diplomatic letters, poems and formal declarations respecting important events in Chinese and Japanese history opens up new insights.

First of all be it noted on the human side that he was a great lover of his mother and of her memory. There are few finer tributes of filial love in any literature than are to be found recorded in this book. Ancestor worship takes on new aspects in the light of this strong man's tenderness of affection for his mother. Again, let it not be overlooked how loyal a lover of China on its physical and outward side this man was. Europe and America rendered him extraordinary honors as he traversed their lands following his visit to St. Petersburg to attend the coronation of the present Czar. Emperors and kings, presidents of republics, prime ministers and crowds of the plain people did homage to him. A sovereign of China en route through the Occident could not have had a more regal reception than this man had. He was burdened by the very excess of his banqueting, sightseeing and contact with prying journalists. But whether traversing the steppes of Russia, the fertile fields of France or the great stretches of American prairie and upland, he always was mindful of the land he had left behind. Human relations among the proletariat as well as among the high placed of the earth interested him, witness his insistence when in London that he be shown the slums.

The evidence which Mr. Mannix has marshaled of the poetic aspirations and accomplishments of the scholar turned soldier and statesman is especially interesting to a reader who happens to be literary in his tastes. Li Hung Chang's highest youthful ambition was to become the poet-laureate of his people. The art of versification which he mastered early in his career he never lost. Both his prose and his poetic writings had considerable vogue among his countrymen. A fertile imagination colored all his conversation, his expletives as a foemen of Chinese, Japanese and Europeans with whom he clashed, and the narratives of his travels. Habits as a litterateur and as a scholar that he formed in youth governed his action when he became a man of affairs. They aided him when he came to pen official defenses of his conduct as a diplomat and as a chronicler of his conversations with men like Bismarck, Gladstone and Cleveland and his travels around the world.

Portions of this book which deal with Li Hung Chang's relation to his nation's troubled history during its effort to adjust itself to European and Japanese aggression disclose the difficulty of his task as a "moderate" who had little sympathy with radical reformers on the one side and the Manchu obscurantists on the other. Wu Ting Fang among surviving Chinese would seem to stand in a position more closely resembling Li Hung Chang's than that of any other man now prominent in the republic. Li Hung Chang was an evolutionist rather than a revolutionist. As for his ethics in accomplishing his ends, they must be judged, as Mr. Foster says in this book, by the standards of his race and not by those of occidentals. Antagonism to the outsider and to Christianity gave way in course of time to a clearer knowledge of what China might gain from a more tolerant and intelligent attitude.

He was susceptible to the influence of facts, whether they conformed to first impressions and inherited prejudices or not. Witness his modified attitude toward Sir Robert Hart, toward Christian missionaries and toward the western knowledge that found entrance into China in a variety of ways. He was sensitive also to charges affecting his character as a man, as his efforts in his diaries and personal documents to clear himself from the charge of betraying his country to Russia and of being a grower of the opium, which as a statesman he blamed his countrymen for using and Great Britain for forcing upon the Chinese markets, show. Interesting also is his defense of his acquisition of much of his wealth through investment in pawnshops and his detailed production of evidence as to his generosity in times of special public need.

That Li Hung Chang had a penetrating and disciplined intellect, a fervid and constant affectional nature, a genuine patriotism, a preference for persons of real eminence and distinction, and a marked independence of character is manifested by the record which this book gives of his inner life. He was not oblivious to the pleasures of the palate, the comforts of station and wealth, and the charms of the society of accomplished women, witness his comments on the Czarina of Russia and Mrs. Cleveland. The American reporter, politician and clubman found in him a man of the world who gave as good as he got in all that persiflage and camaraderie which goes with goodfellowship. But when necessity demanded he had a sharp tongue and a virile will that could teach natures as commanding as "Chinese" Gordon and Hze Tsi, "The Old Buddha," that there were limits to his patience.

Well would it have been for the latter if she had taken his counsel during the last years of her reign, instead of that of the selfish and chauvinistic Manchus who had her ear. When the dire results of her folly, which he had predicted, came to pass, she was forced to turn to him for counsel; and there are few more pathetic records in history than the entries of his diary during the period when he was coming to her rescue and to his nation's belated defense.

The United States had in him a genuine friend, and Americans will read with considerable satisfaction his unhesitating tribute to the aid which China always has had from the western republic.

IMPROVING STREET CAR TYPE

Editorial Questioning if the Articulated Car Is the Last Word in Progress

PUTTING two ordinary street cars together with a connecting link in the form of a pliable box, through which the passengers enter and leave, is a device that cannot be said to have the appearance of perfection for the trolley car that time is expected to bring. The articulated car! It may do for a step in progress. It has its obvious advantages, but it is no more beautiful in form than in name. Already Boston is thinking of saying "snake-car," but some day, from the curbstone, where waits the patient passenger, will come a newly minted word that will describe but will not violate the proprieties of fair speech.

Fashions in trolley cars are only less fickle than in gowns, but with the better disposition to move steadily forward. The similarity rests in the absurdities of some of the styles developed along the way, some of the devices that are amusing after they have only a short time been out of use. It is only a little way back to the double deck car, which for a little afflicted the Boston landscape and put the overflow of passengers to the necessity of climbing stairs to an upper seat. The present articulation is good to the extent that it promises something better.

In behalf of the new car there is an argument of economy. The two cars are handled as one, providing for a double number of passengers with no addition to the crew. The public may well be interested in the saving. Theoretically it is so, as the argument that any new burden on the public service company must be finally borne by the patrons is just as sound when reversed—that any proper saving by the company comes back in lower fares and better service. Somehow that way of stating the principle is not quite so familiar and there will be a little doubt if it works out with the same certainty. Nevertheless it is good reasoning and ought to be given full credit.

Again the articulated car makes a particular appeal to favor in the present fashion of women's skirts, with its solution of the low step. Until skirts expand and relieve it of this point of favor, it will count among its friends that considerable proportion of the passengers to whom the usual step is difficult of negotiation. If the double-length of seats it affords is not used as an excuse for reducing the number of trips—that is to say if there are just as many articulated cars run over a route as there have been cars of the other sort—there is the probable reduction in the number of straphangers. There may be a doubt if the straphanger wants to be eliminated. Straphanging having become a habit and apparently being a source of pleasure to a considerable proportion of men, its removal is a doubtful pleasure. The delight of swinging from the strap, of getting the full motion of the car, the emphasis of its start and its stop even if not also imparting these to the feet of those who idly sit, is to be put away only with some question.

Seriously and soberly, the articulated car is not beautiful. It has a temporized, a makeshift, appearance. It may mark advance in the way towards the car that will please all passengers.

MONITORIALS

By NIXON WATERMAN

ABOUT NOW

The time is near, so we suppose,
When every thoughtful man 'll
Now lay aside his cotton clothes
And take unto his flannel.

New York city's municipal campaign appears to be fusion worse confused.

CONFESSION

"When you were in Rome, did you do as the Romans do?"

"No, when I was in Rome I was done as the Romans do Americans; I paid twice as much for all my souvenirs as a Roman would have had to pay."

BLOSSOM AND FRUIT

'Tween dreaming and doing there's a sight
Of difference, for the fact is
There's many a theory works all right
Till we put it into practise.

Inasmuch as the completion of the Panama canal will set a great many persons to talking about places down that way, it may be just as well for the public to remember that the name of the town at the northern end of the big ditch, on the Gulf of Mexico side is Co-lon, with the accent on the last syllable.

QUESTION

If we have a noble aim, we should
Be not too slow to show it,
For what is the good of being good
If we can't let people know it?

Ships Will Be Passing Through the
PANAMA CANAL
Within a few weeks. Two oceans are united —a continent divided. The eighth wonder of the world is practically complete.
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Have arranged their 1914 cruises to the West Indies so that tourists can see a canal in actual operation. The dates are
January 14, February 12, March 19.
In addition to the Canal the cruises include all ports of the Caribbean worth visiting. Cruises will be made by the world famous
S. S. "GROSSER KURFUERST"
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RATES $160 UP—Duration, 21 and 29 days
Send for itineraries, cabin plans and our new booklet, "To the Canal and Carribbean." Address
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83-85 State Street, Boston
The Key to Europe

E. M. MORRIS PASSES AWAY

CHICAGO—Edward M. Morris, president of Morris & Co., meat packers, passed away this morning.

ENGLISH GIRL FINDS CHILDREN OF BOSTON'S SETTLEMENTS AND SCHOOLS CLEAN AND HAPPY

AN English girl who is spending a few weeks in Boston has been going about among the schools and visiting some of the social institutions for the sake of noting conditions. When she made her visit to a settlement house this week, one of the Monitor's special writers took advantage of the opportunity to note some of her impressions. The visitor's interest in nearly everything she saw was most refreshing to witness.

"Why, how clean and happy the children look!" she exclaimed, as she peeped into the kindergarten room to watch the children at their games. "They seem to be having such a very good time. I noticed the same thing," she continued, "when I visited some of the Boston schools. There was such a happy atmosphere and the boys and girls and teachers, too, looked as if they were glad to be there. There wasn't any feeling of restraint, but everybody seemed perfectly free to act in a natural way. Of course it seemed strange to me to see boys and girls in the same room, but I believe it is a good thing. And when they had their lesson in mental arithmetic it was so surprising to watch how fast the teacher went and how many of the children got the right answer. I wondered, too, at not seeing children in ragged clothes or with bare feet. I had expected that, of course, there would be some like that.

Clean and Well Dressed

"There aren't any of them here, either," she added, turning once more to watch the settlement kindergarten games. "It is so different from what I had expected. The little girls have really pretty dresses, and all the children have such clean faces."

The surprise which the visitor felt in the kindergarten room was repeated many times as she continued her inspection of the settlement house. The cheery dining hall where the residents meet three times a day, the separate kitchen and dining room for the girls who come to the settlement to learn cooking, the pretty rooms belonging to the individual residents, some of them with an outlook over the roofs of the city, others looking down upon the sparkling waters of the Charles river, the well-equipped gymnasium, the many club and class rooms —all these filled her with amazement. "Aren't the people who live in this neighborhood fortunate?" she exclaimed as each new feature was explained to her. And when she was taken into the theater her wonder reached its climax.

"Who ever would think of such a thing!" she said again and again. "A balcony and footlights and everything else. And all these curious switches to turn on other lights, and all this scenery! Why, I never dreamed of finding all this in a settlement house, and I think it is splendid. Won't I have a lot to tell my friends in England, though, when I go back home!"

Out on the street again waiting for a car she said, "Do you know I don't understand why the ladies here don't ride bicycles. Just think how much time they could save, especially reporters. They would never have to stand and wait for cars, but could go after the news just any time they wanted to."

It was explained to her that American women used to ride bicycles but that the custom had gone out of style. The explanation did not satisfy the girl from England. If a thing was useful why should it go out of style, she questioned, and to this there seemed no altogether satisfactory answer.

Restaurants Puzzling

"I have found the Boston restaurants rather puzzling," she said a few moments later as the car reached the down town section. "I cannot understand why for a single order the waiters bring you twice as much as you can eat, and then the worst of it is you have to pay twice as much as you had planned. A nice little lunch as we get in the English shops I cannot get at all here. And then you have so many cereals on the bill of fare. That seems very strange to me. In England we never have any except porridge."

"Well, even if you don't care for the restaurants, you like the Boston people, don't you?"

"Oh, very much; very much indeed. They are so cordial, so friendly. I have not felt like a stranger here; it has seemed just like home. I never imagined an American city could seem so much like London as Boston does. It looks like London and it feels like London. And the people make you feel just as if you belonged to them. It has been delightful to be here, and I am so glad I came; but I should not care to live here. I think, for things cost so much, especially things to eat."

WORLD DEMOCRACY IS ADVOCATED BY JEWISH WOMAN

Mary Antin (Mrs. A. W. Grabau), a Jewish woman, who is establishing a chorus for the revival and preservation of Jewish folk songs in Boston, and who is author of "The Promised Land," advocated the idea of universal brotherhood before 1000 persons in Ford hall Sunday night. She took as her topic "The American Ideal," and in speaking of the constitution she said it was merely a commentary on the declaration of independence and she saw no reason why it should not be altered and amended as circumstances change.

"The fathers of this country may have built better than they knew when they framed the declaration, but it is not for us to give their words a narrower application. The children of Israel took the law of Moses as it stood and made every man, woman and child responsible to the law for all time. It is only by living up to an ideal that men have anything to boast of. The ideal in the declaration is that every one shall have a square deal."

Mrs. Grabau is the wife of a professor at Columbia University.

STORE NEWS

A series of addresses will be given by the management of the William Filene's Sons Company to the employees beginning Wednesday night. They will be given once a week for 12 weeks; J. R. Simpson will give the first three talks, T. K. Cory the second series, S. E. Kirstein the third and E. J. Frost is expected to return from Europe in time to give the last three. While the talk of each one will pertain primarily to the work of his own pyramid, it will have a distinct bearing upon the store organization as a whole, so that all will be benefited, whether they are directly connected with the particular work under discussion or not.

William W. Cahill, who was formerly with the R. H. White Company, is now located with the Gilchrist Company as floor superintendent.

Miss Anna White, who was formerly bundle girl in the millinery section of the Magrane Houston Company, has been promoted to the clerical work in the alteration department.

J. Goldberg, who has been located with the Henry Siegel Company, has joined the men's furnishing department of the William Filene's Sons Company.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

Progress and Slot Machines

SAN DIEGO UNION—One who thinks that this country is not progressing needs but to investigate the development of the nickel-in-the-slot machines. From peanuts to postage stamps there is little one cannot coax out of them. The latest device is decidedly a triumph of genius. One steps upon a platform, gazes into a small mirror directly in front, posing in his most attractive presentment, drops a nickel in the slot and the deed is done. There is a whirring of machinery and in a few seconds a finished tintype drops from the chute. The most remarkable feature of it is that the thing takes a very good picture. The likeness is just what one sees in the mirror, and it is his own fault if his friends do not like it.

One Kind of Good News

DALLAS NEWS—The newsiest item which appeared in our paper Saturday came from McKinney. And, since an item is newsy somewhat in the degree that the event it records is unusual, we doubt if we have printed a newsier one within a year, nor, possibly, within 10 of them. We reprint it in its entirety: "A. M. (Gus) Wilson, a large land owner in the Roland community, has made a donation of $2500 each to the Lone Elm school community and the Franklin school community to aid the people of those communities in building comfortable brick school buildings. The patrons are to vote on a special tax to supplement the amounts given by Mr. Wilson, and $7,000 or $8000 buildings may be erected. Mr. Wilson a year or two ago erected a neat school building and gave three acres of land to the Ash Grove school district, which adjoins one of his farms." Probably not 10 men in Texas have duplicated that feat, nor even approximated it. And it is equally probable that there are 10,000 who could. It is hardly necessary to add that Mr. Wilson has distinguished himself, and in a way that stands pretty near the top of the opportunities given to men of his means.

Better Cleaning of Streets

CHICAGO RECORD-HERALD — The bureau of streets has been thoroughly overhauled by the civil service commission and its efficiency division, and the result is an exhaustive report on the cleaning, repairing and improving of streets and alleys. The report recommends many needed measures and directs attention to strange shortcomings. There is no uniformity of service; there is no standard day's work; there is no responsibility; there is no instruction of new employees. The report proposes the appointment of a planning engineer and a staff of technical assistants. It hardly needs saying that no politics should enter into the appointment or removal of a single employee of the street bureau. There are other good recommendations in the report. Perhaps, if they were adopted and carried out, the nuisance and civic crime of dry sweeping would disappear. The streets and alleys are a mighty good place in or from which to start or continue the efficiency campaign. The citizen even as he runs gets daily and hourly a realizing sense of good, indifferent or bad administration from the condition of the streets and alleys.

N. Y. EXCHANGE MEMBER BEGAN AS A STENOGRAPHER

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Rollin C. Newton, member of the exchange for Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, is a native of New York city and has received his financial training entirely in Wall street. As a young man he entered the Guaranty

ROLLIN C. NEWTON

Trust Company in the capacity of a stenographer and remained in the same institution for 18 years, occupying the position of trust officer during the last five.

Mr. Newton left the Guaranty to become a general partner in Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, a German-American house which has been established in this country for more than 60 years.

In addition to holding the stock exchange membership, Mr. Newton is head of the bond department.

LAND FOR TRACK ACQUIRED

SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—Thirty transfers of property in the neighborhood of Government Hill have been recorded for the Southern Pacific railroad, and is for the purpose of running a spur track from the main tracks to Ft. Sam Houston, says the Express.

LITERARY NOTES

THE Luxe of the Little Drum," by Margaret Peterson, which Joseph Conrad and W. J. Locke acting as judges, chose as worthy of the $1250 prize offered by a firm of English publishers, has found swift publicity here.

* * *

Princeton University, following the lead of Columbia, Yale and Harvard, has organized a university press, which will supervise selection and publication of books deemed worthy of the university's imprint. The Scribner family of New York city a few years ago gave the college periodicals a handsome publishing headquarters at Princeton, which will now take in a higher titled guest. An attractive list of substantial books already is announced.

* * *

Special studies of the effect of residence in the United States upon definite races or groups of immigrants are beginning to appear as guides to natives who wish to further the process of assimilation. T. Burgess has written such a book on the Greeks, which Sherman, French & Co. publish.

* * *

The arrival in the United States of Ludwig Fulda, a novelist, dramatist, essayist and social commentator of Germany, is announced. He comes to deliver lectures in German before societies wishing to get light on contemporary trends and currents in the fatherland. The Germanistic Society of America is his sponsor and host.

* * *

The Harvard University Press is offering a translation of the "De Architectura" of Vitruvius which was made by Prof. M. H. Morgan. Of books that are to come later one of the best will be the lectures on Dante given last year by William Boyd-Carpenter to Harvard students.

* * *

George F. Tucker, author of "The Income Tax of 1895," has compiled promptly a similar work on the new income tax, which Little, Brown & Co. publish.

* * *

Prof. Bliss Perry of Harvard has done well to use the Harvard Alumni Bulletin for a personal tribute to the late William Garrott Brown, an Alabamian with the best traditions of southern culture, who a few years ago held a prominent place in Cambridge intellectual circles while serving in the university library and as a lecturer on American history. To distinction of style and wealth of knowledge, Mr. Brown added a high sense of civic duty, and it is doubtful whether a sounder thinker on national problems has been produced from men of his generation in the South.

* * *

Prof. Hiram Bingham's book, "The Monroe Doctrine, an Obsolete Shibboleth," has gone into a second edition. The first edition is only three weeks old.

* * *

Having had in Mary Antin's "The Promised Land" a fascinating story of American assimilation of a Russian Jewess, the American public is now to have furnished it by the Atlantic Monthly another record of the same kind. The writer, the Rev. Abraham Mitrie Ribany, present pastor of the Boston church over which James Freeman Clarke used to rule, is a native of Syria, and came to this country as a small lad. He will tell of what America has meant to an Asiatic from the near east.

* * *

Lovers of nature who know the beauties of the hills around about Williams College will appreciate "The Mountains About Williamstown," which Prof. George Lansing Raymond has written.

* * *

Prof. J. Irving Manatt of the Greek department of Brown University is at work on a new edition of his "The Mycean Age."

* * *

American friends and correspondents of Prof. Edward Dowden are requested by his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth D. Dowden of Dublin, Ireland, to lend her any letters that were written by the eminent man of letters and which it may have been their good fortune to have saved. Literary, political and general topics, if dealt with in the missives, will make them valuable for publication.

* * *

Classicists are deploring the closing of the career of Robinson Ellis, one of the greatest of English authorities on Latin literature.

* * *

A French translation of the correspondence of Carlyle and Emerson, made by M. Lepointe and published by Armand Colin, shows the vitality of interest in these major figures of the last century.

* * *

An American youth full of ambition has been discovered whose literary output for one year has been stated by him to be 500 poems and 25 stories, mostly accepted and printed.

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For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN UNDER THIS HEAD TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

The advertisements under this head are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—MALE

ASSEMBLING FOREMAN, light auto slot machine, new department just starting; $3.50 day to start; $4.50 day after department gets running. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass. 8

BLACKSMITH and woodworker; in Dorchester; must be experienced. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

BLACKSMITH'S HELPER, in Charlestown; experienced on wagons; $12 per week. Call or send stamp for blank, STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

BUYER (asst.) on shoes, res. Cambridge, 19 yrs. exp. on shoes, $3, married, good ref., $16-$18 per wk.; mention 11,120. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

CARPENTER in Edgeworth, $17-$18 wk. Call or send stamp for blank, STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

CARPENTER and millwright, has an A1 kit of tools for both positions, good ref. and exp., awaits an offer; Mention 11,118. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

CLOTH LINING CUTTER, in South Boston; $16-$18 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

DESIGNER, light fine work on special machinery; 5 to 6 years experience; $3.50-$4 day. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass. 8

DINKER in cutting room, on shoes, $10 week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

GEM OPERATOR, in South Boston; $2 per day; must be experienced. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

GEM OPERATOR, in South Boston; $2 per day. Cal lor send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

GRINDER, Brown & Sharpe small cylindrical; $2.50 day. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass. 8

JOB PRESSFEEDER, in Stoughton; $9-$10 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

JOB PRESS FEEDER in Stoughton, $9-$10 week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

JOB PRESSMAN, in Stoughton; $12 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

LATHE HAND, Jones & Lamson turret; $2.25-$3 day. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass. 8

LATHE HANDS, in West Lynn, 35c per hour. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

LINEMEN in Whitman; see employer in city; $3.50 per day; need 3 experienced men. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

MACHINIST, res. Boston, 39, single, good ref. and exp., awaits an offer; mention 11,122. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960.

MAN AND WIFE to care for furnace and halls in return for large sunny kitchen, coal and gas; good references required. MISS R. J. DAY, 708 Commonwealth av., Boston. 8

MILLING MACHINE OPERATOR, A1 man about 30 years of age; chance to work up to foreman; $3 day to start. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass. 8

PAPER HANGER in Dorchester, paid by roll. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

PAPER RULER, first-class, with knowledge of bookbinding; steady work the year round. Address full particulars to MINOTT PRINTING & BINDING CO., Greenfield, Mass. 8

PLUMBER in Brookline, $18 week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

SCRAPER HANDS, in West Lynn, 30-32½c hour. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

SLATER, in Malden; $3-$4 per day. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

SLATER, in Malden; $3-$4 per day. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

STENOGRAPHER and shipping clerk, res. Waltham, 19, single, good education, ref. and exp., $12-$15 per wk.; mention 11,117. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

TOOLMAKER or A1 machinist, res. Somerville, 30, single, good education, ref. and exp., $3.25 per day, has had exp. as experimental machinist; mention 11,121. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

TOOLMAKER, in West Lynn, jigs and furniture work, 30-32½c hour. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

TURRET LATHE HANDS, Jones & Lamson, in West Lynn, 32½c hour. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

UPHOLSTERER, in Roxbury; $15-$18 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

UPHOLSTERER, in Roxbury; repair man; $12-$18 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

VERTICAL BORING MILL HANDS in West Lynn, 30-32½c hour, night work. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

WANTED—Man and wife on farm, to live either in the house or the cottage; woman to help with housework. R. D. HILL, Shagbark Farm, Norwich, Conn. 8

WANTED—Man to thread taps with a die; a little tool-making experience preferred; also a man with some machinist and tool-making experience for repair work. F. E. WELLS & SON CO., Greenfield, Mass. 8

WANTED—Weavers for elastic suspender and hole webs. T. MARTIN & BRO. MFG. CO., Chelsea, Mass. 8

WANTED—Bright young man in real estate office who is familiar with business and who knows Brookline well; advancement certain for energetic man. ALBERT M. BEERS, manager Brookline Real Estate Company, 1302 Beacon st., Brookline, Mass. 8

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

BINDERY GIRL, to learn, over 16 years of age; $4 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

BOOKKEEPER WANTED, experienced. GEO. DIETZ CO., 69 Chestnut st., Boston. 3

COOK—Wanted, good general woman for Rochester, N. Y. MRS. C. E. WARNER, Filene's Restaurant, Boston. 4

CORSET FITTERS, stitchers and finishers wanted. MRS. ELEANOR CLAFF, 462 Boylston st., Room 301, Boston. 6

DISTRIBUTORS for Boston and vicinity to distribute coupons, no selling; neat appearing ladies only; call Monday, Nov. 3, and Tuesday, Nov. 4; $1.50 per day and fare. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

DRESSMAKER, experienced on coats; $7 per week; city. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

ENVELOPE MAKER, experienced on machine work. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st, Boston. 5

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

ERRAND GIRL, some sewing; in furrier's; in city; $4 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

ERRAND GIRL wanted at once; also first-class waist finisher and skirt finisher. Apply at once, MISS JULIA S. CONLEY, 739 Boylston st., Boston. 8

FACTORY GIRLS over 16 years of age with certificates, for mfg. concerns in and around Boston; call any day at 9 a. m. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

FACTORY GIRLS about 30 miles out of town, high-grade help only; $6 week to start, with opportunity of making $12-$15 later; boarding house for girls with board and room at $3.50 week. Call or send for blank, STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

FOLDERS, bindery, city; $7.50 per week Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

GENERAL HOUSEWORK maid wanted; experienced; with references. A. P. HARDY, 49 Las Casas st., Malden, Mass. 6

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Experienced woman, good cook; Protestant preferred; one who likes children; no washing; wages $7. MRS. A. H. WARD, 241 Canton av., Milton, Mass. 6

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER wanted; reliable woman, good plain cook; references; family of three; wages $6; no washing or heavy housecleaning. MRS. ADAM P. HOLDEN, 15 Maple ter., Auburndale, Mass.; tel. Newton West 859M. 4

GENERAL HOUSEWORK MAID wanted in family of 2; small washing; wages $7; Protestant preferred. MRS. J. W. BELL, Needham, Mass.

GIRL WANTED for general work; go home nights preferred. MRS. R. NAGEL, 20 Havilland st., Suite 17, Boston. 3

HAND LASTER on slippers in Chelsea, piece work. Call or send for blank, STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

LINOTYPE OPERATOR, Somerville, $15 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

NURSERY MAID WANTED—Thoroughly competent, capable of taking entire care of three children; references required. Apply by letter only to MRS. ROBERT C. BULL, 134 Vernon st., Hartford, Conn. 3

OFFICE GIRL and file clerk; temporary; $6 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

OFFICE GIRL, Back Bay, 16 years of age; $4 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

PAPER BOX MAKER, experienced on bench work, Watertown, $7 week. Call or send for blank, STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

PAPER BOX MAKERS, experienced on stripping machine, Watertown, $9 week. Call or send for blank, STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

PIANIST for Florida, $5 per wk; with board and room; fare paid one way; call Dec. 1. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

POWER STITCHER, experienced on custom made petticoats; $9 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

POWER STITCHER on sweaters, East Boston; piecework. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

PRESSING MACHINE OPERATOR, must be experienced, $8 week, in city. Call or send for blank, STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

SALESGIRL, small store in South End; evening work; $5 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

SALESWOMAN, from Nov. 1 until Christmas; $6 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

SEAMSTRESS with dressmaker in Back Bay; $5-$10 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

STITCHERS wanted to make petticoats; power machine; good wages. KNIGHTS & CO., 7 Temple pl., Boston. 4

TYPIST, office in the South End; $4 per week to begin. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

VIOLINIST for Florida, $5 per wk with board and room; fare paid one way; call Dec. 1. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

WAIST DRAPER wanted; must be first-class; also skirt maker. Apply A. M. NICHOLSON, 500 Boylston st., Boston. 5

WAIST FINISHER, experienced, in dressmaker's establishment in city; $7-$9 per week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

WAIST FINISHER and skirt finisher, first-class, wanted at once. MISS J. L. CONLEY, 739 Boylston st., Boston. 4

WAITRESSES for Florida, to go about Jan. 1, $3 per wk, with board and room; fare paid one way; must headwaiter Dec. 1. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

WAITRESSES, restaurants and hotels in Boston and vicinity; best time to call is 10-12 a. m. or 2-3 p. m. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

WANTED—An experienced and competent alteration hand for gowns and waists. Apply by letter only to BROOKS & CO., New Haven, Conn. 6

WANTED—Experienced and competent fur coat finishers and liners. Apply by letter only, BROOKS & CO., New Haven, Conn. 6

WANTED—Middle-aged woman as working housekeeper in small family; one who wishes a good home with pleasant surroundings. MRS. C. F. PIERCE, 119 Woburn st., West Medford, Mass. 8

WANTED—Refined woman to assist in care of 2 children in return for good home; moderate wages; permanent position. MRS. FREDERICK O. BARTLETT, 1640 Cambridge st., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 22417 Cambridge. 8

WANTED—Chambermaid; to go home nights. E. R. FITCTETT, 42 Mt. Vernon st., Boston. 8

WANTED—Colored girl for second work in small boarding house. Phone 5057-M Brookline, or call MRS. E. MYERS, 35 Beals st., Brookline, Mass. 8

WANTED—Educated woman of ability for position of trust in department store; to teach and develop salespeople; must be energetic, enthusiastic and altruistic; one interested in social service will find this an interesting proposition; address by letter only, giving full information. THE SHARTENBERG & ROBINSON CO., New Haven, Conn. 8

WANTED—Girl to assist with care of children and light housework in small Brookline apartment. Call MRS. PHILIP WARREN, 1335 Commonwealth av., Brookline, Mass. 4

WANTED—General housework girl; good cook; colored or white. MRS. E. W. BREWER, 320 Lamartine st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. Tel. 833-2 Jamaica. 6

WANTED—First-class all-round dressmaker, capable of finishing and draping waists and skirts; none other need apply; first-class wages paid; steady employment for right party. MRS. M. C. PERKINS, Dressmaking Parlor, Odd Fellows bldg., South Manchester, Conn. 6

WIRE STITCHER, experienced, city, 13c-14c hour. Call or send for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wanted in small family; good wages; good home; permanent position to right party; Please call or telephone after 6 o'clock evenings. MRS. C. D. HAYES, 49 Royal st., Allston, Mass. Tel. Brighton 690-W. 6

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WIRE STITCHER, experienced, $7.50 per week; in city. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 5

YOUNG LADY wanted to learn shorthand and typewriting in public stenographer's office in exchange for services; books furnished. L. G. LOGGIE, 141 Milk st., Room 141, Boston. 6

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

A MARRIED MAN employed in the forenoon would like work afternoons; would accept steady whole day employment. ALBERT E. FARRELL, 61 Baldwin st., Everett, Mass. 3

ANALYTICAL CHEMIST of wide experience and practise desires position requiring a good chemist; best references; salary of secondary consideration. Address A. B. WERBY, 108 Howland st., Roxbury, Mass. 8

APPRENTICE would like to learn decorating; residence Everett, age 22, single; good reference and experience; $10-$12 per week; mention 11144. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 8

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and cashier, 5 years' experience, desires position. JOSEPH W. BERNARDI, 29 Leyden st., East Boston. 5

BELLMAN—General work wanted by young man; good references; willing and obliging; will go anywhere. HERBERT GOODNOW, 294 Columbus av., Boston. 8

BOOKKEEPER and general office man with executive experience desires responsible position in or near Boston; 14 years with last employer; 36, single; A1 references. R. H. SCHMIDT, P. O. Box 1793, Boston. 5

BOOKKEEPER and salesman, res. W. Roxbury, age 25, married, good ref. and exp., $18-$25 per wk., knowledge of Spanish, French and German; mention 11,149. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier and typist, res. Medford, age 26, married, good education, ref. and exp., 35-50c. per hr., could work only after 6 p. m.; mention 11,150. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

BOOKKEEPER, residence Brighton, 40, married, 20 years' experience as bookkeeper; good penman; $18-$25 week; mention 11138. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

BOY (18), grammar school education, wants work where he can learn a trade. P. T. COPELAND, Shaw st., Braintree. 3

BOY with good references wants work in private house. CHAS. H. STEWART, 14 Ceylon st., Roxbury, Mass.

BOY (16) wants work after school and Saturdays; can do shorthand, typewriting. P. R. TUNSTELL, 20 Sarsfield st., Roxbury, Mass. 6

BUSINESS MAN and accountant, experienced, desires position with reliable parties where efficiency and responsibility are wanted; 39, exceptional reference, bond. JAMES W. ADAMS, Station A, Boston. 5

BUTLER OR GENERAL MAN wants situation in private family; experienced; references. JOE PETERSON, 176 W. Springfield st., Boston. 6

CARETAKER—Married man wants position on gentleman's place or as foreman on farm; references given. HENRY P. JUDKINS, Lakeview Cottage, Oxford, Me. 6

CARPENTER wants work of any kind; will work with tools or can take charge. J. J. MULLINS, 20 Claremont pk., Boston; tel. 2082-M Trem.

CHAUFFEUR, temperate, willing worker, wants situation, private or truck; own repairs; good references. EDWARD P. ROCKETT, 14 Gardner st., Worcester, Mass. 3

CHAUFFEUR AND GENERAL MAN—Young colored man wants position; skilful driver and willing to work at moderate salary. Address CLIFTON MADDOX, 57 Hayes st., Cambridge, Mass. 4

CHAUFFEUR wants position; can give good references; honest and temperate. MARTIN TAMMIK, 65 Brooks st., East Boston. 6

CHAUFFEUR desires work at once; delivery auto preferred; good references. FERDINAND ROUSSEAU, 691 Merrimack st., Lowell, Mass. 4

CHAUFFEUR desires position; experienced; references furnished; familiar with Cadillac, Stevens-Duryea, Winton; factory experience. THOMAS FLAVELL, 110 Concord av., Somerville. 8

CHAUFFEUR—On account of putting up car for winter, gentleman wishes position for absolutely reliable man, splendid driver and mechanic. ALBERT H. BROCK, 1470 Beacon st., Brookline, Mass. Tel. 5656.

CHAUFFEUR wants work on private car or truck; 9 years' experience; American; 38; will go any place; reference. ARCHIE VITTUM, care Mrs. I. M. Lake, 908 Blue Hill av., Dorchester. Phone 637-W Dor. 8

CHEMICAL LABORATORY WORK or anything in mechanical line wanted by married man (25). ALBERT F. PERKINS, 171 Willow av., Somerville, Mass. 8

CHIEF ENGINEER (first class) and master mechanic, residence Fall River, 46, married, good experience and references; $25 month; mention 11131. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

CHOREMAN (colored) desires position. R. LLEWELYN, 241 W. Canton st., Boston. 4

CLERK (31), wishes position in wholesale office in Boston; good references; 13 years' experience; high school graduate. HAROLD P. WHITCOMB, 86 Ridge rd., Dorchester Center, Mass. 3

CLERK, shipping, receiving, etc.—Position wanted by American (39); well educated; willing to take other work. CHARLES H. KEHEW, 19 Nevada st., Winthrop, Mass. 8

CLERK—Young man desires position in office, with time to study; experienced bookkeeper; best of references. CHARLES LEE, 285 Lexington st., East Boston. 5

COLLECTOR OR TRAVELING SALESMAN—American young man would like position anywhere, on salary. F. O. DAY, 3 Hancock st., Boston. 3

COLLEGE MAN (25), ambitious, 3 years' experience bookkeeping, desires position with reliable concern offering future; wholesale and retail selling experience. C. O. LATHROP, 10 Elgin st., West Roxbury. 8

COMPANION, VALET—Young man (20, American), wants position with gentleman or family; best of references. J. M. SMITH, 225 Broadway, Cambridge, Mass. 4

COOK (colored) wants work. B. EMSLEY, 24 Buckingham st., Boston. 8

CORNETIST wants position in orchestra; not professional, but plays well. SAMUEL HALJUN, 143 Harvard st., Dorchester, Mass. 8

DRAFTSMAN (architectural), residence Melrose Highlands, age 27, single; if also a mechanical draftsman and transit man, good reference and experience, $15-$18 per week; mention 11140. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

DRAUGHTSMAN and colorist desires opening; graduate of Massachusetts Normal Art school; experienced. I. M. RICHARDSON, 29 Fuller st., Waltham, Mass. 4

DRIVER OF LIGHT TEAM desires position; would care for animals; married; references. ARTHUR MILTON, Kenmore Kennels, Readville, Mass. 4

ELECTRICAL MACHINIST (German), 12 years' experience in trade all-round; very best references. Z. CHASKEL, 39 Cambridge st., Boston. 8

EMPLOYMENT wanted for evenings; shorthand, French and Spanish. FREDERICK LEES, 14 Lawrence st., Boston. 8

ENGINEER (first or second) and superintendent of office building, residence Boston, 43, good education, reference and experience; $21-$25 week; mention 11133. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

ENGINEER, superintendent; office buildings, institutions, all types plants; 20 years' experience; first class Massachusetts license, temperate; wants responsible position. Boston; references. LEO L. ROGERS, 26 Forrest st., Winthrop, Mass. 3

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ENGINEER (third class), residence Somerville, 28, married, good education, references and experience, $18 week; mention 11135. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

ENGINEER (second class), residence Lawrence, age 36, married; good reference and experience; $17-$18 per week; mention 11141. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

ERRAND BOY (colored) 17 would like position; any kind of work. Call or address GEORGE F. WILLIAMS, 7 Dilworth st., Boston. 6

FARM WORK wanted, Missouri, preferred; references. JAMES A. MURRAY, 29 Alden st., Plymouth, Mass. 3

FARM WORK wanted, stock or other, by colored man. WESLEY LANEY, 23 Dundee st., Boston. 8

FIREMAN, second-class license, married (30), desires position at once; experienced on high-pressure boilers. JAMES F. RUSSELL, 7 King st., Cochituate, Mass. 4

GENERAL ALL-ROUND MAN, mulatto, wants steady work; temperate and reliable; club and hotel experience. JOSEPH MANUEL, 237 Norfolk st., Cambridge, Mass. 6

GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted by young colored man; understands driving automobile. B. T. MAXWELL, 91 Clark st., Cambridgeport. 4

GENERAL MAN wants work around place; can drive auto, care for horse and stock, etc.; permanent place and fair dealing more consideration than money; will go anywhere. G. A. BOWLEY, 453 Massachusetts av.; Boston. 4

GENERAL WORK—Young man (30) desires position of any sort; married. Address O. BACHMAN, 141 Worcester, Boston. 4

GENERAL WORK wanted by young man, willing and obliging; willing to leave town. Phone reply to JACK COWBURN, 6 Dwight st., Boston. 4

GENERAL WORK wanted by capable man who can do almost anything; A1 references. H. N. MORGAN, 3140 Washington st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 6

HANDY MAN—Capable, reliable; day labor, farm work; steady place. DOMINIQUE DE SHARO, 260 East st., Dedham, Mass. 8

HEAD GARDENER (single), 25 years' experience, inside and out 4½ years in last place; best references; disengaged Dec. 1. THOMAS H. NORTHNAP, 225 Puritan rd., Swampscott, Mass., care C. H. Bond estate. 8

HOUSECLEANING of all kinds wanted by colored couple; also accommodating, cooking. FRANK RHODES, 214 Northampton st., Boston. 8

HOUSEWORK—Young man (19), reliable; newly landed; can understand English; desires work in family. L. HUSIS, 87 Appleton st., Boston. Mass. 5

INTERPRETER (Italian), res. Rhode Island, age 28, single, good ref. and exp., $14-$18 per wk.; mention 11,152. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960.

IRON BENCH MOULDER, residence Leominster, 42, married, good references and experience, $3 day; mention 11130. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

JANITOR or assistant, married, wants work; understands steam and hot water heating, building repairs and laboring work. WILLIAM MARSHALL, 59 Compton st., Boston. 3

JANITOR or night man, res. Dorchester, 21, single, good ref. and exp., $10-$12 per wk.; mention 11,127. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

JANITOR—Industrious man, temperate, handy with tools, repairs locks, makes keys, job carpenter; rooms in building if possible. F. H. WHEELER, 922 Harrison av., Boston. 3

JANITOR, PORTER or any other work wanted by colored man; strong and willing to work. STEPHEN EDWIN, 4 Chester pl., Boston. 6

JANITOR, PORTER OR GENERAL WORKER—Colored man wants situation; willing and obliging; good references. SAM. M. JONES, 54 Newcomb st., Boston. 8

JANITOR—Mechanic, steady, reliable, wants general work; good all-round man. WM. CHAS. BROWN, 22 Washington st., Boston. 8

MACHINIST, residence Everett, 58, married, good references and experience; 33½c. hour; mention 11136. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

MACHINIST, all-round, experienced on large and small tools, gauge and micrometers; will work on heavy and fine work. T. PROSKY, 25 Billerica st., Boston.

MAN AND WIFE want situation; caretaker and janitor, temperate, good references. MRS. ANNIE PEABODY, 6 Everett sq., Allston, Boston. 4

MAN AND WIFE (colored) want position in boarding house; wife good cook, can handle a number of boarders; city or country; good reference. Write N. J. BEACHUM, 188 Northampton st., Boston. 4

MARRIED MAN (43) would like a job outside of shoe shop; temperate and willing to work. Address E. O. WHITTIER, 10 Fayette st., East Lynn, Mass. 3

MARRIED MAN, two children, understands fruit culture and farming of all kinds, would like position at once. J. S. SEELEY, 34 Sport Hill rd., Bridgeport, Conn. 4

MECHANIC—American, married, practical, thorough mechanic, experienced jigs, tools, dies, all kinds, and complicated machinery; been chief designer, foreman and superintendent. JAS. E. KENERSON, 15 Linwood st., Cliftondale, Mass. 8

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, drafting and designing, residence South Boston, 30, single, good references and experience, knowledge of German and French; spent 5½ years at University of Vienna; awaits an offer; mention 11132. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

OFFICE BOY, residence Roxbury, age 17, single; good reference and experience; $7 per week; mention 11139. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

OFFICE CLERK or salesman, res. Boston, 26, married, good education, ref. and exp., $9-$10 per wk.; mention 11,128. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

OFFICE CLERK, res. Boston, 39, single, good ref. and exp., awaits an offer; mention 11,122. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

PORTER—Educated young Greek wants situation; or would run elevator. CHARLES BESSANT, 16 Tyler st., Boston. 3

PORTER, janitor, elevator man; colored; licensed; references. ROYAL BUTLER, 1 Concord pl., Boston. 4

PORTER, licensed; elevator operator's work wanted by reliable colored man; best of references. W. A. HAZARD, 8 Mills st., Roxbury, Mass. 4

PORTER OR GENERAL MAN—Colored man wants work; references. FREDERICK MILLER, 114 Clark st., Cambridge, Mass. 6

PRIVATE SECRETARY—Experienced young man, at present employed, would like position with gentleman at home or traveling; can operate motor car; A1 references. RALPH E. KAYE, 66 Dix st., Dorchester, Mass. 4

OTHER ADVERTISEMENTS FOR HELP WANTED

but not complying with the rules governing insertion in these columns

MAY BE FOUND ON THE REGULAR CLASSIFIED PAGE

Which Should Be Consulted

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

RIDING MASTER would like position; also willing to drive for private family. BENEDICT JUCCI, 40 Hull st., Boston. 4

SALESMAN (traveling) or collector, residence Leominster, 42, married, good references and experience; $15 week and expenses; mention 11130. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

SALESMAN, 20 years in wholesale beef and provision line, wants position, New York or New England; satisfactory references. F. E. MATTHEWS, East Longmeadow, Mass. 8

SHIPPER and office assistant, res. E. Boston, age 31, single, good ref and exp., $12 per wk; mention 11,151. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

STEEL BLOWER or chemist; 8 years' experience. ALBERT F. PERKINS, 171 Willow av., Somerville, Mass. 8

STOCK CLERK AND SHIPPER—Small jobbing house; young man with 10 years' experience; best of references. E. L. CHENEY, 25 Payson av., Dorchester, Mass. 4

STENOGRAPHER and general office clerk, res. Cambridge, 24, single, good education, ref. and exp., is also a justice of the peace, $12 per wk.; mention 11,129. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

STUDENT would like room and board or equivalent for work during spare time. F. LAMOREAUX, 1127 Commonwealth av., Allston, Mass. 5

STUDENT wants position as janitor or anything else, for board and room or its equivalent. GEORGE ALISTON, Tufts Medical College, Boston. 8

WAITER or general man (colored) wants work in private family. HENRY BATTEN, 606 Shawmut av., Roxbury, Mass. 4

WAITERS—Two experienced colored men desire positions, together or separately, in private family, boarding house or institution; can furnish good references. EDWARD COLLINS, 72 Compton st., Boston. 5

WANTED—Position of trust in private family by colored man; temperate, reliable and industrious; good knowledge of French. HENRY F. ARCHIBALD, 15 Notre Dame st., Boston. 4

WANTED—Business opportunity by man (33) with family; desirous of leaving present business; references. ARTHUR A. CAPWELL, 193 Chandler av., Pawtucket, R. I. 4

WATCHMAN, or any light work wanted; good references. JOHN M. KELLY, 12 Lafayette st., Bradford, Mass. 8

WOODWORKER (42), 20 years' experience at trade, wishes position as instructor in industrial school; best of references. CHARLES E. McDONAH, 277 Dudley st., Roxbury, Mass. 4

YOUNG MAN (German) desires to take care small house; can take care of boiler and do general work; is also a machinist. FRANZ C. M. MEIER, 34 Eliot st., Boston. 4

YOUNG MAN, well educated but imperfect English, wishes position in private family; general work, etc.; good recommendations. K. KORESSIAN, 16 Mt. Hood pk., Lynn, Mass. 3

YOUNG MAN would like position as teamster or all-round farm hand. Address E. J. RAYMOND, 40 Houghton st., Worcester, Mass. 3

YOUNG MAN (American, 18) wishes position where there is opportunity for advancement. ATWOOD TOWLE, 198 Medford st., Somerville, Mass. 4

YOUNG MAN (American, 22) desires position with opportunity for advancement; will take any kind of work with reliable firm; quick and smart. ELMER W. HAAS, 957 Broadway, Everett, Mass. 5

YOUNG MAN (colored) desires position of any kind; 6½ years' postoffice experience; references; prefer large firm. ALBERT E. SMITH, 123 Dartmouth st., Boston. 5

YOUNG MAN (28) wishes position; experienced in shipping, weighing, collecting and selling. J. A. OSMOND, 231 Florence st., Roslindale, Mass. 6

YOUNG MAN (19) wants work; would like to work into a business; has had some working experience. JAMES SHAUGHNESSY, 7 Quincy st., Roxbury, Mass. 6

YOUNG MAN (21) high school graduate, wants position in a manufacturing concern; mechanical work or general office work; ambitious, willing; references. A. D. WILKINESS, 202 Washington st., Brookline, Mass.

YOUNG MAN (23) desires position; good references; with present employers nearly 7 years. CHARLES KAPLAN, 10 Rose st., Boston. 8

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ACCOMMODATOR — Cooking, waitress, chambermaid, and sewing by day or week wanted by young lady with best references. MISS M. E. BRENNAN, Gen. Del., Chestnut Hill, Mass.; tel. Brook. 5124-M. 4

ACCOMMODATOR for party work; experienced. MRS. KENNEDY, 303 Western av., Allston, Mass. 8

AMERICAN WOMAN would like mending, darning, plain sewing by the day. MRS. WHITNEY, 745 Huntington av., Suite 2, Boston. 6

ASSISTANT MANAGER in small boarding house; position wanted by young lady. FLORENCE E. PYE, 86 Waterville st., Waterbury, Conn. 5

ATTENDANT wants position; best references. A. M. WILSON, 11 Woodbine st., Roxbury, Mass. 6

ATTENDANT—At liberty after Nov. 23; go anywhere; price moderate. Write, tel. or call, Tremont 2089-J. ELIZABETH E. WILLIAMS, 16 Upton st., Boston. 3

ATTENDANT—Maine woman wants situation; references. MRS. ELLA CARTER, Maynard, Mass. Box 894. 8

ATTENDANT—Protestant middle-aged woman wants situation; would assist in other work. MRS. JEANNE WALKER, 30 Langley rd., Newton Center, Mass. 8

ATTENDANT-COMPANION — Position desired by a refined Protestant woman, well educated; will travel; would consider position of managing housekeeper. I. E. JENKS, 3½ Wendel st., Cambridge, Mass. 8

ATTENDANT-COMPANION would like situation. FRANCES TAYLOR, 68 Pleasant st., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. Cambridge 2658-W. 3

ATTENDANT-COMPANION of refinement and ability seeks position with elderly people, going south; adaptable; references. HELEN R. GORHAM, 263 West Newton st., Boston. Tel. B. B. 665-M. 8

ATTENDANT-MAID—Lady's maid or seamstress; good experience and references. CATHERINE MAURICE, 91 Waltham st., Boston. 6

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, res. Mattapan, age 30, single, good ref. and exp., $18-$20 per wk; mention 10,294. STATE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 5

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, res. Boston, age 45, single, has had 15 yrs. exp. as bookkeeper and stenographer, $12 per wk.; mention 10,774. STATE EM

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

The advertisements under this head are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN UNDER THIS HEAD TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

YOUNG WOMAN, capable, responsible, experienced in law library, social service, clerical and secretarial work; references; wants work in any line. THEODORA BAILEY, 100 Gainsborough st., Boston. 5

YOUNG WOMAN would like work by the day. M. HILL, 3 William St. ter., Boston. 4

EASTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

CHINA STOCKMAN, experienced, wanted by GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York. Apply at superintendent's office, main building. 8

EXPERIENCED ENGINEER, with clerical knowledge, for large tannery; state reference, experience and salary expected; permanent position. G. LENOR & CO., Gloversville, N. Y. 4

EXPERIENCED CHINA STOCKMEN wanted by GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York. Apply at Superintendent's Office, main bldg. 5

EXPERIENCED FURNITURE PACKERS and finishers wanted by GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO. Apply at warehouse, 251 W. 17th st., New York. 5

EXPERIENCED HARNESS MAKER wanted; able to operate on sewing machine. Apply at Superintendent's Office, main bldg., GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York. 5

MAN AND WIFE, Protestant, as cook and butler in small family. MRS. J. C. LOURQ, 126 S. 19th st., Philadelphia. 5

OILCLOTH AND LINOLEUM CUTTER'S HELPER wanted by GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York. Apply at Superintendent's Office, main bldg. 3

PIANIST AND VIOLINIST wanted—Young men of pleasant address to teach at $1-$1.75 per hour, according to ability; also board in good home in exchange for several hours' secretary work daily; good opportunity for advancement. YONKERS INST. OF MUSICAL ART, Warburton av., Yonkers, N. Y. 4

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COMPETENT GIRL wanted for general housework in apartment; family of two, plain cook and laundress; references required. MRS. JAMES M. LE COSTE, 140 Wadsworth av., New York. 4

CORSETS—Repairers, steel stitchers and strippers wanted; good pay and steady work in model workroom. KOPS BROS., 16th st and Irving pl., New York. 4

EXPERIENCED GLOVE MENDER wanted by GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York. Apply at Superintendent's Office, main bldg. 5

EXPERT MARCEL WAVER wanted by GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York. Apply at Superintendent's Office, main bldg. 5

GERMAN GIRL wanted for general housework, suburban town near New York; family 4 adults, 2 children; personal references required. MRS. B. F. BAILEY, 219 West 81st st., New York. 4

MAIL ORDER CORRESPONDENTS, experienced, wanted; permanent positions and good salaries. Apply at superintendent's office, main building, GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York. 8

MAID to do plain cooking, washing, ironing and assist with housework; family of three adults; $5.50 a week. MRS. W. H. RAU, 2207 North 13th st., Philadelphia. 5

MAN AND WIFE, Protestant, as cook and butler in small family. MRS. J. C. LOURQ, 126 S. 19th st., Philadelphia. 5

NECKWEAR—Experienced boxers on men's neckwear. ZIMMERMAN & LEVI, 709 Broadway, N. Y. 4

SEWERS—Experienced on silk lamp shades; easy hours; good pay. GEO. C. LYNCH CO., 829 E. 29th st., New York. Apply by letter only. 4

TRIMMERS, experienced, to make bows for infants' dresses. W. L. LEAVY, 132 Havemeyer st., cor. South 1st st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 5

WANTED—General housekeeper or mother's helper, with good references and fond of children; with washing, salary $25; without washing, $20. MRS. THOMAS BANCROFT, 8 Chestnut Hill av., White Plains, N. Y. 4

WANTED—Good cook and laundress; German or Protestant; 2 in family; butler employed. MRS. HARRY B. FOWLER, 112 Heller Parkway, Newark, N. J. 3

WANTED—Good plain cook to assist with laundry work; also competent chambermaid and waitress (white). Tel. 91 Columbus or 256 West 74th st., New York city. MRS. E. L. NORTON. 6

WANTED—In New York suburb, lady under 35 as mother's helper; care of boy (2½), help with baby (6 months). MRS. J. T. NICHOLS, 100 Hillside av., Englewood, N. J. 8

WANTED—Young woman of refinement as mother's helper; care of boy 2½ years; partial care of baby six months. MRS. J. T. NICHOLS, 100 Hillside av., Englewood, N. J. 8

WOMAN, strong and willing, wanted to do general housework and laundry part of each day. Apply with references to MRS. CARR, apt. 1, 603 West 140th st., New York. 5

YOUNG GIRLS to act as parcel wrappers wanted by GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York. Apply at Superintendent's Office, main bldg. 3

YOUNG GIRLS to act as messengers and parcel wrappers. Apply at accommodation desk, main bldg., GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO., New York. 8

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ACCOUNTANT (21) wants position in accounting office; 4 years' experience; temperate and energetic; good references; would begin at $15. WILLIAM C. LOCKYER, 203 Harrison av., Schenectady, N. Y. 3

AUDITOR, ACCOUNTANT AND OFFICE MANAGER, experienced, knowing Spanish; best credentials; open for position Nov. 15. JAMES A. TROUP, 2139 81st st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 5

BILL CLERK OR BOOKKEEPER—Reliable young man with commercial experience. SEYMOUR A. PRICE, 340 Chauncey st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 3

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, credit man and office manager, thoroughly experienced, desires position; competent correspondent; highest refs.; not afraid of hard work or hours. A. P. WAGGAMAN, 318 West 57th st., New York, N. Y. 4

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in several different lines of business; at present studying higher accounting. H. R. F. OEHMLER, 2504 Merritt st., Pittsburgh, Pa. 5

BOY (18), good hand, accurate at figures, wishes position in an office to do clerical work. MAX ROTHKOPF, 80 E. 107th st., New York. 8

BOY (15), school graduate, desires position; good references. J. BELTON, care Willis, 229 E. 126th st., New York. 5

CHAUFFEUR—Young man (21), willing and obliging, desires position with private family; competent and careful driver; New York preferred; best reference. A. SWARTZ, 16-18 W. 3d st., New York city. 3

CHAUFFEUR—Competent for Pierce-Arrow or other cars, private or commercial; present position 3 years; disengaged Nov. 5; absolutely temperate. E. GRAINGER, 1320 3d av., New York. 6

CHAUFFEUR, single, reliable, temperate, courteous, own repairs; excellent credentials; will travel. JOHN ALLATT, 1817 Green st., Philadelphia. 8

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANICIAN, Japanese, single, careful driver, strictly temperate, honest, 6 years' shop experience, willing to be generally useful, valet, wishes position in private family; reference, GENJI KAULKO, 308 N. 18th st., Philadelphia. 3

COACHMAN or chauffeur (colored), experienced man, thoroughly reliable, strictly temperate, careful driver, desires position, city or country; references. THOMAS RICE, 221 W. 133d st., New York city. 5

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

COMPANION—Reliable woman wishes position with lady; references exchanged. Address J. R. DOYLE, 1412 Jackson st., Scranton, Pa. 8

COMPOSITOR—A1 two-thirder, job, tabular, straight, wishes steady employment with reliable concern only; salary arranged on interview. Address EDWARD W. LLOYD, Germania Hotel, suite 86, 81 Bowery, New York. 5

DRAFTSMAN—Graduate bridge engineer, 12 years' experience detailing and designing bridges, mill buildings, cranes, desires situation Philadelphia or vicinity. Address C. B. GILBERT, 503 E. Washington lane, Germantown, Pa. 8

EDUCATED MAN, with long, varied, thorough and successful experience as high-class salesman and salesmanager, wishes good opening. OTIS K. STUART, 1111 Walnut st., Philadelphia. 4

INTERPRETER or foreign correspondent, speaking and writing fluently five languages; $20 weekly. RONALD FALCONER, 422 West 18th st., New York. 3

MECHANIC, benchwork; good all-around repairs, electrician; 5 years' experience running marine motors; garage preferred. J. PETER, 442 E. 176th st., New York city. 4

MIDDLE-AGED AMERICAN MAN wishes position as collector, salesman or copyist; excellent penman; 7 years with last employer. Address S. C. Bennett, 15 Covert pl., Flushing, L. I. 6

FOREMAN (43) wants position on farm; 20 years' experience; best references; no children. J. W. RICHARD, 11th and Jacob sts., Troy, N. Y. 4

GOOD LAWYER, practised 40 years' desires position as manager in first-class law office; good trial lawyer. J. EIGHMA, 44 Second st., Newburgh, N. Y. 8

MANAGERESS, club, hotel, institution; excellent cook; economical; accustomed entire management; highest references. ANNIE E. HEATH, 1 Convent av., apt. 45, New York. 8

SALESMAN (33), single, experienced paints, bronzes, perfumeries; position in any line requiring steady services; speak, write German, French, English. JACK OPLADEN, 100 E. 29th st., New York city. 4

SALES MANAGER and advertising man, experienced executive; traveled widely in this country and South America; could handle successfully export agency. Address L. S. RICHARDSON, rm. 1103, 47 W. 34th st., New York. 4

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER who has held responsible position for 10 years with offices of large corporation desires similar position; references. FRANCIS J. BENNINGHAM, Rochelle Heights, New Rochelle, N. Y. 6

SHOE SALESMAN—Gentleman, educated, good habits, 10 years' experience, capable manager, would like position in Washington, D. C. GEORGE W. REED, 245 Broadway, care Cook & Son, New York. 6

SINGLE MAN (36) seeks employment; can do house painting; will go anywhere. MOSES McGRATH, 24 Hood st., Manchester, Eng. 8

SPECIAL OFFICER—Retired New York city patrolman desires permanent position with banking house or corporation; best references. S. E. DE WITT, 466 E. 143d st., New York. 4

STENOGRAPHER OR CLERK (18) desires position; excellent references. WILLIAM FREED, 240 Glenmore av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 4

STOCK CLERK or assistant to shipping clerk—Position wanted by young man (19); good penman; accurate at figures; 3 years' experience in office work. EDWARD OLIVER, 1363½ West 15th st., New York. 6

TRAVELING SALESMAN—Middle-aged Spaniard wants position; accustomed to Latin American trade. DEMASO CASTRO, 3506 Park av., New York. 3

WANTED—Position; managing, traveling, clerical; 25 years retail stationery, 9 years postal service. FRED A. DAVIS, Box 366, Ft. Edward, N. Y. 4

YOUNG MAN (21) desires clerical position with good prospects for future; can furnish best references; employed at present. WM. J. McINTYRE, 684 Tinton av., New York city. 3

YOUNG MAN (21) desires position in architect's office; has knowledge of drawing and can do neat and quick tracing. GEORGE L. MILLER, 371 E. 5th st., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. 4

YOUNG MAN (21) wishes position on a good stock farm with reliable people; references. ROBERT Y. JACOBS, West Point Military Academy, N. Y. 4

YOUNG MAN (23), college graduate, desires position in New York with concern where he can learn business; small salary accepted at first. GEORGE M. OAKS, 529 W. 179th st., New York. 4

YOUNG MAN (30) desires position as salesman or collector, or employment where responsibility is essential; can furnish reference and cash security. ALVIN MILLER, 1079 Forest av., Bronx, New York city. 5

YOUNG MAN (17) desires position with advancement; best references; willing worker. CORNELIUS QUINN, 212 E. 70th st., New York. 5

YOUNG MAN (23) desires position; salesman, buyer or assistant buyer ladies', children's furnishing; knows value merchandise; wholesale manufacturing exp.; will go out of town. SELIG WAGNER, 300 E. 4th st., New York city. 5

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

AFTERNOON SITUATION wanted by refined person; good reader; can do plain sewing and mending. MRS. MATILDA HART, 203 W. 107th st., New York. 4

ATTENDANT OR COMPANION—Refined young German desires position with child or lady; teaches elementary branches; excellent English. MISS DIX, care Mrs. F. D. Philips, 125 E. 57th st., New York. 3

ATTENDANT, companion, chaperone—Lady desires to go to the coast; small compensation and expenses paid. MRS. BELLE WILLIS, 148 Martense st., Flatbush, Brooklyn, N. Y. 4

CARETAKER OR HOUSEKEEPER—Young German-American woman, no family excepting boy of 10, desires position. M. MEZGER, 336 45th st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 8

COMPANION or supervising housekeeper in private home, or assistant housekeeper in hotel; middle-aged gentlewoman; no objection to leaving New York city; references exchanged. MRS. J. F. FRANCE, 337 W. 22d st., New York. 6

COMPANION—Lady of experience and culture, cheerful and tactful, desires position; home or travel. Apply by letter, MISS M. L. SCOTT, Parkside av., Philadelphia. 4

COMPANION, MATRON, CHAPERONE OR ATTENDANT—Elderly lady, cultured, capable manager, energetic, accustomed to travel in America and abroad, desires position. Address MRS. BARNEVELD, 707 University av., Palo Alto, Cal. 4

DAY WORK or laundry wanted by colored woman. LOUISE MARSHALL, 163 W. 133d st., New York. 6

DRAMATIC SOPRANO desires employment in New York city or vicinity; church, concert or dramatic work. Address MRS. EDITH ST. JOHN WALLING, 138 Academy st., Belleville, N. J. 3

DRESSMAKER wants work by the day. HELEN KENNEDY, 22 East 125th st., New York. 8

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Young colored girl, Protestant, would like place either as maid or light housework; highly recommended; good sewer and plain cook. Write MISS EMILY CRISP, 255 W. 108th st., Apt. 12A, New York. 4

GENERAL OFFICE WORK wanted. MISS L. GRANBURY, 4612 Indiana av., Chicago. 8

HOUSEKEEPER—Institution and hotel experience; domestic science training; desires institutional position where economy and conscientious effort will be appreciated; best references. MRS. A. L. HANSON, Mt. Sinai Hospital, 5th av. and 100th st., New York city. 4

HOUSEKEEPER—Elderly woman wishes to work for couple employed; no washing; home desired more than wages; references. MRS. ANNA ARNOLD, 5436 Peoria st., Chicago. 8

HOUSEWORKER—Southern woman desires position in small private family. MRS. M. BEATTIE, Care Harriss, 797 Knickerbocker av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 6

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

LAUNDRESS (colored). MRS. MARY BENNETT, 1779 Third av., New York. 8

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER or useful companion to couple; willing to go anywhere. MRS. L. BLACK, 135 De Kalb av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 4

MOTHER'S HELPER or visiting companion; young woman wants position; fond of children; good reader. LILLIAN S. MEAD, 52 W. 105th st., New York. 4

MOTHER'S HELPER AND HOUSEKEEPER—Lady of refinement and experience would assist with work in small family; highest references; answer by letter. MRS. MARIE MILLER, 68 W. 96th st., New York city. 4

NEEDLEWOMAN wants employment; all kinds plain sewing; hand work; children's work, mending, etc. JOSEPHINE MITCHELL, 301 West 150 st., New York. 8

NURSERY GOVERNESS, companion or maid; reliable woman, fluent French, excellent seamstress, good reader, packer and traveler. MARY F. DOYLE, care Dillon, 139 W. 128th st., New York. 6

SEAMSTRESS, light housework or mother's helper, experienced; references; Protestant. MRS. W. B. MORRISON, 51 3rd av., New York, N. Y. 5

SEAMSTRESS desires employment by the day. MRS. BARDAY, 901 S. 24th st., Philadelphia. 6

SEWING, mending, marketing or chaperoning children by the hour wanted by refined middle-aged American woman. MISS V. F. HILMAN, 249 W. 22d st., New York. 4

STENOGRAPHER, typist, telephone operator; refined young lady desires position. MISS GRACE COVELL, 124 E. 126th st., New York. 8

USEFUL COMPANION or mother's helper—Reliable middle-aged Englishwoman desires engagement for afternoons; reading, sewing, shopping, etc.; small remuneration. MRS. CHRISTIANIA S. WEEDOW, 42 Hoyt st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 4

VISITING GOVERNESS desires employment; can teach English and German. MISS SOFIE VIOLETTE KONE, 134 W. 93d st., New York. 5

VISITING COMPANION desires employment by day or hour. MARY HONEIG, 212 Avenue J, Brooklyn, N. Y. 5

VISITING GOVERNESS desires employment in Brooklyn or New York. PANSY STOUT, 348 Jefferson av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 5

WANTED—Day's work for Mondays and Fridays; laundry or cleaning; best references. ROSE WOOLF, 36 W. 136th st., Apt. 19, New York city. 5

WANTED—Charge of reading room or office; managing housekeeper, matron, private secretary or companion. Philadelphia preferred. MRS. LEWIS T. HESSLER, Y. W. C. A., 18th and Arch sts., Philadelphia. 3

WANTED—Position of usefulness in home or institution, by practical attendant accustomed to children; locality around Philadelphia or Trenton preferred. MISS ANNA L. BRETT, 704 Cooper st., Beverly, N. J. 8

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER or attendant wants work; 8-5; best references. MRS. ROSE STREIN, 198 West 89th st., New York. 8

YOUNG LADY wishes clerical position; best references. MISS E. L. HEISER, 1530 Wingohocking st., Philadelphia. 5

CENTRAL STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

MAN WANTED to work on farm; one who understands stock; husking corn now. MRS. O. F. HALL, Pound Marinette Co., Wis. 6

TAILOR, first class ladies and gents; inquire P. J. COSEY, 3243 S. State st., Chicago. 8

WANTED—Office boy with grammar school education; will give course in business college; salary $5 per week. L. H. PRENTICE CO., 330 Sherman st., Chicago. 8

WANTED—Grocery manager, clerks and drivers; good pay to competent men. Write FRANK M. POWER, 1050 Diversey parkway, Chicago. 4

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COMPETENT MAID (Protestant) wanted for general housework in country home. Apply to MRS. B. F. SHOOTS, R. F. D. No. 2, Morral, O. 6

GIRL WANTED—Young, experienced, for general housework; good home; call evenings. MRS. MORRIS LEVI, 358 E. 54th st., Chicago, Ill. 3

NURSEMAID WANTED — Experienced. Apply MRS. CHARLES YOUNG, 2176 Iglehart ave., St. Paul, Minn. 3

STENOGRAPHER wanted, with about 2 years' experience in general office work; in applying call East 1675-W after 6 p. m. THE CUYAHOGA TELEPHONE CO., 204 Electrical bldg., Prospect st., Cleveland, O. 8

WANTED—A good willing girl for general housework in small family; no objection to German girl who does not speak English. MRS. C. E. ALLSHOUSE, 2303 Park pl., Evanston, Ill. Tel. 1247 Evanston. 3

WANTED—Girl for general work; call after 6 p. m. MRS. A. EDNCY, 929 Foster av., Argyle Park, Chicago. 4

WANTED—Companionable woman to help with housework on a farm. MRS. O. F. HALL, Pound, Marinette county, Wis. 8

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ADVERTISING MANAGER, SOLICITOR wants position; experienced; married, 33; good habits. No. 1 references. GEORGE E. TROUGHTON, 303 Court st., Pekin, Ill. 8

AD WRITER wants a position with firm desiring unique style and absolutely honest publicity; can give high class references. GEO. A. FERRIS, 1068 4th av., Detroit, Mich. 6

AUTO MECHANIC, at present employed, would like an opportunity in the auto sales department; 32; strictly temperate. HENRY A. ANDERSON, 1549 Grand av., St. Paul, Minn. 6

BOY in high school wants to work on Saturdays and after school; work guaranteed. EARL HOY, 301 N. Race st., Urbana, Ill.; Bell phone 346. 8

CHAUFFEUR (colored), experienced, young man wants position; good habits; reference. HARVEY PECK, 2616 Goode av., St. Louis, Mo. 3

CHAUFFEUR—Young man would like position; private family or delivery truck. WALTER WIDHOLM, 3341 N. Marshfield av., Chicago. 6

CHAUFFEUR (colored), 6 years' experience, good references from last employer. THOMAS ALEXANDER, 1445 Wellland st., Chicago; phone Edgewater 8930. 3

CHAUFFEUR—Position wanted by experienced young colored man who can furnish splendid references. SAMUEL GIBSON, 3130 Forrest av., Chicago. Tel. Douglas 3179. 4

COLLEGE GRADUATE of experience desires position. J. G. WADE, 3326 Indiana av., Chicago; phone Douglas 4074. 8

DRAFTSMAN—Young man with experience desires position as mechanical draftsman; very best references. A. B. CHAMPLIN, 227 Oakland av., Pontiac, Mich. 4

ENGINEER (stationery) wants position in Chicago; experienced with high and low speed engines and electric; city license; best references. HENRY BECKER, 4404 So. State st., Chicago. 6

INSTRUMENT MAN, experienced, desires position on irrigation or highway construction work in Washington, Oregon or California. JOHN D. COLTON, 161 Dodge st., Houghton, Mich. 8

OFFICE MANAGER (40), past 7 years in charge of main office of large construction company, desires position in California; good executive and systematizer; best references. JAMES DENISON, 3004 Prairie av., Apt. 7, Chicago. 6

OFFICE MANAGER in Iowa, 5 years' experience in Des Moines abstract office, 5 years on road; married, 31; best references. H. E. RAMAY, Box 544, Oskaloosa, Ia. 5

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

PACKER, COOPER, PAINTER, handy man, or shipping clerk; in last position 6 years; age 28, married. ERNEST A. KNOPP, 824 W. 22d st., Chicago. 5

OFFICE MANAGER—Young man (32), thorough accountant, well up in system and economics, tactful executive; broad experience in advertising, jobbing and manufacturing. J. S. SHOESMITH, 1411 So. 4th av., Maywood, Ill. 8

PRACTICAL INVENTOR, large knowledge of gas engines and automobile construction, desires position as assistant to technical man. PERCY W. HODGKINSON, 100 Brooks av., Rochester, N. Y. 8

RECEIVING CLERK, car tracer or night clerk in hotel. JAMES BIRD, 3931 Clarendon av., Chicago. 3

STENOGRAPHER (24), experienced, well educated, ambitious, seeks position with opportunity for rapid advancement; best references. MANUEL GUNNISON, 1522 N. Springfield av., Chicago. 4

SUPERINTENDENT and manager (piano factory), over 25 years' experience in piano manufacturing, desires such position in Chicago or vicinity. L. J. MELIN, 3748 Pine Grove av., Chicago. 8

TAILOR (27), single, wants work as experienced, first-class pantsmaker; willing to take other work in tailor shop to start with; go anywhere for permanent work. ELMER CARLSON, 129 S. Church st., Rockford, Ill. 8

TRAFFIC MANAGER, 9 years' experience as railroad agent, graduate from La Salle Extension University, Chicago, in interstate commerce and traffic management. WILLIAM E. PECK, Mansfield, Ill. 5

WANTED—Position; purchasing or selling; have had 3 years' experience in both; Detroit, Mich. ARTHUR L. PREWITT, 2257 W. Grand Blvd., Detroit, Mich. 8

WANTED—Position in store by man of good address; trustworthy; capable of making friends among customers; experience in managing business; moderate salary; references. NELSON H. TALLMAN, 227 E. 42d st., Chicago. 8

WANTED—To connect with growing newspaper, magazine or advertising concern, in mid-West city. ALFRED S. TRACY, 339 Jefferson st., apt. 23, Milwaukee, Wis. 6

YOUNG SALESMAN and advertising man, experienced, desires opening with opportunities; will go anywhere. CHARLES E. KIRK, 722 Jones st., Sioux City, Ia. 6

YOUNG MAN (22), clerical experience, A1 references, Spanish student, ambitious, willing worker, wishes position with good future. FOREST O. EDWARDS, 638 W. 61st st., Chicago. 8

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ACCOMPANIST or teacher, A. F. of M., experienced in theater, orchestra, dancing school work; desires employment in city; good references. HATTIE E. GREEN, 312 Winona av., Chicago; tel. Edgewater 6762. 3

ATTENDANT OR HOUSEKEEPER—Middle-aged lady of refinement; very neat and capable. MISS MINNIE McCLINTOCK, 701 Brooklyn av., Detroit, Mich. 4

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, long experience where initiative and executive ability are required. LINDA MARX, 4457 Indiana av., Chicago. 6

COMPANION or practical attendant—Educated woman, willing to be generally useful; best references; Chicago or suburbs. MISS MARY M. STARNE, 5069 Lake Park av., Chicago. 6

COMPANION—Position wanted by refined lady traveling experience; speaks some French. CELIA EMMETT, 4710 Winthrop av., Winthrop Inn, Chicago. Phone Ravenswood 681. 8

COMPANION—Middle-aged lady, free to travel; executive ability; congenial home desired rather than large remuneration. A. STICKNEY, 6434 Kimbark av., Chicago. 8

COOK, first-class—Position wanted by refined woman in private family or club; wages $8-10 per week. MISS ANNA RENTINGER, 3128 Broadway, Chicago. 3

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—German girl wants place in or near Chicago. MRS. LOUISE TOST, R. F. D. No. 2, Box 139, North Judson, Ind. 5

GOVERNESS for small child or care of baby; middle-aged woman of education desires position; would leave city. EVA S. McBRIDE, 1379 E. 57th st., Chicago; phone 1429 Hyde Park. 8

GOVERNESS (German) wants position in American family; rst-class references, German and American. MISS FISCHMANN, 4310 Vincennes av., Chicago; Oak. 4770. 8

HOUSEKEEPER, capable, refined, with son (9), wants situation in comfortable home; references. MRS. H. BAILEY, 1822 Horton av., Grand Rapids, Mich. 8

HOUSEKEEPER—Position desired by refined, middle-aged lady in small family of adults; laundry. MRS. M. E. FRIENDT, 152 Fourth av., Gallipolis, O. 8

HOUSEKEEPER, child's attendant or companion, experienced, wants situation in home. MRS. MARY COOK, 876 King pl., Chicago; phone Graceland 7110. 8

MAID (colored) wants morning work, or in office. MRS. L. SPEIGLE, 1245 W. 74th pl., Chicago. 8

RETOUCHER and reception assistant in studio; prefer Loop or West Side; smart young lady; moderate salary. RUTH MITCHELL, 2245 Washington blvd., Chicago. 6

SEAMSTRESS wants work; neat and competent; $2 per day. ANNA WENDEL, 5839 Indiana av., Chicago. Phone Englewood 6414. 4

SEAMSTRESS wants situation; neat family sewing; $5 week with room and board; references. CLARA BLOGGETT, 1108 Dearborn av., apt. 4, Chicago. 8

SECRETARY—College graduate; experienced traveler, teacher, executive; can assume and typewrite business, social or literary correspondence without dictation; excellent references. MISS INA ZILISCH, 109 W. Dayton st., Madison, Wis. 8

STENOGRAPHER and correspondent, 8 years' experience; can keep books; familiar with all office work; executive ability; A1 references; rapid and accurate. MISS O. M. FLANDERS, 1018 Mallers bldg., Chicago; phone Randolph 720. 8

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, knowledge of dictaphone; efficient, adaptable, willing worker; best of references from former employers. MISS MARIE ANDERSON, 8 So. Winchester av., Chicago; Seeley 2680. 8

STENOGRAPHER—Refined young lady desires responsible position; 3 years' experience. Address MAE GORDON, 1629 Lunt av., Chicago. 8

STENOGRAPHER, 9 years' experience in stenographic, bookkeeping and general office work; can handle an executive position. ALOISE CLEVELAND, 531 8th st., S. E., Minneapolis, Minn. 6

STENOGRAPHER, high grade, wide experience, including literary and legal work, desires position; good hours more an object than high salary. L. SMITH, 857 Fullerton av., Chicago. Tel. Lin. 7246. 4

STENOGRAPHER—Twelve years' experience, engineering, machinery, commercial, tabulating and statement work; can handle details and correspondence; reasonable salary. MISS ADNEY V. LAWSON, 753 Oakwood blvd., Chicago. Tel. Drexel 165. 4

STENOGRAPHIC POSITION desired by capable, intelligent young lady; 5 years' experience; salary $16-$18; best of references. MISS L. V. ENOS, 5658 Wabash av., Chicago; tel. Went. 4391. 5

STENOGRAPHER, high grade, 10 years' experience, possessing tact, initiative and ability to take charge correspondence without dictation; rapid and accurate; best references. MISS P. M. NICHOLAS, 765 Waveland av., Chicago. 5

STENOGRAPHER with law experience of 2 years desires position. ETHEL FOSTER, 2625 N. Albany av., Chicago; tel. Belmont 1873. 5

STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience, desires position. MISS IDA M. VAUGHAN, 3536 Washington blvd., Chicago. 5

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, experienced, competent, desires work outside office hours; knowledge bookkeeping. MISS ETHEL McDONNELL, 1501 E. 64th st., Chicago; call Yards 837. 6

CENTRAL STATES

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Position with motion picture company by young woman with long experience in dramatic and emotional work. Address MISS R. VERENE, 3020 Broadway, Chicago. 3

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER — Middle-aged American lady; no objection to children; best of references. LYDIA RANDALL, 3645 Indiana av., Chicago. 8

SOUTHERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—A married man over 30 for two-horse farm; raise seed corn, long staple cotton, potatoes, cattle, hogs; fair wages, permanent home. Address CHAS. LE NOIR, JR., Box 376, Montgomery, Ala. 3

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

DREYFUS & CO. requires the services of capable and experienced salesladies for the dress and coat sections. Broad, at Second st., Richmond, Va. 3

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BOOKKEEPER OR ASSISTANT—Position wanted at once by young man (23); A1 references and bond if required; own and operate No. 5 Oliver machine. K. C. SCHUMPERT, Amory, Miss. 3

FREIGHT AGENT and railroad office man (29), experienced, desires position as clerk-bookkeeper with mercantile firm, or as shipping clerk with large wholesale or manufacturing concern; best references; could make change on short notice. E. MONACH, Stonewall, N. C. 8

MANAGER—Practical, experienced hotel man, middle-aged, married, no incumbrances, desires management of clean hotel or large estate; references exchanged. F. RICHARDS, 1831 First st., N. W., Washington, D. C. 4

POULTRYMAN, single, 12 years' experience, wants position as manager on poultry farm; one with small dairy preferred; best reference. RIDGELY CHAPMAN, Woodbridge P. O., Va. 5

SALESMAN—Young man (26, married) desires position, traveling; 4 years' experience as retail salesman; graduate National Salesmen's Training Asso.; first-class references furnished; Philadelphia or northeast territory preferred. Address ARTHUR HALL, Box 108, Bonford, N. C. 8

TRAVELING SALESMAN—Position desired by gentleman of extensive acquaintance in southern Virginia and Pocahontas coal field. J. R. GREENAWATT, 819 Dale av., S. E., Roanoke, Va. 6

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, thoroughly experienced and competent, desires position in southern or western state. MISS ELIZABETH SLYER, 1310 Kearney st., N. E., Washington, D. C. 8

PACIFIC COAST

HELP WANTED—MALE

CARPENTER wanted for general construction work. JACOB H. HARMS & CO., 1374 20th av., San Francisco, Cal. 3

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COOK AND WAITRESS wanted, waitress with soda fountain experience preferred. CITY HALL CAFE, 1524 San Pablo st., Oakland, Cal. 8

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

AMERICAN, single, 15 years' experience as hotel dept. head, wishes to change line of employment; accept small salary to start. W. C. BRADEN, Gen. Del., San Francisco, Cal. 8

BOOKKEEPER, all-round man; can get out balance sheets and financial statements; desires position, San Francisco or Oakland. W. T. MITCHELL, 653 10th st., Oakland, Cal. 3

BOOKKEEPER desires position; experience large and small companies; in charge department office force two years; 30; best references. W. L. COTTLE, 4079 Carrington st., Oakland, Cal. 4

BOY (14) wants work with good firm or individual before and after school hours. GEORGE L. EXLINE, 1115½ E. Tanace st., Seattle, Wash. 3

BUILDER, thoroughly experienced, all building construction, would take charge of repair and upkeep of large manufacturing plant, anywhere; best references. JAS. BLOWERS, 1426 W. 29th st., Los Angeles, Cal. 3

CARPENTER—Employment desired, or in wagon repair shop in or near Los Angeles, Cal. JAMES L. HERN, 3055 E. 4th st., Los Angeles, Cal. 5

CASHIER, accountant, general office work, in Oakland or San Francisco; large experience, highest references. GEORGE F. LYON, 4277 Howe st., Oakland, Cal. 3

CHAUFFEUR—Young married man with family wants position; well acquainted with city. C. CLINE, rear 718 Wall st., Los Angeles, Cal. 3

CHAUFFEUR (American, single), familiar with roads up and down coast; best references. M. TONDEO, 414 So. Av. 21, Los Angeles, Cal. 8

CIVIL ENGINEER (26), 5 years' general experience, seeks position, preferably as res. engineer, concrete inspector or transit man. ALBERT L. UPHAM, 406 Windsor Apts., Seattle, Wash. 8

DAY WATCHMAN or caretaker—Elderly gentleman, A1 references; answer by letter. J. L. TRAVIS, 1713 Newton st., Los Angeles, Cal. 8

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PRINTING—UNION PRINTING CO. E. D. Furman, Prop. Fine job printing. Tel. Main 2262 and A-1532. 414 1st ave.

SHOES—"Foot Comfort, Quality-Economy" assured if you buy of ROGERS SHOE CO. 408 Riverside

SUITS, COATS, Dresses, Waists, Lingerie, Corsets, Shoes, Hose. THE CRESCENT, Riverside, Wall and Main.

TAILORING—HUPE
Fashioner of Fine Clothes for
the Man Who Knows. 803 First ave.

TRANSFER and Storage—THE CATER CO. For moving vans and baggage wagons. We hurry. Tel. Main 3285 or A-3285.

WALLA WALLA, WASH.

DAIRY—VALLEY DAIRY stands for purity and wholesomeness. COYLE BROS., Props. Phone 2595.

DRY GOODS, SHOES, ladies' and children's ready-to-wear, belt and fancy goods. A. M. JENSEN COMPANY.

MILLINERY—Leaders in exclusive styles. CAUVEL'S STYLE SHOP. Phone 2516. 103 East Main, Walla Walla, Wash.

MILLINERY—The Vogue of Walla Walla and Pendleton, Ore., for street and dress hats. MRS. L. DAYE IDLEMAN.

MUSIC—THE FISCHER SCHOOL
A School of High Ideals and Musical Achievement—Phone 1744.

PAINTING and Paper Hanging, Wall Paper, Paints, Varnishes, Glass, etc. ROGERS & GRAHAM. Phone 158.

STATIONERY, Office Supplies, Confectionery and Ice Cream. Wholesale and Retail. THE BOOK NOOK.

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ARTHUR C. THOMPSON

PORTLAND, ORE.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
H. L. GANOE—JUNIUS V. OHMART
701-2-3 Broadway Building.

ARCHITECTS and builders of homes, apartments, etc. Building loans appraisements. TAYLOR BUILDING CO., 506 McKay Building.

AUTOMOBILES—White Motor Trucks and White Gas Pleasure Cars. 69 Broadway. Box 72. Main 092.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS—The J. K. GILL CO. Books of the Northwest, Souvenir Books, etc. Third and Alder streets.

CANDIES (HOME MADE), Ices and Ice Cream. Light Lunches, etc. EMPRESS SWEET SHOP, Empress Theater bldg.

CANDIES, ICE CREAM, LIGHT LUNCHES—COFFMAN CANDY CO., 293 and 324 Morrison st.

CLEANERS—PRESSERS—The J. K. Shop. Deliveries all over city. Address 423 Washington st. Main 3945.

CLEANING AND PRESSING WORKS—"THE RAMSAY," 533 Washington st., near 17th st. Main 8390.

COAL—Roslyn Cascade Coal; a bituminous coal, a cooking coal; order your winter supply now. W. J. PIATT, Agt., 41 North Front st.; phones A 3358, Main 358.

DECORATOR — Papering, Painting and tinting. OTTO MUNDELIUS, 1507 East Pine st. Phone Tabor 1207.

DENTIST—DR. A. W. KEENE
Majestic Theater Building, Room Five
351½ Washington st. Tel. Marshall 3205

WESTERN

PORTLAND, ORE. (Continued)

DENTIST—DR. F. S. SKIFF, 713-14-15 Broadway building. Telephone Main 4164.

DEPARTMENT STORE
OLDS, WORTMAN & KING,
Morrison, Alder, West Park and 10th sts.

DEPARTMENT STORES
Over 50 years of continuous and DEPENDABLE MERCHANDISING in Portland.
MEIER & FRANK CO.
Established 1857.

DRY GOODS AND WEARING APPAREL
SKALLERUD & CO.
Corner Grand Ave. and East Burnside.

CONFECTIONERY AND RESTAURANT, THE HAZELWOOD,
388-390 Washington St.

DRY GOODS — Merchandise of dependability. Most in value. Best in quality. Attentive service. ROBERTS BROS., Third, Morrison.

FIXTURES—Lighting Fixtures
J. C. ENGLISH COMPANY
128 Park Street.

FLORISTS—NIKLAS & SON. Store: 11th and Morrison. Greenhouses, 725-31 Belmont. Phones Main 9372, A 4080.

FURNITURE—CALEF BROS.
Complete House Furnishers
East Third and Morrison Sts.
In the Low Rent District
Stores also at Salem, Ore., Vancouver and Centralia, Wash.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, DECORATORS—J. G. MACK & CO., 5th and Stark sts.

GLOVES, HOSIERY, Umbrellas, for men, women and children. Agts. Phoenix Hosiery. LENNON'S, Morrison st., opp. P.O.

GOWNS AND WAISTS
MRS. GERTRUDE SHERWOOD,
370 Sixth st., nr. Montgomery. Tel. Mar.5882

GROCER — BEN A. BELLAMY — Four Stores. 401 Hawthorne ave.; 142 Second st.; 595 Wash. st., cafeteria, delicatessen, 405 Hawthorne ave.

JEWELRY — M. L. SMITH—The Little Jewelry Shop. Orpheum Theater, Broadway and Taylor sts.

JEWELRY—WATCHES, DIAMONDS, Etc. Expert Watch Repairing
W. H. LESH, 2nd floor, Selling Bldg.

LADIES' TAILOR—J. K. STERN
Fancy Suits a Specialty
447 Alder St. Main 6565

LUNCH—BALTIMORE DAIRY LUNCHEON—Absolute purity and cleanliness. 287 Wash. st., 326 Wash. st., 86 3rd st., 303 Burnside st., 264 Morrison st. Bakery 207 4th st. G. H. WATSON, Proprietor.

MEN'S CLOTHING—The Shirley Clothes Shop, Page & Vincent, mgrs. (fmly. with Robinson & Co.), Majestic Theater bldg.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS, SUITS, HATS, etc. THE TOGGERY,
384 Washington St.

MILLINERY of high grade. Special attention to order work. MARGARET TORGLER, 519 Williams Ave. Tel. East 3440.

MILLINERY—TIFFT'S HAT SHOP
Stylish and Artistic Millinery
135 10th St., near Alder. Phone Main 261

NEEDLEWORK—THE NEEDLECRAFT SHOP—384-388 Yamhill St.
Devoted exclusively to high-class needlework, infants' wear, lingerie, etc.
Monogram work a specialty

PRINTERS AND LITHOGRAPHERS
THE IRWIN-HODSON COMPANY
Rubber Stamps and Corporate Seals
92 Fifth Street, corner Stark

RESTAURANTS
LEIGHTON'S DAIRY LUNCH
332 Washington Street

ROSENFELD APTS. — New, modern, quiet, 3 and 4 room apmts., furnished and unfurnished. 14th and E. Stark.

SHOES—KNIGHTS SHOES
"Satisfy pride and economy alike"
Morrison St., near Broadway

SUITS and GOWNS for ladies in fancy designs. MISS M. E. COLE, 207 Tilford bldg. Marshall 1510.

SHOES—The best in footwear. C. H. BAKER, 270 Washington, 270 Morrison and 380 Washington sts.

STATIONERY, Engraving. Office Furniture KILHAM STATIONERY & PRINTING CO., 5th and Oak sts.

STENOGRAPHERS — ACME MULTIGRAPHING CO. Public Stenographers. Notaries Public. 1004 Wilcox bldg.

TAILOR—"Who's Your Tailor?"
See T. B. SNYDER
193 Broadway

TAILORS — WERNER-PETTERSON CO. Latest cuts and styles.
313½ Washington st. Phone Main 4884.

TRUNKS, SUITCASES, ladies' hand bags, steamer rugs and shawls. The Travelers Supply Store. Tel Main 4223. 328 Alder st. Travelers' necessities.

ASTORIA, ORE.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
HON. EDWARD E. GRAY
Astoria, Oregon.

BOATS—Boat Building and Repairing. JOHN W. THOMPSON,
1414 Franklin Ave.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC.
O. W. WHITMAN,
504 Commercial Street

DRAYING, EXPRESSING, LIVERY, HACKS—PRAEL EIGNER TRANSFER CO., 709-715 Commercial st.

DRY GOODS and notions, ladies' suits, skirts and waists. TYLER DRY GOODS CO., 597-599 Commercial st.

FISH AND POULTRY.
ASTORIA FISH & POULTRY MARKET. George H. Watson, Proprietor, 120 11th st.

GROCERIES AND FRESH MEATS.
ROSS & HIGGINS, GROCERS,
530-542 Bond St.

GROCERIES, CROCKERY & HARDWARE
A. V. ALLEN, Inc., 452 Commercial St.
Branch, foot of Bond St.

GENERAL DRY GOODS.
Ladies' suits, men's furnishings and shoes.
THE BEE HIVE.

PLUMBING AND SHEET METAL WORK.
W. N. SMITH,
621 Commercial St.

WALL PAPER, PAINTS AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES—ALLEN WALL PAPER & PAINT CO., Bond st. and 11th.

SALT LAKE CITY

AUTOS—Abe Mecking, Jr., Utah Auto & Taxi Co. Stand, Hotel Utah. Both phones 63. Also Exchange 190 all cars. 1159-U.

CAFETERIA—SHAY'S
Serving Delicious Home-Cooked Foods
Opposite Postoffice, 341 South Main St.

SANTA CRUZ, CAL.

CARPETS, Linoleum, Stoves. Complete House Furnishers. PACIFIC COAST FURNITURE CO.

MILLINERY—Choicest ideas in Fall Millinery. MISS KATE HANDLEY, 138 Pacific Ave.

YOUR PAJAMAS are here. Made of warm Outing Flannel or Eden Cloth. $1.00 to $2.00. SEASIDE TOGGERY.

SANTA BARBARA, CAL.

ART GOODS AND GIFT NOVELTIES
YE GIFT SHOP
1203 State Street

CLOTHING
THE GREAT WARDROBE
The Good Things in Clothes for Men and Boys. Hats and Coats for Ladies

GROCERIES—DIEHL'S. A grocery since 1891. Dependable eatables and good service. 827 State St. Both phones 44.

WESTERN

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

ALFRED'S PURE ICE CREAM
South 189. 816 E. 17th St. Home 20217
"Ask for it at the Fountain"

BARBERS — UNION OIL BUILDING SHOP, 7th and Spring sts., 2nd floor. Phone F. O 452. Res. Col. 3224. Goods called for and delivered.

BUILDING CONTRACTOR—E. E. Harriman, 2336 W. 23rd st. 71010. Plans furnished; work guaranteed; refs. given.

CAFE ABBEY
817 W. Eighth st., near Figueroa st.
Breakfast 25c up; Lunch 35c; Dinner 50c

CAFETERIA—SHAY'S CAFETERIA
650 South Hill Street
Los Angeles

CUSTOM BOOTMAKER
CARL NELSON SHOE REPAIRING
439 So. Hill Street.

CURTAIN CLEANING—C. H. Von Essen, A. C. Tunks, Mgr. Peerless Curtain Cleaning Co., 1577 W. Washington St. Phones Home 23,136, West 1375

DENTIST—DR. I. P. GARDNER
202½ S. Broadway. Rooms 203-204
A2119 With Dr. Huddel.

FLORIST—DAVIDSON
2428 S. Hoover St., Los Angeles
Cut Flowers, Decorations, Plants
Mail and telegraph orders

GARAGE—Repairing, storage, $5 mo.; autos called for and delivered. University Garage. West 192. 3782 S. Vt. ave.

GLOVES—THE GLOVE SHOP
619 South Broadway
"La Ganterie," 735 S. Broadway

GROCERS—RALPHS GROCERY CO.
"Sells for Less"
514 S. Spring Pico and Normandie

HABERDASHERS—BROWN BROS.
"Personal touch in haberdashery"
220 W. Fourth St.

HAIR DRESSING, Shampooing, Manicuring, Hair Work. MRS. ROSE JARVIS, 709 O. T. Johnson bldg., 4th and Broadway. Home A2613.

INVESTMENTS—Buy Los Angeles

Real Estate Sailings

REAL ESTATE

REAL ESTATE SUMMARY

An analysis of last week's real estate business as reported through the Real Estate Exchange, shows a falling off from last year's figures, also the year before that, although it was considerable above the week previous as reported Oct. 27.

The files of the Real Estate Exchange shows the following entries of record at the Suffolk registry of deeds for the week ending Nov. 1, 1913:

	Transactions	Mortgages	Amount of mortgages
Oct. 27	90	24	$33,675
Oct. 28	85	43	316,653
Oct. 29	78	43	124,980
Oct. 30	113	48	238,146
Oct. 31	108	51	402,986
Nov. 1	102	54	280,640
Totals	546	263	$1,417,080
Same week 1912	642	315	2,002,988
Same week 1911	590	303	1,449,262
Week Oct. 25, 1913	445	224	883,377

MARSHFIELD ESTATE SOLD

One of the most attractive estates in this section, owned by the heirs of Edward A. Taft, has been sold to J. Craig Havemeyer of New York city for a summer home. There is a large 12-room house, stable, garage, etc., situated on a knoll surrounded by 140 acres of beautiful land, some of which is woodland.

WEST ROXBURY ESTATE SOLD

Title to the frame building and lot of land situated 3101 to 3111 Washington street, corner of Beethoven street, has passed from Francis W. Kittredge to Truman T. Reid. It carries an assessed valuation of $16,500 and $7100 of this amount applies on 7932 square feet of land.

SALE IN DORCHESTER

Sale at the frame house No. 3 Nelson street, corner of Corbett street, has just been recorded. It was owned by Julius A. Weis and bought by Elizabeth Doherty. All taxed for $3300, of which $800 is the value on 3000 square feet of land.

NORTH END TRANSACTION

Property located 17 Salutation street near Hanover street belonging to Nathan H. Woolf has been sold to Giuseppe Teschetta and wife, consisting of a three-story brick building on 2877 square feet of land extending through to Hanover avenue. All taxed for $23,000, the land carrying $5800 of that amount.

BACK BAY CONVEYANCE

Residence property owned by Margaret W. Richardson has been purchased by Edith P. Storer, wife of John H. Storer, consisting of a five-story and basement stone front building and 3000 square feet of land situated 222 Beacon street, near Dartmouth street. It is assessed for $38,000, and $27,000 of that amount applies on the land.

BUILDING NOTICES

Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given:

Oriole st., 44, ward 23; James Henderson; frame dwelling.
Roanoke st., 33, ward 26; Piota Glaia; frame dwelling.
Washington st., 335, ward 7; M. H. Ronoke & Co.; alter store and offices.
Edinboro st., 25, ward 7; E. A. Stoddard & Son; alter light manufacturing.
K st., 60 rear, ward 14; T. P. King estate; alter light manufacturing.
Washington st., 314, ward 6; Old South church; alter church.
Irving st., 53, ward 11; Hyman Goldman; alter stores and dwelling.
Summer st., 268, 288 and 290, ward 13; Moses Williams et al.; alter storage.

SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS

The following list of property comprises the latest recorded transfers taken from the official report of the Real Estate Exchange:

BOSTON (City Proper)

Annie Jordan to Israel Cherry, Revere and Myrtle sts.; q.; $1.
Abraham Snider to Jordan S. Orler, Commonwealth av. and Lanston st.; q.; $1.
George A. Nute to Morris Miller et ux., Shawmut av.; q.; $1.
Nathan H. Woolf to Guiseppe Teschetta, et ux., Salutation st. and Hanover av.; w.; $1.

EAST BOSTON

Marie G. Marine to Giuseppe Lambrease et ux., Lubec st.; w.; $1.
Louis Shapiro to Peter Foley, Homer st.; w.; $1.

ROXBURY

William G. Andrews to Twenty Star Associates, Conant st.; q.; $1.
William G. Andrews to Twenty Star Associates, Conant st.; q.; $1.

DORCHESTER

Marie A. Mulhern to Mary E. Fields, Draper st.; w.; $1.
Julius A. Weis to Elizabeth Doherty, Nelson and Corbett sts.; q.; $1.
Elizabeth B. Dudley to George E. Honey et ux., Tremlett st.; q.; $1.
Edgar M. Denman to Patrick C. Doherty et ux., Millett st.; q.; $1.
Mary G. Hurley to Vincent Garro, Edgewater drive and Burmah st.; q.; $1.

WEST ROXBURY

Ellen M. Teevens to William M. Lally, Ardale st.; q.; $1.
Francis W. Kittredge to Truman T. Reid, Washington and Beethoven sts.; q.; $1.
Catherine E. Hodgdon to Florence L. Lynch, Hodgdon ter.; q.; $1.
Securities Real Estate Trust to Edward N. Schell; Upland st.; q.; $1.

BRIGHTON

George E. Haskins to Harry S. Allison, Chester st.; q.; $1.
Harry S. Allison to Austin B. Amiro, Chester st.; w.; $1.
Elizabeth W. Cutler to Elizabeth F. Longstreet, Washington st.; q.; $1.
Elizabeth F. Longstreet to Elizabeth W. Cutler, Washington st.; q.; $1.
Isaac Glick to Domenice Candellave, Commonwealth av.; q.; $1.
Joseph A. Mackay et al., trs., to Gideon L. Davidson, Commonwealth and Elizabeth av.; d.; $1.
Frank E. Morse to W. Stanley Tripp, Brighton av.; q.; $1.

CHARLESTOWN

Warren Institution for Savings, mtgee., to John M. Swiney, Beckford pl.; d.; $2300.
Warren Institution for Savings, mtgee., to Michael Fitzgerald, Beckford pl.; d.; $2200.
Moses G. Parker to P. Hildreth Parker, Wason pl.; q.; $1.
P. Hildreth Parker to John F. Hines, Wason pl.; w.; $1.

NEW REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE HEADQUARTERS THROWN OPEN

Executive office, just fitted, Rogers building, Washington street

Open house was kept Saturday by the executive committee of the Massachusetts Real Estate Exchange in its new headquarters on the second floor of the Rogers building, 209 Washington street, opposite the Old State House. Many members and guests inspected the place.

The exchange was organized Jan. 23, 1907 by a few men, and today its membership counts 800. Support of the inland waterways movement from Boston to Florida is one of the organization activities, members having made a number of pilgrimages to Washington and the South in that interest. The exchange was the host of the congressional committee that visited Boston recently.

The exchange early advocated the improvement of the port of Boston and it continues in efforts to bring the Grand Trunk railroad to Boston, ultimately if not soon.

The present officials of the exchange are: President John J. Martin; vice-presidents, Frederick Ayer, Col. Everett C. Benton, J. Q. A. Brackett, Edmund D. Codman, Gov. Eugene N. Foss, John Hayes Hammond, William B. Lawrence, William Minot, Henry Siegel and Robert Winsor; clerk, William A. Carlisle; treasurer, Charles S. Judkins; secretary, Charles E. Lewis; executive committee, John J. Martin (chairman), Herbert S. Frost, Charles S. Judkins, William J. McDonald, George F. Washburn and Willard Welsh.

STEAMSHIP SAILINGS

These sailings are compiled from advance lists that are subject to change without notice.

Transatlantic Sailings

EASTBOUND

Sailings from New York

*Niew Amsterdam, for Rotterdam	Nov. 4
*Principe di Piemonte, for Naples-Genoa	Nov. 4
*La Lorraine, for Havre	Nov. 5
*Zeeland, for Dover-Antwerp	Nov. 5
*Lusitania, for Liverpool	Nov. 5
*Kronprinzessin Cecilie, for Bremen	Nov. 6
*Augusta Victoria, for Hamburg	Nov. 6
Campanello, for Rotterdam	Nov. 6
Taormina, for Naples-Genoa	Nov. 6
Ultonia, for Liverpool	Nov. 6
*New York, for Southampton	Nov. 7
Bremen, for Bremen	Nov. 8
Venezia, for Naples-Marseilles	Nov. 8
Columbia, for Glasgow	Nov. 8
Minnehaha, for London	Nov. 8
Calabria, for Gibraltar-Naples	Nov. 8
Cymric, for Liverpool	Nov. 8
*Oceanic, for Southampton	Nov. 8
*Wilhelm der Grosse, for Bremen	Nov. 11
*Noordam, for Rotterdam	Nov. 11
*La Savoie, for Havre	Nov. 12
Roma, for Marseilles	Nov. 12
*Lapland, for Dover-Antwerp	Nov. 12
Laura, for Naples-Trieste	Nov. 12
Celtic, for Liverpool	Nov. 13
Cameronia, for Glasgow	Nov. 15
*Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, Bremen	Nov. 15
*Prinzess Irene, Gibraltar-Naples	Nov. 15
Rochambeau, for Havre	Nov. 15
Pretoria, for Hamburg	Nov. 15
*Olympic, for Southampton	Nov. 15
Minnewaska, for London	Nov. 15
Czar, for Rotterdam-Libau	Nov. 15
Caronia, Liverpool	Nov. 15
*Franconia, for Gibraltar-Naples	Nov. 15
America, for Naples, Genoa	Nov. 15
*Kaiser Wilhelm II., for Bremen	Nov. 18
*Ryndam, for Rotterdam	Nov. 18
*La Provence, for Havre	Nov. 19
Caroline, for Havre	Nov. 19
*Mauretania, for Liverpool	Nov. 19
*Vaderland, for Dover-Antwerp	Nov. 19
Uranium, for Rotterdam	Nov. 20
Re d'Italia, for Naples-Genoa	Nov. 20
*Heilig Olaf, for Copenhagen	Nov. 20
Cedric, for Liverpool	Nov. 20
*Cleveland, for Naples-Genoa	Nov. 20
*St. Louis, for Southampton	Nov. 21
President Grant, for Hamburg	Nov. 21
Chicago, for Havre	Nov. 22
California, for Glasgow	Nov. 22
Barbarossa for Bremen	Nov. 22
*Pannonia, for Gibraltar-Naples	Nov. 22
*Europa, for Naples-Genoa	Nov. 22
Canada, Naples-Marseilles	Nov. 22
Minnetonka, for London	Nov. 22
*Amerika, for Hamburg	Nov. 22
*Grosser Kurfuerst, for Bremen	Nov. 23
*Rotterdam, for Rotterdam	Nov. 25
*France, for Havre	Nov. 26
*Kroonland, for Dover-Antwerp	Nov. 26
*Majestic, for Southampton	Nov. 26

Sailings from Boston

*Cretic, for Mediterranean ports	Nov. 3
Principe di Piemonte, for Mediterranean ports	Nov. 6
Napoli, for Mediterranean ports	Nov. 8
Devonian, for Liverpool	Nov. 8
Saxonia, for Liverpool	Nov. 11
Michigan, for Liverpool	Nov. 13
Parisian, for Glasgow	Nov. 14
Arabic, for Liverpool	Nov. 18
Canadian, for Liverpool	Nov. 22
*Moltke, for Hamburg	Nov. 22
*Canopic, for Mediterranean ports	Nov. 27
Palermo, for Mediterranean ports	Nov. 27
Sachem, for Liverpool	Nov. 27

Sailings from Philadelphia

Menominee, for Antwerp	Nov. 7
*Dominion, for Liverpool	Nov. 8
Prinz Adalbert, for Hamburg	Nov. 10
America, for Mediterranean ports	Nov. 14
Manitou, for Antwerp	Nov. 21
*Merion, for Liverpool	Nov. 22
Ancona, for Mediterranean ports	Nov. 28
Prinz Oskar, for Hamburg	Nov. 29

Sailings from Montreal

Pomeranian, for London	Nov. 2
Virginian, for Liverpool	Nov. 4
Hesperian, for Glasgow	Nov. 6
Lake Manitoba, for Liverpool	Nov. 6
Megantic, for Liverpool	Nov. 8
Scotian, for London	Nov. 9
Tunisian, for Liverpool	Nov. 11
Andania, for London	Nov. 15
Pretorian, for Glasgow	Nov. 15
Royal Edward, for Bristol	Nov. 15
Teutonic, for Liverpool	Nov. 15
Corinthian, for London	Nov. 16
Victorian, for Liverpool	Nov. 18
Grampian, for Glasgow	Nov. 20
Sicilian, for Glasgow	Nov. 21
Ascania, for London	Nov. 22
Laurentic, for Liverpool	Nov. 22
Corsican, for Liverpool	Nov. 25
Lake Michigan, for Liverpool	Nov. 26
Ruthenia, for Trieste	Nov. 29

Sailings from Quebec

Empress of Ireland, for Liverpool	Nov. 13
Empress of Britain, for Liverpool	Nov. 27

Sailings from Vancouver

Empress of Asia, for Hongkong	Nov. 5
Ixion, for Liverpool, via Manila	Nov. 8
Empress of Japan, for Hongkong	Nov. 19
Niagara, for Sydney	Nov. 26

WESTBOUND

Sailings from Liverpool

Arabic, for Boston	Nov. 4
Merion, for Philadelphia	Nov. 5
Victorian, for Montreal	Nov. 5
Canadian, for Boston	Nov. 6
Cedric, for New York	Nov. 6
Laurentic, for Montreal	Nov. 8
Mauretania, for New York	Nov. 8
Sachem, for Boston	Nov. 8
Laconia, for Boston	Nov. 11
Corsican, for Montreal	Nov. 12
Adriatic, for New York	Nov. 13
Canada, for Portland, Me	Nov. 13
Carmania, for New York	Nov. 15
Haverford, for Philadelphia	Nov. 19
Baltic, for New York	Nov. 20
Lusitania, for New York	Nov. 22
Megantic, for Portland, Me	Nov. 22
Sagamore, for Boston	Nov. 22
Alaunia, for Boston	Nov. 23
Dominion, for Philadelphia	Nov. 26
Celtic, for New York	Nov. 27
Caronia, for New York	Nov. 29
Teutonic, for Portland, Me	Nov. 29

Sailings from London

Minnewaska, for New York	Nov. 6
Sicilian, for Montreal	Nov. 6
Minnetonka, for New York	Nov. 13
Minneapolis, for New York	Nov. 20
Minnehaha, for New York	Nov. 27

Sailings from Southampton

Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, New York	Nov. 2
President Grant, for New York	Nov. 3
Cleveland, for Boston	Nov. 5
Kaiser Wilhelm II., for New York	Nov. 5
Olympic, for New York	Nov. 5
Ascania, for Montreal	Nov. 6
Amerika, for New York	Nov. 7
St. Louis, for New York	Nov. 8
Majestic, for New York	Nov. 12
Philadelphia, for New York	Nov. 13
President Lincoln, for New York	Nov. 16
George Washington, for New York	Nov. 16
Hamburg, for Boston	Nov. 19
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, for N. Y.	Nov. 19
Oceanic, for New York	Nov. 19
Auguste Victoria, for New York	Nov. 23
New York, for New York	Nov. 26
Ausonia, for Portland, Me	Nov. 27
St. Paul, for New York	Nov. 29
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, New York	Nov. 30

Sailings from Glasgow

Grampian, for Montreal	Nov. 7
California, for New York	Nov. 8
Caledonia, for New York	Nov. 15
Columbia, for New York	Nov. 22
Hesperian, for Boston	Nov. 22
Cameronia, for New York	Nov. 29

Sailings from Hamburg

President Grant, for New York	Nov. 2
Cleveland, for Boston	Nov. 4
Prinz Oskar, for Philadelphia	Nov. 5
Amerika, for New York	Nov. 6
Pennsylvania, for New York	Nov. 8
President Lincoln, for New York	Nov. 15
Hamburg, for Boston	Nov. 18
Graf Waldersee, for Philadelphia	Nov. 20
Auguste Victoria, for New York	Nov. 22
Patricia, for New York	Nov. 25

Sailings from Bremen

Kaiser Wilhelm II., for New York	Nov. 4
Grosser Kurfuerst, for New York	Nov. 4
George Washington, for New York	Nov. 15
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, New York	Nov. 18
Koeln, for New Orleans via Boston	Nov. 19
Friedrich der Grosse, for New York	Nov. 22
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, New York	Nov. 29

Sailings from Havre

Sicilian, for Montreal	Nov. 7
Chicago, for New York	Nov. 8
La Provence, for New York	Nov. 8
France, for New York	Nov. 15
La Lorraine, for New York	Nov. 22
Niagara, for New York	Nov. 22
La Savoie, for New York	Nov. 29
Rochambeau, for New York	Nov. 29

Sailings from Antwerp

Kroonland, for New York	Nov. 8
Marquette, for Boston	Nov. 13
Finland, for New York	Nov. 15
Zeeland, for New York	Nov. 22
Menominee, for Boston	Nov. 27
Lapland, for New York	Nov. 29

Sailings from Rotterdam

Rotterdam, for New York	Nov. 8
Potsdam, for New York	Nov. 15
New Amsterdam, for New York	Nov. 22
Noordam, for New York	Nov. 29

Sailings from Genoa

Barbarossa, for New York	Nov. 6
Ivernia, for New York	Nov. 6
Ancona, for New York	Nov. 8
Verona, for New York	Nov. 16
Berlin, for New York	Nov. 18
Cincinnati, for New York	Nov. 20
Canopic, for Boston	Nov. 22
Stampalia, for New York	Nov. 22
Saxonia, for New York	Nov. 22

Sailings from Trieste

Ivernia, for New York	Nov. 12
Argentina, for New York	Nov. 15
Martha Washington, for New York	Nov. 22
Saxonia, for New York	Nov. 28

Sailings from Fiume

Carpathia, for New York	Nov. 4
Ivernia, for New York	Nov. 15

Sailings from Copenhagen

C. F. Tietgen, for New York	Nov. 6
Oscar II., for New York	Nov. 13
United States, for New York	Nov. 20

Transpacific Sailings

WESTBOUND

Sailings from San Francisco

*Sierra, for Honolulu	Nov. 4
*Sherman, for Manila	Nov. 5
Shinyo Maru, for Hongkong	Nov. 8
*Lurline, for Honolulu	Nov. 11
*Tahiti, for Sydney	Nov. 12
*Siberia, for Hongkong	Nov. 15
*Sonoma, for Sydney	Nov. 18
*Chiyo Maru, for Hongkong	Nov. 19
*China, for Hongkong	Nov. 22
*Honolulan, for Honolulu	Nov. 25
*Manchuria, for Hongkong	Nov.29

Sailings from Seattle

*Sado Maru, for Hongkong	Nov. 4
*Yokohama Maru, for Hongkong	Nov. 18
*Ixion, for Liverpool via Manila	Nov. 26

Sailings from Tacoma

*Seattle Maru, for Hongkong	Nov. 11
Ixion, for Liverpool, via Manila	Nov. 24
*Mexico Maru, for Hongkong	Nov. 25

Sailings from Vancouver

Empress of Asia, for Hongkong	Nov. 5
Ixion, for Liverpool via Manila	Nov. 8
Empress of Japan, for Hongkong	Nov. 19
Niagara, for Sydney	Nov. 26

EASTBOUND

Sailings from Hongkong

Nile, for San Francisco	Nov. 4
Shidzuoka Maru, for Seattle	Nov. 4
Empress of Russia, for Vancouver	Nov. 5
Minnesota, for Seattle	Nov. 8
Monteagle, for Vancouver	Nov. 8
Mongolia, for San Francisco	Nov. 11
Nippon Maru, for San Francisco	Nov. 18
Tamba Maru, for Seattle	Nov. 18
Empress of India, for Vancouver	Nov. 19
Ajax, for Tacoma	Nov. 22
Tenyo Maru, for San Francisco	Nov. 25
Protesilaus, for Tacoma	Nov. 26

Sailings from Yokohama

Inaba Maru, for Seattle	Nov. 5
Chiyo Maru, for San Francisco	Nov. 8
Titan, for Tacoma	Nov. 8
Chicago Maru, for Tacoma	Nov. 12
Empress of Russia, for Vancouver	Nov. 13
Nile, for San Francisco	Nov. 15
Monteagle, for Vancouver	Nov. 18
Shidzuoka Maru, for Seattle	Nov. 19
Minnesota, for Seattle	Nov. 22
Mongolia, for San Francisco	Nov. 22
Empress of India, for Vancouver	Nov. 28
Nippon Maru, for San Francisco	Nov. 29

Sailings from Honolulu

China, for San Francisco	Nov. 4
Niagara, for Vancouver	Nov. 4
Wilhelmina, for San Francisco	Nov. 5
Manchuria, for San Francisco	Nov. 11
Sierra, for San Francisco	Nov. 15
Chiyo Maru, for San Francisco	Nov. 18
Nile, for San Francisco	Nov. 25
Ventura, for San Francisco	Nov. 28

Sailings from Sydney

Marama, for Vancouver	Nov. 17
Ventura, for San Francisco	Nov. 15

Sailings from Manila

Protesilaus, for Tacoma	Nov. 19

*Carries United States mail.

Steamships Due in Boston

TODAY

North Sands	Las Palmas	Oct. 12
Hilarius	Buenos Aires	Sept. 24
Argonia	China and Japan	
Kaadenfels	Calcutta and Colombo	
Greenbrier	Port Limon	Oct. 25

TUESDAY

Michigan	Liverpool	Oct. 25

WEDNESDAY

Hartlepool	Rio Janeiro	Oct. 18

THURSDAY

Kansas	Yokohama via Suez	Aug. 14 Oct. 12
Hornsund	Hamburg	Oct. 24
Franconia	Liverpool	Oct. 28

SHIPPING NEWS

Although the supply of ice is more plentiful at T wharf, now that barge loads have been towed here from Maine, the fishing fleet was held in port many days waiting for their supply. T wharf is beginning to feel the delay, and the fishermen have hardly got out to the grounds as yet. Today there were only eight vessels at the wharf with catches, two of them being steam trawlers. Prices advanced in accordance with the increased demand and light receipts of fish. Arrivals: Str Crest 338,650 pounds, str Heroine 29,700 and schr Corsair 12,200. The other arrivals were small craft, having nothing but pollock. These vessels are: Actor 14,000 pounds, Laura Enos 9000, Jubilee 8000, Good Luck 3000 and On Time 1500. The Heroine also had 2500 pounds soles, 8000 scrod and Crest 3000 soles, 4000 scrod. Dealers' prices: Steak cod $13.50 per hundredweight, market cod $6.50, haddock $5.50, pollock $4.50, large hake $3.75 and medium hake $2.75.

While there were no mackerel arrivals at T wharf today, a few fresh mackerel were brought to the pier by the steam trawlers. The Heroine had 38 large mackerel, a prize for this time of the year, and the Crest had one. They were caught in the South channel and sold to dealers for 24 cents each.

Fresh fish receipts at Gloucester today showed a variety of catches. Arrivals: Schooner Hazel R. Hines 130,000 pounds salt fish, from the Grand Banks, and the schooner Bohemia 125,000 salt fish; Walto L. Stream 16,000 pounds fresh halibut, torchers 40 barrels herring and gill netters approximately 70,000 pounds fresh fish, the largest catch this season for this type of craft.

Wireless advices received in Boston report the rescue of the crew of the schooner Gypsum Emperor at sea by the Hamburg-American steamer Barcelona, bound for Hamburg from Philadelphia. The Gypsum Emperor was left in latitude 39.35, longitude 56.37. She was owned by Capt. Thomas Martin of Philadelphia, who commanded her. The schooner was on a voyage from Halifax, N. S., for New York, with coal. She was a vessel of 695 tons net.

Schooner Henrietta Simmons reported in need of assistance off the Cape Cod shore has been picked up by the revenue cutter Androscoggin, which left Boston early Saturday morning, and is expected to reach Portland today. Captain Derby of Thomaston, Me., commands the Simmons which, with a load of coal, left New London Oct. 27 to come around the cape. Adverse conditions finally compelled the vessel to anchor off Chatham.

PORT OF BOSTON

Arrived

Str City of Macon, Munson, Savannah.
Str Ontario, Bond, Baltimore, Newport News and Norfolk.
Str Suffolk, Hersey, Norfolk.
Tug Monocacy, Richard, Philadelphia, twg bgs Preston and Ontelrunca.
Tg Mercury, Wall, Newburyport.
Tug T Haviland, New York.
Tug Marguerite, Lambert, New Bedford, twg two scows.
Tug Portsmouth, Perkins, Portsmouth, twg bgs Hampton and Newmarket.

Cleared

Str Prince Arthur, (Br.) Kinney, Yarmouth, N. S.
Str Calvin Austin, Pike, Portland.
Str James S. Whitney, Crowell, New York.
Str City of Macon, Savannah, Munson.
Str City of Augusta, Nilsson, New York.
Str Belfast, Curtis, Bangor.
Str Bay State, Strout, Portland.
Str Kershaw, Johnson, Baltimore via Newport News.
Str H. F. Dimock, O'Donnell, New York.

Sailed

Str Cretic (Br) Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples and Genoa; Kershaw, Baltimore via Newport News; James S. Whitney, New York; Newton. Baltimore; Calvin Austin, Portland, Eastport and St. John, N. B.; tgs Portsmouth, twg bgs Pallas and Neptune, Beverly bgs Tamanend and Moselem.; Ontario, New York, twg bgs Cadosia, Metacomet and Sidney.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS

Strs Calabrina, Mediterranean ports; Toronto, Hull via Boston; Lapland, Antwerp via Dover; Columbia, Glasgow and Moville; Harfleur, Hamburg; Hylas, Buenos Aires and Montevideo via Cuba; Proteus, New Orleans; El Occidente, Galveston; Albingia, Port au Prince, etc; Tivives, Port Limon, etc; Cymric, viLerpool via Queenstown; Clothilde Cuneo, Port Antonio.

COASTWISE TRAFFIC

BALTIMORE, Nov 2—Sld str Drumcliffe, Vera Cruz. Arrd strs Pisa, Hamburg via Halifax, N S; Baron Cawdor, Bombay; Parthian, Providence and left on return; Matilda Weems, Charleston, S C, and Georgetown, S C.

CHARLESTON, S C, Nov. 1—Arrd strs Arachne, Hamburg; Robert M. Thompson, Philadelphia, and left for New Orleans; Huron, Jacksonville, and left for New Orleans; 2d Lenape, New York, and left for Jasksonville; Onondaga, Poston, and left for Jacksonville; Chippewa, from Jacksonville, and left for Boston; schr Humarock, New York.

Classified Advertisements

RATES: Display—1 to 12 times, per line, 15c; 13 to 25 times, per line, 12c; 26 or more times, per line, 10c; measure, 14 lines to the inch. Set Solid: 1 or 2 times, per line, 13c; 3 or more times, per line, 10c; measure, 12 lines to the inch.

Advertisers may have answers sent care of New York Office, Suites 6029-6031 Metropolitan Bldg., 1 Madison Ave., or Chicago Office, Suite 750 People's Gas Bldg., Michigan Ave. and Adams St.

REAL ESTATE

SUMMER HOME ON
LONG ISLAND SOUND
FOR SALE

20 rooms, 6 baths; Southern Colonial style of architecture; beautifully shaded plot, 405x200 feet, running down to water; excellent bathing; safe yacht anchorage; among refined neighbors; convenient to church; 6 min. to Stamford, Conn., R. R. Station; 50 min. to New York City; wonderful panoramic view of 30 miles over Long Island Sound and surrounding country can be seen from any part of the property. Price, $45,000. Particulars sent on request

BADGLEY, JONES & GOOD
505 Fifth Avenue, New York

FOR SALE—Beautiful farm of 200 acres, grand buildings, grand view, stock, tools, crops, near railroad station; send for pictures and description. Must be sold on account of unforeseen circumstances. Price $22,000, but can be bought for less, includes all. D. B. CORNELL COMPANY, Great Barrington, Mass.

CHAPIN'S Illustrated Farm Guide Postpaid, describing Mt. Pleasant estate for boys' school and 600 others. 294 Washington St., Boston.

FOR SALE—Modern 12-room house, 2 baths, hardwood floors, hot water heat; East, stone frontage; lot 25x160. Bargain. Apply Owner, 4838 Michigan ave.

OFFICES TO LET

TO LET, during day, business woman's apartment for practitioner's office, near Symphony hall. Add. V 547, Monitor Office.

ROOMS

SOMERVILLE, 46 Highland Ave.—Two unfurnished rooms; steam heat; hot water; telephone. Upper bell.

ST. STEPHENS STREET, 20—Front parlor, suitable for business; also other rooms.

ROOMS—SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—418 Union st., 2 connected furnished rooms; one a large front; will let singly or together.

BOARDERS WANTED

WANTED — A few table boarders; choice of meals optional. Apply 115 Gainsboro st., suite 2; tel. B. B. 2238-R.

COUNTRY BOARD—NEW HAMPSHIRE

LADY with pleasant country home, desires boarders; every care and comfort; no children; terms reasonable. A. LEEDS, R. D. 2, Woodsville, N. H.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Classified Advertising Columns bring returns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay will give you information as to terms.

APARTMENTS TO LET

69 Gainsboro St.

Attractive Suites of Five to Seven Rooms. Heat, continuous hot water, janitor service, etc., supplied.

$575 to $850 Per Year

Apply on the premises or to

Edward Peirce

94 Milk Street Room 23

BRAND NEW SUITES

1135-37-39-1141 Commonwealth Avenue—Suites containing 2, 3, 4 and 5 rooms, kitchens and kitchenettes, beautifully finished; every possible modern improvement; large reception halls; A. B. C. elevator; steam heat; continuous hot water; janitor service; piazzas; gas and electric lights, gas range; tile baths, porcelain plumbing; awnings, shades and screens; 15 min. to Park st. Apply to owners on premises days and evenings.

BERENSON CONSTRUCTION CO.
Tel. Brighton 1096-M. Haymarket 3944

CASTLEGATE APARTMENTS

Ready for occupancy—484-490 Blue Hill ave. boulevard, corner Castlegate road, suites 4, 5 large sunny rooms, with maids' rooms, large reception halls, large closets, steam heat, continuous hot water, tiled bathrooms, polished oak floors, paneled oak dining rooms, rear piazzas, janitor service. Take Mattapan car.

HUNTINGTON AVE., 331—Apartment, 1 room, bath and kitchenette, furnished, piano. Apply to janitor.

TAILORS

M. GOLDSTEIN,
MAKER OF MEN'S FINE CLOTHES
Fall styles now ready for inspection. Unsurpassed facilities for altering, pressing and repairing. Ladies' and gentlemen's apparel. 65 Huntington ave.

OTTO W. WIKSTROM, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailor, 250 Huntington ave., Boston. Tel Back Bay 5254.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—One vertical 3x3 triplex single-acting power pump of the best manufacture, to be used with electric motor. Apply M. B., Box 153, Duxbury, Mass.

PIANOS

VOSE

PIANO ROOMS

An exceptionally large stock of Grand, Upright and Square Pianos, both new and second hand, marked at prices that will command the respect of the careful buyer. Following is a partial list of SPECIALS in slightly used instruments:

	Originally	Now
VOSE quarter grand	$650	$475
VOSE baby grand	$700	$525
VOSE upright	$400	$275
JEWETT upright		$200
LAFFARGUE upright		$195
MILTON upright		$180
KRANICH & BACH upright		$165
WM. BOURNE upright		$135
HAINES upright		$120
HARDMAN upright		$95

Most of these pianos have been thoroughly refinished, and are in exceptionally fine condition. The usual VOSE guarantee. EASY TERMS.

Out-of-town correspondence solicited.

160 Boylston Street

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

DAILY DEMONSTRATIONS
11 A. M.—3 P. M.
FOOD FLAVORS, VACUUM CLEANERS, WASHERS, ETC.
Household Necessities
MRS. E. F. WILKINS
Room 612, 149 Tremont Street, Boston

The Easiest on the Feet Is
'Success' Brand
GENUINE KANGAROO LEATHER
Soft and pliable, yet wears like iron, holds its shape and retains its brilliant, glossy finish.

PLUMBING

McMahon & Jaques
Hardware, Paints and Oils
Established 1890
Tel. 420 B.B. 242 MASS. AV., BOSTON

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

GENTLEMAN of education, refinement, world-wide export experience, successful sales manager, executive ability, administrator, associate; highest credentials, financial responsibility, desires position; would travel to develop business, or as secretary, companion. U-13, 6030 Metropolitan Bldg., N. Y.

WANTED—$15,000 for 10 years at 6% on farm lands; absolute security. H. NICHOLS, 650 Railway Exch., Chicago.

EDUCATIONAL

SHORT-STORY WRITING

A course of forty lessons in the history, form, structure and writing of the Short-Story taught by Dr. J. Berg Esenwein, Editor Lippincott's Magazine. *Over one hundred Home Study Courses under Professors in Harvard, Brown, Cornell and leading colleges.*
250-Page Catalog Free. Write Today.
The Home Correspondence School
Dept. 371, Springfield, Mass.
Dr. Esenwein

AGENTS WANTED

AGENTS WANTED, both state and local, in all the central and northern states to handle our hot water system for heating automobiles; this system is absolutely right and our agents should realize large returns for their efforts; if the agent is right this position may become permanent and exceedingly profitable; references required; write today. THE ROBINSON AUTO HEATER COMPANY, Loan & Trust Building, Milwaukee, Wis.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

GIRLS—Learn a good paying occupation; we want girls between the ages of 17 and 25 with or without office experience, to take a short course on the Comptometer Computing Machine; after completing this course we place you in a high-class position. Evening classes Mon., Wed. and Fri., 7-9. Apply FELT & TARRANT MFG. CO., 200 Devonshire st., Room 547.

NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, Metropolitan Park Commission, Notice—Sealed proposals for furnishing tow boats to be used in breaking ice in the channels of the Charles River Basin will be received at the office of the Metropolitan Park Commission, 14 Beacon St., Boston, Mass., until 12 o'clock M. of Tuesday, November 11, 1913, at which time and place the bids will be publicly opened and read. The boats shall be of such size and with engines of such power as will be required to do the work in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer. The price shall be quoted at a rate per hour, for not less than 8 hours' work on any one order, and the time shall be computed from the time the boat arrives at the entrance to the Charles River Dam Lock until it leaves the lock to return to its wharf, with deductions for any delays from causes beyond the control of the Commission. During the time of employment the boats will be under the direction and subject to the orders of the Engineer of the Commission, or other duly authorized agents. The bidder will also be required to furnish evidence that he is able to substitute other boats of equal capac

Stock Market Closes Near the Bottom

SHARP DROP IN STOCK MARKET PRICES TODAY

Support Is Lacking and Leading Securities Early Decline to Lower Level—Speculators Are Moving Cautiously

BOSTON STOCKS HEAVY

In view of the holiday tomorrow, business on the stock exchanges today was slow and the early tone weak. Speculators were disposed to move cautiously and not to extend commitments on the long side. Election results in themselves were not regarded as having much importance so far as market influence was concerned.

Early prices today showed a downward tendency. Steel, Amalgamated, Union Pacific, Canadian Pacific, Southern Pacific and Mexican Petroleum were conspicuously weak during the first part of the session.

Osceola and Granby were the weak features of the copper group on the local exchange during the first sales. United Fruit sold off early.

Mexican Petroleum's weakness was ascribed to the fact that the directors failed to take any dividend action Saturday and that the prospects were that it would be passed. After opening off 1½ at 55 it declined to 48¼, recovering part of the loss before midday. Steel was off ¾ at the opening at 56. After improving ¼ it declined to 55½. Southern Pacific opened off ¾ at 86 and sagged off further. Union Pacific was off ½ at the opening at 150¼ and declined a point further. Amalgamated Copper was off ¼ at the opening at 72½ and dropped more than a point further. Pacific Mail was relatively strong.

The New England railroad issues were weak features of the local market. New Haven opened up ¼ at 81¾ and declined to 80¾, a new low record, before midday. Boston & Maine opened unchanged at 53 and declined two points. Osceola opened off a point at 79 and dropped a point further. United Fruit opened unchanged at 159, declined to 156 and rallied a point before midday.

Before the beginning of the last hour New Haven broke through 80 in New York. The rest of the market was dull and heavy. In the Boston market Boston & Maine sold down close to its lowest record, reaching 50¼. Boston Elevated, after opening off a point at 83, receded to 82¼.

AMERICAN TYPE FOUNDERS YEAR

NEW YORK—American Type Founders Company reports for fiscal year ended Aug. 31 last:

	1913	Increase
Net profits	$352,499	$18,968
Preferred dividends	141,653	1,653
Balance	210,846	17,315
Common dividends	160,000	
Surplus	50,846	17,315
Previous surplus adj	763,799	*46,469
Profit and loss surplus	814,645	*29,154

*Decrease.

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT

Weekly statement of the Boston clearing house banks follows:

		Increase
Loans	$236,545,000	$628,000
Circulation	9,870,000	*7,000
Deposits	192,879,000	*1,668,000
Due banks	77,519,000	*3,620,000
U S deposits	1,598,000	35,000
Reserve agents	31,437,000	*2,708,000
Exch clear	16,371,000	2,716,000
Due from banks	25,747,000	*2,428,000
5% funds	502,500	
Legal tenders	4,143,000	*36,000
Specie	20,223,000	*379,000
Reserve excess	2,761,286	*481,000
Exc with res agts	3,632,286	*2,774,000

*Decrease.

Excess of reserves last year in Boston $1,000,571, with reserve agents $3,778,571.

FOREIGN METALS

LONDON—Best selected copper £77 10s., off £1 10s. Pig tin steady. Spot £181 15s., unchanged. Futures £183, off 5s. Spanish pig lead £20 12s. 6d., unchanged. Spelter £20 5s., unchanged. Cleveland Warrants 50s. 9d., off 6d.

WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Probably rain late tonight or on Tuesday; warmer tonight; moderate south to west winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather as follows for New England: Local rains late tonight or on Tuesday; warmer tonight, western Massachusetts and interior.

Low pressure which is central in Ontario is causing much cloudiness in Canada, the lake region and eastern districts. The pressure is generally above the average, and partly cloudy weather in other portions of the country. The weather is generally colder with temperatures below freezing in the northwestern district. The lowest is 20 degrees, at Battleford. The range in New England was from 22 degrees at Greenville to 46 at Nantucket.

TEMPERATURE TODAY

8 a. m. ..... 46 | 12 noon 55

Average in Boston yesterday, 44 2-3.

IN OTHER CITIES

(8 a. m. today.)

Albany	38	New York	44
Buffalo	44	Philadelphia	42
Chicago	50	Pittsburgh	38
Denver	28	Portland, Me.	30
Des Moines	42	San Francisco	56
Jacksonville	60	St. Louis	46
Kansas City	50	Washington	32
Nantucket	46		

ALMANAC FOR TODAY

Sun rises ..... 6:20 High water.
Sun sets ..... 4:36 2:30 a.m. 2:47 p.m.
Length of day 10:16

LIGHT AUTO LAMPS AT 5:06 P. M.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—Following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales today:

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale
Adams Express	121	121	121	121
Alaska Gold	21⅞	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞
Amalgamated	72⅛	72⅛	71⅜	71½
Am Beet Sugar	22½	22½	22½	22½
Am Can	30	30	29¼	29⅝
Am Can pf	90	90½	90	90½
Am Car Fy	44	44	43½	43½
Am Cities	36	36	36	36
Am H & L	3½	3½	3½	3½
Am Linseed Oil	11	11	10⅞	10⅞
Am Linseed Oil pf	30½	30½	29⅝	29¾
Am Loco	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Am Smelting	62⅛	62⅜	62	62¾
Am Sugar	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼
Am T & T	120¾	121	120¾	121
Am Woolen pf	76	76	76	76
Anaconda	34⅞	34⅞	34⅛	34⅛
Atchison	91¾	92	91½	91¾
At Coast Line	115½	115½	115½	115½
Bald Loco	40	40	40	40
Ba't & Ohio	93¼	93¼	93	93
Beth Steel	30	30	30	30
Brooklyn R T	86½	86½	86½	86½
Cal Petrol	16½	16½	16	16½
Cal Petrol pf	48½	48½	47	47
Can Pacific	224½	224½	222¾	223⅜
Cent Leather	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
Ches & Ohio	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾
Chi M & St Paul	100½	100⅝	100¼	100¼
Chi & Gt W pf	28	28⅞	28	28⅞
Chi & N'west	127	127	126¾	126¾
Chino	39¼	39¼	38¾	38¾
Col Fuel	28	28	28	28
Col Southern	28	28	28	28
Corn Prod	10	10	9⅝	9⅝
Erie	27	27	26⅝	26⅝
Erie 1st pf	42	42	41½	42
Gen Electric	140	140	140	140
Goodrich pf	87½	87½	87½	87½
Gt Nor Ore	32	32	31½	31½
Gt Nor pf	123⅝	123⅝	123½	123½
Gug Ex Co	44¾	44¾	44½	44½
Harvester Corp	101¼	101¼	101⅛	101¼
Harvester of N J	102	102	102	102
Illinois Cent	105¾	105⅞	105¾	105⅞
Int Marine pf	15	15	14½	14½
Inter-Met	14	14	13⅞	13⅞
Inter-Met pf	57¼	57⅜	56½	56⅝
Int Paper pf	35	35	35	35
Kan City So	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
Kan & Texas pf	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼
Lehigh Valley	150½	150½	150½	150½
Mex Petrol	55	55	44¾	46
Miami	22½	22⅝	22¼	22¼
Missouri Pacific	28	28	27⅝	27¾
Nat Biscuit pf	119⅞	119⅞	119⅞	119⅞
N RR of M 2d pf	11½	11½	11½	11½
Nevada Con	15⅝	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜
N Y Central	95½	95⅝	95½	95⅝
N Y N H & H	81¾	81¾	79⅞	80¾
Norf & West	103	103⅛	103	103⅛
Northern Pac	108	108	107¼	107½
Ont & West	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Pac Mail	20⅝	22¼	20½	21¾
Pennsylvania	108⅜	108⅝	107¾	108⅜
Peoria & Eastern	8	8	8	8
Pettibone	25	25	25	25
Pitts Coal	20	20	20	20
Pitts Coal pf	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛
Pressed St Car	25	25	25	25
Pullman	153	153	153	153
Quicksilver pf	4½	4½	4½	4½
Ray Con	18⅝	18⅝	18⅜	18½
Reading	159¾	159¾	158⅞	159½
Rdg 1st pf	84	84	84	84
Rdg 2d pf	86	86	86	86
Rep I & S pf	79½	79½	78½	79
Rock Island	14¼	14½	14⅛	14⅛
Seaboard A L pf	46	46	46	46
Sears Roebuck	174½	175½	174½	175½
Southern Pac	86⅝	87⅜	86¼	86⅜
Southern Pac 1 pd	92	92	92	92
Southern Pac ctfs	91	91	90¾	90¾
Southern Ry	22	22	22	22
Southern Ry pf	76½	76½	76⅛	76⅛
St L & S F	5½	5½	5½	5½
Tenn Copper	28⅜	28¾	28⅜	28¾
Texas Pac	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
Texas Co	110¼	110⅛	110	110
Third Ave	39½	40	39	39¼
Union Pac	150¼	150¼	149¼	149¾
Union Pac pf	81⅞	81⅞	81½	81½
U S Rubber	58½	58½	58½	58½
U S Rubber pf	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜
U S Steel	56	56¼	55½	56
*U S Steel pf	105½	105¾	105½	105¾
Utah Copper	51¾	51¾	51	51
Western Union	62½	62½	62½	62½
Westinghouse	66	66	65¾	65¾
W Maryland	36	37	36	37
Wells-Fargo Ex	94	94	94	94
W & L E 2d pf	9	9	9	9
W & L E 1st pf	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼
Woolworth	89¼	90	89½	90

*Ex-dividend.

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc.)

Wheat—	Open	High	Low	Close
Dec	.85¾	.85¾	.85⅛	.85⅜
May	.90⅜	.90½	.89⅞	.90
July	.87⅜	.87⅝	.87¼	.81⅞
Corn—				
Dec	.69¾	.70¼	.69¾	.69⅞
May	.70¾	.71	.70⅝	.70¾
July	.70¼	.70¼	.69⅞	.70⅝
Oats—				
Dec	.38⅜	.38⅝	.37⅝	.37⅝
May	.42⅝	.42⅞	.41⅞	.41¾
July	.41¾	.41⅝	.40⅞	.41½
Pork—				
Jan	20.17	20.25	20.10	20.10
May	20.25	20.27	20.12	20.15
Lard—				
Jan	10.77	10.80	10.72	10.75
May	10.92	10.97	10.87	10.90

THE GRAIN MARKET

C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc., of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, received the following from their Chicago correspondent:

Wheat—The markets were a little higher during the early session, due mainly to the cables. Further complaints were received from the Argentine, it being dry in some of the principal producing sections there. Shorts covered and a little fresh buying was stimulated by the prospects of a decrease in the visible. The movement of the spring wheat was fair, but it continues much under last year. Offerings on the whole increased on the upturn.

Corn—Was steadier due to the higher wheat level. There is practically no pressure from the country, the receipts being well cared for. At some points stocks are accumulating but not in a burdensome way, with the undertone to the cash market very steady.

Oats—Were steady with other markets. Interior movement is fair. Shorts are the principal buyers. Cash demand is fair, with fresh speculative buying restricted by liberal stocks and fears of competition from Canada and Argentine.

LONDON MARKET UNSTEADY AND VOLUME LIGHT

Securities Move Sluggishly in an Uncertain Course, Affected by Various Influences—Americans Are Neglected

SUPPORT IS LACKING

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—Markets generally dull with marked weakness in Mexican rails and diamond shares.

(By Boston Financial News)

LONDON—Gloomy sentiment which prevailed at the outset was unrelieved in the final dealings. Consols were sluggish rather than weak but heaviness developed in home rails on renewed labor fears.

Irregularity in Americans was set down to New York impulses. Union Pacific was especially flat. Canadian Pacifics declined again on New York and Berlin selling. Mexican Railway, Limited, was featured by another slump to the lowest.

Mexican gold bonds broke 3 points and foreigners displayed weakness, especially Brazilians. Diamond securities were subjected to hammering and pressure was evident against oils, particularly Mexican concerns.

De Beers off 9-16 net at 18 1-16, Rio Tintus left off at 74⅛ extra dividend. The final figure on Friday was 74⅛.

PARIS—Irregularity featured the close of the bourse.

BERLIN—Bourse ended with an irregular aspect.

LONDON MARKET—CLOSE

		Advance
Amalgamated	72½	*¼
Atchison	91¾	*¾
Baltimore & Ohio	92⅞	*⅝
Canadian Pacific	228⅜	*1⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	57¼	..
Chicago Great Western	12⅝	..
St. Paul	101	*½
Denver & Rio Grande	18½	..
Erie	27⅝	*½
do 1st pfd	41⅝	⅛
Illinois Central	105¾	..
Louisville & Nashville	131⅜	..
Kansas & Texas	20	*¼
New York Central	96	*⅛
Norfolk & Western	103½	..
Ontario & Western	27¼	..
Pennsylvania	108¾	⅜
Reading	159⅝	*⅞
Southern Railway	22⅛	..
Southern Pacific	86¼	*¼
Union Pacific	148⅞	*1⅛
United States Steel	55½	1¼
Wabash	4⅛	..

*Decline.

PRODUCE

Boston Prices

Flour—Spring patents, in sacks, $4.70@5.10; spring clears, in sacks, $3.60@4.10; winter patents, $4.65@5.20; winter straights, $4.40@4.90; winter clears, $4.30@4.60; Kansas, in sacks, $4.10@4.70.

Millfeed—Spring bran, $24.75@25.25; winter bran, $26.25@26.75; middlings, $26.25@29; mixed feed, $26.50@28.50; red dog, $29.75; cottonseed meal, $32.50@33.50; linseed meal, $32.

Corn—Spot, No. 2 yellow, 82½c; No. 3 yellow, 82c; ship, lake and rail, No. 2 yellow, 82@82½c; No. 3 yellow, 81½@82c; ship, all rail, No. 2 yellow, 83½@84c; No. 3 yellow, 83@83½c.

Straw—Rye, $20@21; oat, $11.50@12.50.

Hay—Choice $23.50@24; No. 1 grade, $22.50; No. 2, $20.50@21; No. 3, $16.50@17.50; stock, $14.50@16.

Cornmeal — Granulated, $4.25@4.40; bolted, $4.20@4.35; bag meal, $1.53@1.55; cracked corn, $1.55@1.75.

Lard—Raw leaf, 13½c; rendered leaf, 13c; pure, 12½c.

Oats—No. 1 clipped white, 48c; No. 2 clipped white, 47c; No. 3 clipped white, 46½c; ship fancy, 40 lbs, 47¼@48c; fancy, 38 lbs, 47@47¼c; reg 38 lbs, 46@46½c; reg 36 lbs, 45½@46c.

Butter—Northern creamery extra, 31½@32c; western, 31c; pints, extra northern creamery, 32@32½c.

Eggs—Henneries, extra, 47@48c; eastern, extra, 45@46c; western prime firsts, 35@36c.

Beans—Pea, choice, per bu, $2.30@2.35; California, small white, $3.95@4; yellow eyes, $3@3.15; red kidneys, $2.90@3.

Onions—Spanish, per case, $2.75@3; Connecticut, per 100-lb bag, $1.25@2; native, per bu box, $1.10@1.15.

Potatoes—New, per 2-bu bag, Maine, $1.30@1.40; sweet potatoes, per bbl, $1.25@1.60.

Fruit—Oranges, $2.75@6 box; grapes, pony bskts, Concord, 18@20c; Niagaras, 18@20c; pears, Sheldons, $1.50@2.50; common varieties, 75c@$1.25; cranberries, $3@7 bbl, $1.50@2.25 crt.

Apples—Per bbl, $2@5.

Sugar—American Sugar Refining Company's net quotations for 20-bbl lots: Crystal dominoes, 7.25c; eagle tablets, 6.05c; cubes, 4.85c; cut loaf, 5.55c; XXXX powdered, 4.65c; granulated and fine, bbls and 100-lb bags, 4.50c; 25-lb bags and under, 4.55@4.80c; diamond A, 4.50c; Ontario A, 4.35c; empire A, 4.30c; extra Cs, 4.05@4.15c; yellow Cs, 3.90@4c.

Sugar—Wholesale grocery prices: Granulated and fine, bbl and 100-lb bags, $4.65.

NEW YORK CURB

NEW YORK—Curb market quiet and irregular: Greene Cananea new 31½@33; Braden 6⅞@6¾; Nipissing 8¼@8¼; Kerr Lake 4 1-16@4⅛; Anglo Am 22⅝@22⅞.

BOSTON STOCKS

BOSTON—The following are the transactions of the Boston Stock Exchange giving the opening, high, low and last sales today:

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale
Ahmeek	280	280	280	280
Alaska Gold	22	22	21⅝	21⅞
Am Ag Chem pf	91	91	91	91
Amalgamated	72	72⅛	71⅜	71½
Amoskeag	60	60	60	60
Am Pneumatic pf	16⅝	16⅝	16	16
Am Sugar	109	109	108¼	108¼
Am Sugar pf	113	114	113	114
Am Tel	121	121⅛	120⅝	121⅛
Am Woolen pf	75¾	76	75¾	76
Ariz Com	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
Atchison pf	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼
Boston & Corbin	50c	50c	50c	50c
Boston Elevated	83	83	82¼	82½
Boston & Maine	53	53	50	50
Butte & Balaklava	5¼	5¼	5	5
Butte & Sup	30½	30¾	30¼	30¾
Calumet & Ariz	64	64	63	63½
Centennial	13½	13½	13½	13½
Chino	39¼	39¼	39	39
Copper Range	37⅛	37¾	37⅛	37½
East Butte	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
Edison Elec	265½	265½	265½	265½
Franklin	3	3	3	3
General Elec	140	140½	139½	139½
Granby	70	70½	69¾	69¾
Greene-Cananea	32	32½	31½	31½
Greene-Can frac	32	32	32	32
Hancock	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
Inspiration	15	15	15	15
Isle Royale	18	18½	18	18½
Kerr Lake	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Lake Copper	8	8	8	8
Mass Elec	11½	11½	11½	11½
Mass Elec pf	67	67	67	67
Mass Gas	92	92	92	92
Mergenthaler	217	217	217	217
Mohawk	41	41	41	41
N E Cot Yarn pf	67	67	67	67
Nipissing	8⅜	8⅜	8	8⅛
North Butte	24	24	23⅝	23⅞
N Y N H & H	81¾	81¾	80	80½
New Haven rts	1 3-32	1 3-32	93c	93c
North Lake	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
Old Colony	168	168	168	168
Old Colony Mining	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½
Old Dominion	50	50	48½	48½
Osceola	79	79	78	78
Pond Creek Coal	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Quincy	59	59	59	59
Reece Button	16½	16½	16	16
Shattuck & Ariz	27	27⅛	27	27
Sup & Boston	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
Swift & Co	104⅞	105	104⅞	105
Torrington	26	26	26	26
Trinity	4½	4½	4½	4½
Unl Shoe Mac	48½	48½	48	48
Unl Shoe Mac pf	27½	27½	27¼	27¼
United Fruit	159	159	155⅛	155⅛
U S Smelting	37½	37½	37½	37½
U S Smelting pf	46½	46¾	46½	46¾
U S Steel	56	56⅛	55⅜	55⅞
U S Steel pf	105½	105⅝	105	105
Utah-Apex	2	2	2	2
Utah Copper	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝
Victoria	1½	1½	1½	1½
West End	69	69	69	69
W H McElwain	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
Winona	2	2	2	2

BONDS

	High	Low	Last
Am Tel & Tel 4s	85¾	85⅝	85¾
Am Tel & Tel cv 4½s	96½	95⅝	95⅝
Central Vermont 4s	84	84	84
C B & Q Jt 4s	94½	94¼	94½
Chicago Junction 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾
Mass Gas 4½s 1929	95¼	95¼	95¼
Mass Gas 4½s 1931	95¼	95¼	95¼
N E Cotton Yarn 5s	90½	90½	90½
N E Tel 5s 1932	100	99¾	99¾
N H cv 6s new w i	103¼	103	103
Pond Creek 6s	105	105	105
Western Tel 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼

BOSTON CURB

	High	Low	Last
Bay State Gas	19c	19c	19c
Boston Ely	46c	46c	46c
Butte London	20c	28c	29c
Calaveras	1½	1½	1½
Chief	1⅞	1¼	1⅝
Corbin	32c	30c	32c
Crown Reservation	1¾	1¾	1¾
Davis Daly	1⅞	1⅛	1⅛
Eagle & Bluebell	1	1	1
First National Copper	3	2½	2½
Goldfield Consolidated	1½	1½	1½
La Rose	1⅛	1¼	1⅛
Mexican Metals	42c	41c	41c
Mines of America	2⅛	2⅛	2¼
New River	3	2½	2½
South Lake	3½	3½	3½
Tonopah	4¾	4¾	4¾
Utah Metals	51c	51c	51c
Yukon	2	2	2

RAILWAY EARNINGS

ERIE

September—		Increase
Gross rev	$5,462,035	$18,328
Oper exps, taxes	4,330,771	413,418
Oper income	1,125,264	*395,090
From July 1—		
Gross rev	16,651,289	84,336
Oper expenses	12,733,104	1,073,357
Oper income	3,918,185	*989,021

N. Y., SUSQUEHANNA & WESTERN

September—		
Gross rev	$531,003	$26,446
Oper income	73,939	*3,070
From July 1—		
Gross rev	958,489	58,434
Oper income	202,600	15,879

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT

Third week October	$169,378	$14,585
From Jan. 1	7,017,446	536,464

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST LOUIS

September—		
Oper rev	$1,055,938	*$23,160
Oper income	205,055	*24,748
From July 1—		
Oper rev	3,133,880	*87,710
Oper income	508,939	*144,417

CANADIAN NORTHERN

Year ended June 30—		
Gross earnings	$24,725,478	$3,067,385
Oper expenses	17,503,610	2,524,562
Net earnings	7,221,868	1,142,823
Fixed charges	5,190,924	*114,724
Balance	1,832,944	1,257,547
Interest	38,214	938,214
Surplus	894,730	319,333

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE

September—		
Oper revs	$5,293,543	$360,726
Oper income	1,459,374	84,629
From July 1—		
Oper revs	15,310,985	984,038
Oper income	3,475,328	*100,820

VIRGINIA RAILWAY & POWER CO.

Year ended June 30—		
Gross earnings	$4,864,107	$305,913
Exps, taxes	2,416,988	75,915
Net oper rev	2,447,119	311,828
Total income	2,533,822	329,372
Final surplus	983,178	937,115

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN SOUTHERN

September—		
Gross earns	$2,709,905	$56,215
Net earns	708,427	112,187
Surplus	161,065	79,332
From July 1—		
Gross earns	8,298,737	*195,583
Net earns	2,410,744	154,137
Net income	496,166	129,447

*Increas

ELEVATED CO.'S ANNUAL REPORT IS PUBLISHED

President Bancroft Reviews Company's Finances and Tells Stockholders of the Progress of the New Work

SUBWAYS CONSIDERED

The annual report of Boston Elevated Railway Company for its year to June 30 is issued. Income account and balance sheet have already been published.

President Bancroft in his remarks to stockholders says in part:

During the year the company has increased its capital stock by the issue of 39,294 shares, which were subscribed for at $105 per share. This was the portion of the 40,000 shares which were authorized by vote of the stockholders on Nov. 4, 1912, and by railroad commissioners of Dec. 6, 1912, which were subscribed for. This makes the capital stock outstanding at the close of the fiscal year $23,879,400. There are 706 shares of stock, unsubscribed for, to be sold at public auction at not less than par.

During the year the company has also issued $4,000,000 of 5 per cent gold bonds, dated Dec. 2, 1912, and running for 30 years to Dec. 1, 1942. This makes the funded debt $22,300,000.

On July 16, 1913, directors accepted chapter 777 of acts of the Legislature for 1913. This act provides that the elevated railway heretofore authorized is not to be built in Malden, nor in Everett beyond a point near the intersection of Broadway and Boston & Maine railroad. Company by the act is granted a right to build a subway from this point to a point near Malden square. If the company does not begin to build the subway within five years from the date of the acceptance of the act, Boston transit commission may build such a subway, to be financed by cities of Everett and Malden, and to be leased to company for 25 years at an annual rental of 4½ per cent on the net cost of the subway.

The company has added a net of 3.929 miles of surface track, making a total mileage of 510,988.

The company has ordered 100 more prepayment cars and 55 elevated cars. These, with the 20 Cambridge subway cars, when all are delivered, will make an addition to its rolling stock since last year of 175 large cars. Besides these the company is adapting a number of cars to be used as stepless, prepayment, middle entrance, vestibuled cars. Of these 32 will soon be in operation.

Construction of the Boylston street subway, beginning on March 12, 1912, has been prosecuted by the Boston transit commission. While incomplete in sections, the work has reached nearly to Charles street on Boylston street.

Construction of the Dorchester tunnel was begun by the Boston transit commission May 30, 1912.

The commission also began work upon the East Boston tunnel extension on Nov. 29, 1912, near Scollay square. Much progress has been made.

It is expected that the Boylston street subway, as far as the Public Garden, will be in service in about a year.

The use of the tunnels will not be begun until later.

Tentative freight and express business was inaugurated during the year. Cars of the Bay State Street Railway and of Boston & Worcester Street Railway are run upon Elevated tracks. These companies pay for the privilege, so that our company, as such, is not engaged in collecting or delivering parcels. First station was opened on Oct. 28, 1912, at the company's property on Harrison avenue. The second station, upon land leased by the company at Coops Hill wharf, was opened Feb. 17, 1913.

Conferences with representatives of the labor organization brought about an agreement as to 20 of the 48 demands which were made last April. The others, relating chiefly to wages, have been under arbitration.

Stockholders of record June 30, 1913, total number is 5973, holding 238,794 shares of stock. Of these 5346, holding 216,893 shares, live in Massachusetts. This shows that nearly 90 per cent of the stock is held in Massachusetts. The average number of shares held by each stockholder of the company is a little over 39.

At Boston Elevated annual meeting, at which 133,056 shares were voted, directors were reelected.

PROVISIONS

Boston Receipts

Apples 10,845 bbls 1970 bxs, cranberries 411 bbls, Florida oranges 982 bxs, grapefruit 1098 bxs, lemons 30 bxs, California fruit 6 cars, pines 33 cts, grapes 198 bbls 31,123 bskts 5585 carriers, raisins 1265 bxs, dates 1100 bxs, peanuts 573 bags, potatoes 85,423 bu, sweet potatoes 678 bbls, onions 1236 bu.

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS

PHILADELPHIA—American Railways 38⅞, Cambria Steel 48, Electric Storage Battery 46, General Asphalt pfd tre 76, Lehigh Nav tru 83⅝, Lehigh Valley 75¼, Pennsylvania Steel pfd 63½, Philadelphia Company 39½, Philadelphia Company pfd 40, Philadelphia Electric 22⅞, Philadelphia Rapid Transit 20, Philadelphia Traction 80⅞, Union Traction 46, United Gas Improvement 83½.

Rents Salaries Etc.
and the Income Tax

A new pamphlet covering these points, ready at the

Information Bureau

Court Street Office

Old Colony Trust Company.

Copies of our three pamphlets on the income tax may be procured at either office, or will be mailed upon request.

17 COURT STREET 52 TEMPLE PLACE
BOSTON

NEW YORK BONDS

NEW YORK—Following are the transactions in bonds on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the high, low and last sales today:

	High	Low	Last
Am Ag Chem 5s	98⅜	98⅜	98¾
Am S & R 6s	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
Am T & T clt	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
Am T&T cv 4½s	95¾	95¾	95¾
Armour 4½s	90	90	90
Atch adj 4s	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝
Atch 4s	93	93	93
Atch cv 4s 1960	93	93	93
Atch cv 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼
B & O 3½s	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛
B & O 4s	91	90¾	91
B & O cv	92	91⅞	92
Beth Steel fdg	81⅝	81½	81½
B R T 5s 1918	96⅜	96½	96½
Brooklyn 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
Cent Leather 5s	94	94	94
Central Pac 1sts	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
C & O cv	79⅝	79⅜	79⅝
C B & Q Ill 3½s	82½	82½	82½
C B & Q gm 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼
C B & Q 4s	94½	94⅛	94½
Chi Gt West 4s	73	73	73
Chi NW 3½s	81¾	81¾	81¾
C R I & P 4s	53⅛	52⅝	52¾
Col So 4s	90½	90½	90½
D & H fdg	95	95	95
Denver fdg	71½	71½	71½
Detroit Edison	101½	101½	101½
Erie gl	70½	70	70
Erie cv A	72¼	72¼	72¼
Erie cv B	70⅜	70⅜	70⅜
Ind Steel 5s	99	98⅞	98⅞
Gen Motors 6s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
Inter Met 4½s	75	75	75
Int Pump 5s	64	64	64
I R T fdg 5s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜
Japan 4½s N	85	85	85
Japan 4½s	85⅞	85¾	85¾
Lake Shore 4s	91¼	91⅛	91⅛
L & N 4s	93	92½	93
N Y C & L S 3½s	79	79	79
N

Financial, Railway and Business News

OPERATING INCOME OF THE NEW HAVEN SUFFERS LOSS

Statement Just Issued by Company Presents Substantial Falling Off for the Month of September and the Last Quarter—Some Small Gains

According to a statement just issued by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, operating income for the month of September suffered a loss of $550,340 and a loss of $1,845,640 for the last quarter.

The figures are in tabular form showing operating income of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company and of the separately operated companies in which it has an interest.

The latter comprise the Central New England Railway Company, New York, Ontario & Western Railway Company, Boston & Maine railroad and operated lines, Maine Central Railroad Company, New England Steamship Company, Hartford & New York Transportation Company, New Bedford, Marthas Vineyard & Nantucket Steamboat Company, the Connecticut Company, the Rhode Island Company, Berkshire Street Railway Company, New York & Stamford Railway Company, the Westchester Street Railroad Company, New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company, Housatonic Power Company and the Westport Water Company.

The reports of these companies—of the railroad and street railway companies at least—show that operating expenses have increased much faster than operating revenue, so that even when taxes are smaller—and in several instances they are larger—the operating income, from which the companies pay their fixed charges and their dividends, have materially shrunk.

The following table presents the figures for the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company:

	Sept., 1913	Sept., 1912
Oper rev	$6,078,438.55	$5,985,230.00
Oper exp	4,128,740.47	3,545,873.71
Net op rev	1,949,698.08	2,439,356.89
Outside op. net	12,024.61	162,712.67
Net oper rev	1,961,722.69	2,602,069.56
Taxes	280,000.00	370,000.00
Oper income	1,681,722.69	2,232,069.56
Three months to Sept. 30—	1913	1912
Oper rev	$17,956,726.94	$18,149,189.92
Oper exp	12,027,130.10	10,675,595.18
Net op rev	5,929,596.84	7,473,594.74
Optside oper, net	22,447.64	410,090.37
Net op rev	5,952,044.48	7,883,685.11
Taxes	920,000.00	1,006,000.00
Oper income	5,032,044.48	6,877,685.11

The figures for the Boston & Maine and operated lines show a decrease in operating revenue offsetting the gain from outside operations, while operating expenses for the three months grew from $9,483,903.27 in 1912 to $10,214,078.76 this year. The net result is a decrease of $708,344.18, or nearly a fifth, in operating income.

For the Maine Central the operating income for the three months fell from $830,518.02 to $729,537.46, a loss of more than $100,000, and on the Central New England the decrease was from $485,-638.18 to $384,527.10. On both roads there were material increases in operating expenses, accompanied in the case of the latter by a $46,000 decrease in operating revenue.

For the New York, Ontario & Western the same rule holds. Operating revenue fell off by $32,000, operating expenses increased by $113,000, and the loss in operating income was $134,000.

Street railway companies fared little better. The Connecticut Company and the Rhode Island Company both had increased expenses, but they were also able to increase their revenues, so that the loss in operating income as against 1912 was only $37,600 for the former and $64,500 for the latter. Both of these companies had to pay largely increased taxes.

An exception to the general run is the Berkshire Street Railway Company, operating in western Massachusetts. Here a revenue increase of $27,000 was secured with an actual slight decrase in operating expenses, and the operating income for the three months in 1913 was $78,913.39, a growth of nearly 40 per cent over the $55,960.41 in 1912.

For the New York, Westchester & Boston Railway Company, into which the New Haven has put so much money with the hope of getting it back in the future, the operating income was a deficit of $46,264.38.

As the deficit in the same months in 1912, however, was $93,539.95, the road's condition is evidently improving. Operating expenses were decreased by $4000—from $117,011.19 to $113,015.78—and the revenue jumped from $47,533.58 to $102,-380.43, although somewhat offset by a tax increase of $11,500. For the month of September, 1913, operating revenue ran only $1492.77 behind operating expenses.

The New England Steamship Company had an operating income of $559,-289.55 for the three months this year as against $511,850.50 in 1912, and some of the smaller companies also showed gains.

THIRTY MILLIONS INCREASE IN BOSTON BANK DEPOSITS

In the slightly more than 10 weeks that have elapsed from the comptroller's call of Aug. 9 to that of Oct. 21 the Boston national banks increased their deposits by $30,228,000. Together the 20 national banks report gross deposits of $291,842,613, which compares with $261,-614,633 on Aug. 9 when a decrease of $23,000,000 from June 4 was shown. The big dip in deposits in August and the present upswing are more than seasonal and are explained by the fact that the August call fell on a Saturday when bank deposits are at a low ebb.

The first increase in capital stock by any of the banks in many weeks, in fact since the Shawmut increased its stock from $3,500,000 to $10,000,000, is that of the Mutual National from $200,-000 to $500,000. As a result the total national banking capital of the city is now $29,200,000 as compared with a capital stock strength of $17,250,000 for the trust companies. What little change has occurred in the prices of bank stocks has been for the most part in the nature of slight recessions.

In the following tabulation are shown capital, surplus and undivided profits, deposits, book value and last sale of stock of the 20 Boston national banks:

	Capital	Surplus and profits	Deposits	Book value	Last sale
Boylston	$700,000	$308,515	$3,818,293	144	120
Commerce	1,500,000	1,779,190	15,048,718	218	207
Commercial	250,000	266,728	2,026,365	206	172
First	5,000,000	11,177,768	79,630,655	323	435
First Ward	200,000	179,110	1,198,568	189	180
Fourth-Atlantic	1,500,000	1,313,748	14,661,589	187	195
Hyde Park	100,000	72,782	569,115	172	120
Merchants	3,000,000	3,579,553	27,571,589	219	295
Mutual	500,000	86,723	1,261,845	117	125
New England	200,000	152,192	1,218,430	176	153
Old Boston	900,000	369,444	2,866,610	141	127
Peoples	300,000	226,203	2,097,917	175	125
Rockland	300,000	619,318	3,846,894	306	200
Second	2,000,000	3,114,509	25,524,391	255	285
Security	250,000	953,728	2,111,463	481	425
Shawmut	10,000,000	7,605,931	87,090,941	176	215
South End	200,000	67,116	1,278,289	133	110
Union	1,000,000	1,484,252	10,969,311	248	215
Webster	1,000,000	1,152,013	5,229,408	215	190
Winthrop	300,000	558,507	3,822,222	286	325
Total	$29,200,000	$35,067,330	$291,842,613	..	..

SEEK ECONOMIES OF OPERATION

NEW YORK—Announcement is made by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company that it has absorbed the St. Paul & Kansas City Short Line Railorad. This line has been owned by Rock Island since it was built but up to the present time had been operated separately. For the purpose of economy, however, it was decided to absorb it and in that way eliminate a considerable expense incident to operation of that portion of the system, such as maintaining a separate board of directers and operating officials together with other necessary outlays.

The St. Paul & Kansas City Short Line Railroad was chartered Feb. 18, 1911, under the laws of Iowa with an authorized capital stock of $45,000,000 of which $50,000 was issued and owned by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company. The company also executed a first mortgage to secure an issue of $30,000,000 4½ per cent bonds maturing Feb. 1, 1941, of which $10,000,-000 were issued and acquired by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company.

It is stated that acquisition of the property of the railroad company will entail no new financing of any nature whatever, and was purely for the purpose of effecting economies of operation as stated above.

DECLINE IN ITS OCTOBER GROSS

The gross earnings of the Boston & Worcester Street Railway Company for October, exclusive of freight receipts, were $49,606, a decrease of $4500, or 8.5 per cent, compared with a year ago. In the previous month the gross earnings were $61,450, a decrease of 2 per cent, while in October a year ago there was an increase of 8½ per cent.

The loss in gross earnings last month exactly equal in percentage to the increase last year was due to the unfavorable weather conditions with rain on every Saturday and Sunday which are the heavy riding days.

NEW STOCK ISSUE

The Northern Massachusetts Street Railway Company has petitioned the public service commission for authority to issue 1000 additional shares of capital stock of a par value of $100. The proceeds of the above issue are to be used to pay floating indebtedness and other expenses.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.

CHICAGO—October sales of Sears, Roebuck & Co. were $11,349,113, or a 25.05 per cent increase. Ten months' sales were $75,998,051, or a 15.33 per cent increase.

FINANCIAL NOTES

Complete returns covering applications for new capital by railroads and industrials during October a year ago, a decrease of $95,144,300.

Returns for railways of United Kingdom show total number of passengers carried in 1912 as 1,294,337,000, a decrease of 30,000,000 from 1911.

Swiss government is providing for expenditure of $7,600,000 for electrification of St. Gothard railway. This will be first step in electrification of all Swiss national railways.

Canadian Pacific may electrify entire system if tests now being made on Rocky Mountain division are successful, power being developed by hydro-electric plants along the route.

The Gulf State Steel Company, of New York, with capital of $15,000,000, was chartered at Dover, Del., Saturday. Incorporators are A. Spottswood Campbell, J. Cotter Conwell and John Ferguson, all of New York.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit has received $900,000 in cash as first payment in settlement of suit with Brooklyn City railroad. Balance of settlement, amounting to $750,000, will be paid at rate of $50,000 every three months.

Finest private car in existence has been turned out of Pennsylvania railroad shops for President Rea. The car is of steel with mahogany finish and has fireplace, shower baths and special heating plant. It was designed by President Rea himself.

Estimating world's output of gold since discovery of America at 72 to 73 thousand million francs, Bulletin de Statistique of Paris figures that approximately one third of 23,662,000,000 francs is now in vaults of banks and government treasuries.

London Statist's compilation of new capital issues for October shows £18,-800,000, as against £14,124,000 and £15,-100,000 in preceding Octobers. Ten months' total is £208,251,000, against £179,008,000 and £149,029,000 during corresponding periods of 1912 and 1911.

President Willys of Willys-Overland Company says more than 30,000 trucks, each of which can be guaranteed to do twice as much work as a horse, and at one half the maintenance and operating expense, could be built from iron which is annually wasted in making horseshoes.

Custom of making stock exchange loans carry over from Friday until Monday was varied Saturday, when $150,000 was loaned on call and considerably more offered at 4½ per cent. Large amount of funds had been attracted to Wall street by rise in rates Friday, and owners desired to lose no chance of return on their money.

Huge aggregate of European loans is under consideration in London and Paris. Principal items are: France £52,000,000; Turkey, £28,000,000; Austria £20,0000,-000; Bulgaria, £16,000,000; Greece, Servia and Rumania, £10,000,000 each, a total of £146,000,000. Most of these loans cannot be issued this year. Nearly all money is to pay for wars either past or future.

NAVAL STORES

NEW YORK—A satisfactory volume of business was going forward in the naval stores market at the close of last week. Spirits of turpentine were comparatively firm and available at 45@45½ cents per gallon compared with a price of 41¾ cents per gallon at Savannah. Some dealers were doing business in the spirits at concessions of ⅛ and ¼ cent per gallon, but the tendency was reported as being generally firm.

Rosin.—A shortage of the common grades was reported in some quarters, but this is regarded as a temporary trade condition. Dealers are confident that the market is on a basis which should prove attractive to the consuming element. The New York Commercial quotes:

Graded B 3.95@4.25, D 4.00@4.25, E 4.00@4.25, F 4.05@4.25, G 4.05@4.25, H 4.05@4.25, I 4.10@4.25, K 4.70@4.80, M 5.00@5.15, N 5.75@5.85, WG 6.75@6.85, WW 6.90@7.00.

Tar and pitch.—No change was reported in the acute shortage of tar and dealers were unable to supply the demand. Prices are on the basis of $8.00@8.25, but are wholly nominal. Pitch continues in very small request at the reduced price of $4.00@4.25 for round lots.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK RECEIPTS

CHICAGO—Live stock receipts at Chicago last week amounted to 387,083 head, an increase of 31,753 head and were 88,575 head in excess of last year. Arrivals of hogs were 3574 head larger than those of the proceding week and 26,221 head over those of the same period one year ago. Deliveries of cattle were 12,151 head over those of the previous week and 6138 over the year. Sheep receipts were 16,028 head larger than those of the previous week and 60,216 head larger for the same week of 1912.

The following comparative table gives the receipts in detail for the week ended Nov. 1:

	Last week	Prev week	Last year
Hogs	142,089	138,515	115,868
Cattle	63,452	51,301	57,314
Sheep	181,452	165,514	125,326
Total	387,083	355,330	298,508

CEDAR RAPIDS SEEKS KIOSK

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia.—The West Side Improvement League is seeking from the United States weather bureau at Washington, a kiosk to be placed on the island at Second avenue and the street that leads to the city hall, says the Gazette.

STOCKHOLDERS SEEKING SHARE OF PROSPERITY

Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Has Been Built Up With Slight Increase in Company's Capital Obligations

STOCK DISTRIBUTION

Philadelphia interests through Charles Fearon & Co., representing minority stockholders in the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis are working to compel the controlling stockholder, the Louisville railroad, to permit them to share to a greater extent than they do in the company's prosperity. Louisville & Nashville owns over 70 per cent of the capital stock of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis.

It is pointed out that the average annual rate of dividend paid by the road since 1892, when its capital stock first became $10,000,000 (last year increased from $10,000,000 to $16,000,000) has been but slightly over 3¾ per cent, while the property has been built up and increased without incurring additional capital obligations.

This little road presents a unique situation. Its total capital stock, bonds and floating debt in 1892 was $25,700,844. Today total capital stock and bonds (no floating debt) is $26,122,000. After over 20 years continuous operations (there has been no reorganization) during which period railroad construction and equipment has experienced a most remarkable development, this road stands with capital obligations just $421,156 greater than in 1892. Its mileage owned in the interim has increased 168, and the road has added 101 locomotives, 86 passenger cars and 6441 freight cars to its equipment. To this, furthermore, should be added such improvements to the road as better ballasting, stronger bridges, larger structures, etc.

The following table sets forth some of the changes since 1892 in this road's facilities and also the absence of any substantial change in its capitalization:

	1913	Increase
Mileage owned	840	168
Capital stock	$16,000,000	$6,000,000
Bonded debt	10,122,000	*4,032,000
Floating debt	...	*1,546,844
Total capitalization	26,122,000	421,156
Miles leased	391	254
Rentals paid	625,518	206,506
Locomotives	262	101
Pass, etc. cars	238	86
Frenght cars	10,842	6,441

*Decrease.

The little Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis is today of the most moderately capitalized railroads in the country. Taking the capital stock at $16,000,000 and the bonds at $10,122,000, as the new $6,-000,000 stock offered shareholders at par was used to pay off $6,000,000 7 per cent bonds due July 1, it is seen that the total capitalization per mile of road is only $31,000, compared with $67,000 for the Illinois Central and $49,000 for Louisville & Nashville.

In the five years from 1909-1913 the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis has averaged to earn a surplus, after dividends paid to stockholders, of an additional 8½ per cent on its capital stock. In other words, since 1909 an amount equal to over 40 per cent on the road's capital stock has gone back into the property from earnings. The profit and loss credit balance as of June 30, 1913, was $8,914,887, equivalent to over 55 per cent of the new $16,000,000 capital stock.

The interests working for a larger income return for the shareholders claim to represent a substantial part of the minority stock. Their representatives were present at the recent annual meeting. Their demands are for a 25 per cent stock dividend out of surplus and the guarantee of the present 7 per cent dividend rate by Louisville & Nashville.

It is claimed that the stockholders should receive a fair share of the undistributed profits of past years and that a guaranteed dividend by the controlling road would be more just to all concerned.

REPORT OF U. S. LIGHT & HEATING

NEW YORK—United States Light & Heating Company reports for year ended June 30:

	1913	Increase
Sales	$3,318,585	$1,482,600
Gross profits	745,424	96,549
Net profits	346,390	*11,685
Other income	540	*7,410
Total inc	**346,930	*19,095

*Decrease. **This includes $100,198 claims against licensor, deductible for its share of future earnings under contract for electric starter. Deducting this amount there remains a balance for year available for preferred dividends of $237,732, equal to 9.5% on $2,500,000 preferred.

STATISTICS OF FOREIGN COPPER

LONDON—The fortnightly statistics show that European stocks of copper, including Hamburg, Rotterdam and Bremen, on Oct. 31 decreased 1400 tons while copper supplies afloat increased 450 tons, making a net decrease in the visible of 950 tons to 25,827 against 26,777 tons on Oct. 15 last.

BAR SILVER PRICES

NEW YORK—Commercial bar silver, 59¾c.; Mexican dollars, 46¼c.

LONDON—Bar silver easy, 27 7-16d., off ⅛d.

DIVIDENDS

American Cotton Oil declared regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent on preferred stock, payable Dec. 1.

Norfolk Railway & Light Company declared usual semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent, payable Dec. 10, as registered Nov. 30.

The Crescent Pipe Line Company declared regular quarterly dividend of $1.50, payable Dec. 15 to holders of record Nov. 20.

The American Smelting & Refining Company declared regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock, payable Dec. 1.

The Mechanics' & Metals' National Bank of New York, declared regular quarterly dividend of 3 per cent, payable Nov. 11, to stock of record Nov. 8.

The Cripple Creek Central Railway Company's usual dividend of 1 per cent each on preferred and 1 per cent on common stocks, both payable Dec. 1, to holders of record of Nov. 20, has been declared.

The Standard Oil Company of Kansas has declared regular quarterly dividend of $3 a share, and an extra dividend of $10 per share, payable Nov. 29, to stock of record Nov. 12.

COURSE OF THE STOCK MARKETS DURING OCTOBER

There was a lower trend in stock market prices during the past month with declines of two to three points shown by the industrial and rails averages respectively. The copper average dropped 1¼ points. At the close the recovery from the month's low levels was slightly over a point in general.

The following tabulation summarizes the movement of averages for the month:

	20 rails	12 ind.	20 cop.
October high	107.83	81.43	40.65
October low	102.95	77.09	37.50
Average Oct. 31	104.05	78.30	38.45
Net decline for Oct.	2.96	2.07	1.24
Sept high	109.17	83.43	42.50
Sept Low	105.60	80.27	39.65
Net decline for Sept.	.13	.74	.08

Sales in the New York market were 7,459,214 shares, slightly over one-half the aggregate of 14,208,509 shares for same period last year. Transactions on the local exchange totaled 486,362 shares, compared with 639,310 shares in September and 817,280 shares in corresponding month last year.

The stocks and bonds traded in on the New York, Boston and Philadelphia stock exchanges during October, with comparisons, are appended:

	New York	Boston	Phila.
Shares—			
Oct, 1913	7,459,214	486,362	...
Sept, 1913	7,705,214	639,310	320,342
Oct, 1912	14,208,500	817,280	578,569
Bonds—			
Oct, 1913	$40,549,200	$1,110,800	$....000
Sept, 1913	35,088,000	745,900	480,700
Oct, 1912	45,565,500	835,200	996,695

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTRIC COS.

Unfavorable weather conditions caused a comparative decline of $14,000, or 2 per cent, in October gross receipts of the Massachusetts electric companys, which contrasts with a decrease of $17,300, or 2.2 per cent, in September and gains of $46,188 in August and of $39,235 in July.

The Massachusetts Electric decrease was made on four wet cold Sundays. In fact the loss on these four days was actually greater than the $14,000 decrease for the full month.

SAYS BUSINESS IS SATISFACTORY

OMAHA—Julius Kruttschnitt, en route to New York, says: "Southern Pacific has the best lawyers obtainable and they tell us we have broken no law.

"I found business conditions good, but they could be better. Our line is not congested. We could handle more traffic if we had it, but conditions are satisfactory without using superlatives. California because of a partial fruit crop failure has not as much money as the people there could wish for, but there is no setback. That condition, however, affects fruit traffic."

SHOE BUYERS

(Compiled by The Christian Science Monitor, Nov. 3)

Among the boot and shoe dealers and leather buyers in Boston today are the following:

Baltimore—Wm. McDonough of Baltimore Bargain House; 82 Lincoln st.

Chicago—Phil Karl and H. Masselter of Montgomery, Ward & Co.; Essex.

New Orleans—I. Kohlman; 174 Lincoln st.

Richmond, Va.—C. B. Snow of W. H. Miles Shoe Co.; Tour.

San Francisco, Cal.—B. Katschinsky; Essex.

LEATHER BUYERS

Chicago—A. A. Phelps of Fargo & Phelps.

Leicester, Eng.—M. E. Whitehead of J. W. Whitehead & Co., Ltd.; Belle.

Liverpool, Eng.—Harry Boston of Henry Boston & Sons; Tour.

Rochester, N. Y.—A. C. Hatch; U. S.

(The New England Shoe and Leather Association cordially invites all visiting buyers to call at its headquarters and trade information bureau, 166 Essex street, Boston. The Christian Science Monitor is on file.)

CROP REPORT

WASHINGTON — Condition of grain will be made public on Nov. 10, at 2.15 p. m.

SHIPPING ENGLISH COPPER

LONDON—Amalgamated is this week shipping 500 tons more of English rough copper to the United States.

CERTIFIED STATEMENTS FOR BANKS

Audits and examinations of Accounts. Appraisals of values of Land, Buildings and Machinery. Reports and recommendations on economies in Factory operations. Financial and Cost Systems of Account.

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INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT EARNINGS FOR THREE MONTHS

As Compared With Corresponding Quarter of Last Year the Exhibit Is a Favorable One—Number of Passengers Carried Five Millions Greate.

NEW YORK—For the quarter ended Sept. 30 last, the Interborough Rapid Transit Company earned a surplus available for dividends equal to 2.97 per cent on the $35,000,000 outstanding stock, as compared with 2.07 per cent in the corresponding quarter of the year previous. This is at the annual rate of 11.88 per cent, contrasted with 8.28 per cent last year. The first quarter of any given period, however, cannot be accepted as a criterion of what will be accomplished by the system in this connection for a full 12 months. This is illustrated by the earnings of over 18½ per cent on the company's outstanding stock for the fiscal year ended June 30 last, whereas the three months' figures indicated an annual rate of only about 8¼ per cent.

In September the company's earnings for dividends were at the rate of about 18 per annum, and it is understood that the present returns are running at the rate of over 20 per cent on the outstanding stock. July and August are always lean months for the Interborough as thousands of people are out of the city during that period and, therefore, the first quarter of any fiscal year for the company is not as favorable from the viewpoint of business handled as those later on.

In July last the Interborough carried about 45,500,000 passengers; in August 45,700,000 and in September 50,682,626. Each of these totals represents a liberal improvement over the previous year, but the big increase in September over the two previous months substantiates the statement made above and reflects how great is the disintegration of New York's population during the hot vacation months.

Below are given the total passengers carried in each of the three months in comparison with the corresponding period a year ago:

	Pass. carried	Increase
July	45,358,948	1,501,957
August	45,702,014	375,086
September	50,682,626	3,126,403
Three months	141,943,588	5,003,456

There was a marked degree of improvement in efficiency during September, the ratio of expenses having been reduced from 41.95 per cent a year ago to 38.95 per cent, or a decrease of 2.56 per cent. For the three months ended Sept. 30 last there was a similar reduction, the ratio having been 41.92 per cent, as compared with 44.14 per cent in the same quarter of 1912. Actual operating expenses for the month were $2370 smaller than last year and for the quarter $53,896.

For the quarter ended Sept. 30, 1912, the Interborough failed to earn the full 2½ per cent quarterly dividend paid, there having been a deficit of about $151,000. This year, however, after meeting the $875,000 dividend payment there was a surplus for the quarter of about $162,600.

There has been considerable interest in affairs of the Interborough recently as a result of the offering for subscription of $30,000,000 of the company's new bonds by a strong banking syndicate. The bonds have been well received by the investment public, and up to the present time more than $25,000,000 of the total have been placed in permanent hands. The remainder of the issue is being offered at 98½ and interest, and it is believed by well-informed interests that only a comparatively short time will be required to dispose of the entire amount. It is stated that all of the bonds could have been sold had those engaged in their sale cared to turn them over to dealers, but the desire has been to put them in hands of the true investor, which means their permanent removal from the market.

CHARTERS ARE ISSUED TO NEW BUSINESS CORPORATIONS

Certificates of incorporation were issued by the secretary of the commonwealth to the following new corporations:

Titus-Angeledes Company of Boston; incorporators, Nicholas D. Titus, William Angeledes; purpose, restaurateur; authorized capital, $1100.

Lynn Telegram, Inc., Lynn; Fred W. Enwright, Charles F. McCahill, William H. Murphy, Jr.; $125,000.

Simons-Shuttleworth Webbing Company, Boston; Charles M. Simons, James L. Gibson, Grace E. Felton; groceries, $10,000.

Peabody Anti-Dust Company, Peabody; George E. Ash, Frank Winchester, Calvin H. Robie; household and domestic specialties, $40,000.

Martin D. Hoyt, Inc., Salem; Martin D. Hoyt, Bertha L. Hoyt, Frank N. Hoyt; boots and shoes, $5000.

Carl C. Hayden, inc., Haverhill; Carl C. Hayden, Harold W. Pendergast, Joseph E. Harding; boots and shoes, $20,000.

Randall-Miller Company, Boston; Albert W. Randall, Lillian L. Randall, John Miller, Laurence J. Spain, Robert Foss; general machinery, $25,000.

Amesbury Spring Company, Boston; Walter E. Brownell, Estelle A. Sweeney, Mary G. Murphy, $200,000.

Steere-Meder Provision Company, Boston; Edgar C. Meder, William W. Steere, George M. Faulkner; meat and dairy products; $5000.

Bash Marble and Slate Company, Boston; Charles Bash, John E. Mahoney, $10,000.

Hartung Process Company, Boston; Dr. Harry H. Hartung, Henry O. Rideout, Henry A. Rideout; Fuel Briquets; $25,-000.

Standard Envelope Sealer Manufacturing Company, Boston; F. Charles Douet, Frederick W. Storck, Horace C. Hoskyns; $50,000.

Ira J. Wenster Company, Haverhill; Joseph O. Proctor, Jr., Harris H. Gilman, Robert E. Goodwin, H. V. McCarthy; leather goods; $100,000.

Arlington Amusement Company, Arlington; Hiram E. Miller, Sadie M. Hayes, Harry D. Linscott; $1000.

Federal Hardware & Electric Company, Boston; John F. Chevalier, Stephen S. Grady; $10,000.

E. L. Gay Machine Company, Southbridge; Richard C. Anderson, Carl P. Svenson, Benjamin A. Nystrom; $10,000.

Haddon Briggs Company, Boston; Alexander William Haddon, Alfred Newsome Briggs, William Odlin; yarns and fabrics; $5000.

Nutting-Bilman Amusement Company, Waltham; Frank V. Pillman, Charles P. Nutting, William J. Bannan; $40,000.

Fashion, Incorporated, Fall River; Joseph Fox, Rose S. Crockett, Rubin Rosenberg; general merchandise; $25,000.

Lombard Machine Company, Worcester; Burt P. Moran, James J. Rae, Thomas Rae; $25,000.

Dillaby Fireproofing Company, Boston; W. Henry Root, Henry A. Root, Frank A. Dillaby; $6000.

Emco Company, Boston; Mark Cohen, Benjamin J. Rubin, Abraham Cantor; real estate; $5000.

National Trade Exchange, Incorporated, Boston; Charles A. McKown, Julia W. Troy; books; $25,000.

Colonial Sight Seeing Auto Company, Boston; Burton L. Thomas, Abraham S. Caplan, Joseph P. Hayes, $5000.

American Package Fruit Comapny, Boston; Ernst Winthrop Dutton, John F. Zimmo, Alfred J. Zinnino; $10,000.

J. E. Newton Company, Fall River; James Edward Newton, Newton R. Gifford, Fred Cromley; garage; $50,000.

Alhambra Rubber Company, Milford; Arthur Webb, Thomas J. Glennon, Frederick W. Fitzsimmons; $10,000.

Adden Hall Corporation, Boston; Clarence A. Barnes, Raymond P. Dellinger, Charles N. Abbott; real estate; $75,000.

National Correspondence Schools, Inc., Boston; Henry W. Dony, Harlan H. Cass, Wallace A. Johnston; $100,000.

Kempton Street Public Market, Inc., of New Bedford, John Woodland, Percy A. Woodland, J. Charles Lamoureux, Eliza A. Hapgood; $2000.

New England Leather Goods Company, Boston; Hyman A. Gordon, Joseph Lezar, Max Levy, John A. Hearn; $10,000.

D. F. McCall Shoe Company, Westfield; Daniel F. McCall, Matthew W. Shine, Mary J. Shine; $20,000.

E. O. Lake Lumber Company, Boston; Elmer O. Lake, Carl E. Milliken, Delmont Emerson; $50,000.

Franklin Park Theater Company; Isaac Proctor, Mary H. Keenan, William H. Taylor; $100,000.

L. Ginsberg Fruit & Produce Company, Inc., Boston; Leo Ginsberg, Hyman Goldman; $2500.

Max Keezer Company, Cambridge; Max Keezer, Maurice Keezer, Louis S. Keezer, Samuel S. Keezer; Wool, cotton, rubber, leather, etc.; $12,000.

The Carleton Company, Boston; Charles J. Powell, Richard P. O'Rourke, Joseph P. McCarthy; leather; $1000.

NO DIVIDEND ACTION TAKEN

LOS ANGELES—Mexican Petroleum directors failed to declare quarterly dividend on common stock Saturday, no quorum being obtained at meeting. This action is interpreted here as meaning that the company will pass its November dividend. It is understood that there is sufficient money in treasury to pay a common dividend, but in view of the disturbances in Mexico, which it is feared will hamper company's operations, it is believed that directors have found it advisable to pass the dividend.

It was stated at office of company that a meeting will probably be called this week to decide definitely on common dividend.

MASSACHUSETTS GAS

The output of the Boston Consolidated Gas Companies for the month of September shows an increase of 3.7 per cent over the corresponding month of last year.

Leading Events in Athletic World — Football Outlook

CHAMPIONSHIP FOOTBALL GAMES ARE NOW COMING ON

Saturday's Contests Saw Completion of Preliminary Events and Big Teams Start in Today Preparing for Matches Which Will Decide the 1913 Titles

SATURDAY'S FOOTBALL GAMES

Annapolis 39, Lehigh 0.
Albright 20, Susquehanna 0.
Arkansas 26, Austin 7.
Boston College 14, Worcester P. I. 0.
Bowdoin 10, Bates 7.
Brown 19, Vermont 0.
Bucknell 9, Pittsburgh 0.
Carlisle 54, Georgetown 0.
Chicago 28, Illinois 7.
Colgate 16, Yale 6.
Colorado 0, Colorado College 0.
Dartmouth 21, Amherst 7.
Dickinson 39, Gettysburg 13.
Exeter 33, Princeton 1917 7.
F. and M. 27, Haverford 6.
Harvard 23, Cornell 6.
Hill School 19, Harvard 1917 12.
Indiana 7, Ohio State 6.
Kentucky State 28, Earlham 10.
Lafayette 44, Ursinus 2.
Marquette 14, Lawrence 14.
Maine 3, Colby 0.
Miami 12, Ohio Wesleyan 0.
Michigan 45, Syracuse 7.
Michigan A. C. 41, Buchtel 0.
Minnesota 21, Wisconsin 3.
Mississippi 6, Louisiana 0.
Missouri 44, Rolla 14.
Muhlenberg 35, Lebanon Valley 0.
Mt. Union 7, Case 0.
N. H. State 12, R. I. State 0.
Nebraska 18, Ames 9.
Notre Dame 35, West Point 13.
Oberlin 42, Wittenberg 0.
Ohio Northern 19, Otterbein 7.
Pennsylvania 17, Penn State 0.
Princeton 54, Holy Cross 0.
Wesleyan 20, Rutgers 9.
Rochester 21, Rensselaer 0.
Stevens 14, Delaware 0.
St. Lawrence 6, Hamilton 0.
Springfield T. S. 6, Williams 0.
Swarthmore 10, Johns Hopkins 7.
Tufts 14, Massachusetts A. C. 0.
Tulane 12, St. Louis 6.
Virginia 34, Vanderbilt 0.
Washington and Lee 21, Virginia P.I. 0
Western Reserve 0, Cincinnati 0.
Yale 1917 20, Andover School 10.

With the preliminary part of the college football season of 1913 now a thing of the past the big varsity elevens start in today to prepare for the games which are to decide the championship titles now held by Harvard in the East and the University of Wisconsin in the western conference. Saturday saw the last of the "easy" games, and in one or two cases the coaches found that these games were not as easy as had been anticipated when the schedules were made up last winter.

In the western conference the teams have been battling for the title for three weeks now, and the series is well advanced. Every team has now played at least one conference game, and the University of Chicago is standing at the head of the list at the present time. With victories over three conference teams, Coach Stagg's pupils loom up as the probable champions. Minnesota, however, cannot be overlooked with her 21 to 3 victory over Wisconsin. This was the big surprise of the West Saturday. Chicago's victory over Illinois was forecasted, but the margin was rather more than most had looked for. Indiana won from Ohio State by kicking a goal from touchdown and Michigan Agricultural College added another victory to its splendid string by defeating Buchtel.

The first chance to compare the West and East came Saturday and the West had much the better of it. Michigan overwhelmed Syracuse in their game at Ann Arbor by a score of 43 to 7. Syracuse held Princeton to a 13 to 0 score two weeks before, which would seem to indicate that Coach Yost has developed his Wolverine eleven into a pretty strong aggregation. It will now be interesting to see what the team will be able to do against Cornell and Pennsylvania.

The situation in the East has taken on a very interesting aspect and promises to furnish splendid sport on the next three Saturdays. Harvard came through her game with Cornell in very satisfactory fashion, all things considered. The absence of Mahan and Hitchcock was a big loss to the Crimson, and to add to this substitutes were sent in early in the game. In spite of this the Crimson rolled up 23 points against a really good team and held the latter scoreless up to the last few minutes of play, when Cornell was able to push the ball over the Harvard line for a touchdown. At this time there was not a single first-string man in the Harvard lineup.

Princeton put herself in a position to give Harvard a whole lot of football next Saturday by defeating Holy Cross, 54 to 0. The team presented a very different lineup from that which faced Dartmouth a week ago, and played fast and intelligent football. That the Orange and Black has a strong-looking team just now cannot be denied, and, while the Harvard team will go to New Jersey the favorite, Captain Baker's men will put up a game that will test the best Harvard has. In fact, it looks as if this game would be the hardest the Crimson will have this fall.

At Yale the situation is as unsatisfactory as it well could be. There is no denying the fact that the absence of several of the best men from the lineup is a big handicap to the coaches, and yet it does not seem as if the eleven has shown the football it should. Colgate has a strong team this fall, and deserves every credit for winning Saturday; but Yale showed anything but championship football. The defense was weak, and the attack did not have a strong power back of it. Both as individuals and as a team, the men were far under Yale standard, and they will have to show great improvement to win any of their remaining games.

Pennsylvania, Dartmouth and Carlisle came through with expected victories. It was the first time in three years that Pennsylvania had defeated Penn State and Coach Brooke and his players are naturally well pleased with the showing. Dartmouth won from Amherst but the game was much closer than the score would indicate. Amherst played the best football she has shown this year and forced Dartmouth to replace her substitutes with the regulars. Carlisle easily defeated Georgetown.

Of the New England colleges, Tufts, Brown, Springfield Training School and Wesleyan were the victors. Tufts had a hard battle with Massachusetts Agricultural College and Springfield won from Williams in a well-played game 6 to 0. Wesleyan easily defeated Rutgers 20 to 0 and Brown won from Vermont 19 to 0.

While the University of Maine still has to meet Bowdoin in the state series, the Orono eleven should have little trouble in winning the championship. Her victory over Colby Saturday gave her a clean record and furnishes a big surprise for the series as Maine appeared to be one of the weakest teams in the state at the start of the season.

The United States academies met two strong teams in Notre Dame and Lehigh. West Point was treated to one of the worst beatings the Soldiers have received in a long time when Notre Dame won 35 to 13. The western college gave a wonderful exhibition of open playing and the Cadets were entirely at sea in trying to devise a defense against it. Annapolis easily won from Lehigh 39 to 0, and showed some high-grade playing.

The South was treated to a surprise when Virginia won from Vanderbilt by the large score of 34 to 0.

SIDELINE NOTES

Chicago now appears to have a clear road to the Western Conference championship.

—ooo—

Virginia sprang somewhat of a surprise in the South by defeating Vanderbilt 34 to 0.

—ooo—

Brown is fast getting into shape and expects to make a strong showing against Yale Saturday.

—ooo—

Bucknell had the honor of being the first team to defeat the University of Pittsburgh this fall.

—ooo—

Princeton now leads with the number of points scored at 178. Dartmouth is a close second with 174 and Harvard third with 170.

—ooo—

West Point was another big team that was defeated Saturday and Notre Dame made it an impressive one with a score of 35 to 13.

—ooo—

Dana played a brilliant end for Harvard Saturday during the short time he was in the game. His defensive work was especially good.

—ooo—

Cornell has some splendid material this year and should be able to give Pennsylvania a hard contest. The Red and White is still in the development stage.

—ooo—

Harvard, Pennsylvania and Dartmouth are the only eastern teams that have won all their games. Annapolis has not been defeated but has one 0 to 0 tie against her.

—ooo—

Princeton is certainly developing very fast and promises to be in shape to give the Crimson a hard battle Saturday. That 54 to 0 score against Holy Cross is very impressive.

—ooo—

Minnesota has developed rapidly since Nebraska defeated her, 7 to 0. Her 21 to 3 victory over Wisconsin indicates that Coach Williams' men will be a factor in the Western Conference series.

—ooo—

Colgate is celebrating her first victory over Yale. The Yale coaches have a tremendous task ahead of them to get the Blue eleven in shape for the Princeton game a week from Saturday.

—ooo—

The University of Maine should now win the state championship. Bowdoin is the only team to be met, and as Maine has beaten Colby and Colby defeated Bowdoin, Maine should win this Saturday.

HARVARD-YALE '17 RUN CANCELED

The Harvard-Yale freshman cross-country meet, scheduled for Nov. 8, has been canceled. Although the Yale track authorities issued frequent calls for candidates and extra meetings of the freshman class were held to stir up enthusiasm in this branch of athletics, so few men responded and these reported so irregularly, only one man doing consistent work, that the meet had to be abandoned.

The university dual cross-country run will be held Nov. 8 as scheduled.

CHICAGO AMERICANS WIN

HOUSTON, Tex.—The Chicago Americans defeated the New York Giants here yesterday in their world's series baseball game by a score of 9 to 4. Russell pitched for the winners and Fromme for the losers.

COLLEGE END WHO LEADS FAST TEAM

CAPT. H. H. HALL '14
Hobart varsity football team

POWER BOAT MEN TO MEET NOV. 12 AT NEW YORK Y. C.

Gathering Will Discuss Plan of F. D. Roosevelt to Use Motor Squadron as an Auxiliary

NEW YORK—An important meeting of power boat men is to be held at the home of the New York Yacht Club Nov. 12. The meeting is the result of a plan by F. D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, and is due to the work of the Boston Yacht Club and its famous power squadron.

A. W. Chesterton, commodore of the Boston club, will be in charge of the meeting. Roger Upton, vice-commodore of the club who has charge of the power-boat section, will take an active part in the proceedings.

Mr. Roosevelt and some of the other officials in the navy department have looked with favor on the work of the power squadron, and believe they see in the movement to organize power boat men a possibility in the future for the navy to secure an able secondary auxiliary which would prove invaluable in scouting and in transporting troops in time of war.

Present at the meeting in New York on Nov. 12 will be Mr. Roosevelt and some other high officials in the navy, and at that time there will undoubtedly be disclosed just what the navy has in view.

OFFICERS WILL BE ELECTED AT MEETING NOV. 15

INDIANAPOLIS—Followers of major league baseball are now awaiting the holding of a meeting Nov. 15 at which time the Federal league will elect its officers for the coming year. The two day's session of the league closed here yesterday without naming the officers, but considerable business was transacted.

A form of contract which, it is said, is acceptable to the baseball players' fraternity was adopted at the two-day session. This action is another move in the baseball war which the Federal league purposes to carry to the major leagues. It has been reported that unless the major leagues include in their contracts certain conditions demanded by the players' fraternity the players will refuse to sign and will turn to the Federal league.

It was announced at the meeting that George Stovall, former major league manager, had signed to lead the Kansas City Federal club next season.

Four clubs filed with Acting President J. A. Gilmore of Chicago a list of major league players with whom they had been negotiating.

PICKUPS

The Havana baseball team defeated the Brooklyn Nationals Saturday 4 to 2.

—ooo—

According to President B. B. Johnson, the attendance at the American league games this year was about 300,000 more than in 1912.

NEW HIGH SCHOOL SITE IS VOTED

PORTLAND, Ore.—Gresham has voted to purchase a high school site of four acres at a cost of $2400. The next step will be the establishment of the proposed central high school at Gresham, says the Oregonian.

SIX-DAY RACE OPENS AT THE ARENA TONIGHT

Many Noted Bicycle Riders Will Compete in Big International Contest Ending Saturday

At 4 o'clock this afternoon the international six-day bicycle race in the Boston arena will be opened, with many famous riders from different parts of the world competing. This race will be run as a team race, and will be of ten hours duration each day. The race will continue each day from 4 p. m. until 2 a. m., with the exception of Saturday, when the race will start at 12:30 p. m. and end at 10:30 p. m.

During the running, prizes will be given for sprints, the prizes being donated by the management. Ten teams will face the starter. Announcer Corbett of Australia, who several years ago won the famous Australian prize for a handicap, will introduce each team and start them off. In addition to the finish at 2 a. m., there will be a special mile race at 11 p. m., for which prizes will be offered. The following teams will compete:

Boston team—Elmer Collins, Fred Hill.
Australian team—Robert Spears, Frank Corry.
New Jersey team—Martin Ryan, George Cameron.
Tasmanian team—Alfred Grenda, P. Hehir.
Swedish-American team—Joseph Fogler, J. Iver Lawson.
The Hub team—Edward Root, Reginald McNamara.
Irish-American team—J. Moran, Frank Cavanagh.
California team—Percy Lawrence, J. Magin.
Long Island team—William Coburn, Clarence Carman.
New Zealand team—Joseph Kopsky, Fred Keefe.

NEWTON ARCHERS HOLD THEIR WEEK END TOURNAMENT

NEWTON, Mass.—About a dozen of the Newton archers were out on their archery range at the Newton Center playgrounds Saturday afternoon competing in the weekly mail match which was recently inaugurated by the National Archery Association of the United States. The archers all over the country shoot Saturday afternoons on their own ranges and turn the scores in to the president of the National Archery Association who tabulates them and then publishes them.

The wind was very high and gusty so that no very good scores were made. The summary:

YORK ROUND FOR MEN
72 arrows at 100 yards, 48 at 80, 24 at 60.

	100 yds.	80 yds.	60 yds.	Total
B. P. Gray	35—137	26—122	23—111	84—370
H. B. Richardson	30—114	30— 98	19— 93	79—305
L. C. Smith	30—102	22— 92	21— 93	73—287
S. W. Wilder	22—100	26— 96	18— 90	66—286
C. T. Switzler	19— 71	11— 33	21— 91	51—195
F. I. Peckham	3—13	4— 12	6— 16	13— 41
J. Lightbody	3— 9	18— 84	..	..

NATIONAL ROUND FOR WOMEN
48 arrows at 60 yards, 24 at 50.

	60 yds.	50 yds.	Total
Mrs. B. P. Gray	43—195	21— 99	64—294
Mrs. L. C. Smith	35—141	23—101	58—242

COLUMBIA ROUND FOR WOMEN
24 arrows at 50, 40 and 30 yards.

	50 yds	40 yds.	30 yds.	Total
Mrs. L. C. Smith	22— 96	22—116	24—164	68—376
Mrs. B. P. Gray	24—110	22— 98	24—160	70—368
Miss Norma Pierce	13— 63	18— 74	24—108	55—245
Dorothy Smith	11— 47	14— 64	17— 79	42—190

ATHLETIC NOTES

The Springfield Training school soccer football team defeated the Harvard varsity Saturday, 3 to 1.

—ooo—

The Princeton varsity cross-country team defeated the Yale varsity in their dual run at Princeton Saturday, 21 points to 34. H. V. Barnett of Princeton finished first.

—ooo—

Frederick Herreshoff won the annual fall golf tournament of the Atlantic City Country Club Saturday, defeating M. E. Risley of the home club in the final round 2 up.

—ooo—

The University of Pennsylvania varsity cross-country team won its dual meet with Columbia Saturday by 17 points to 38. L. Madeira of Pennsylvania finished first in 37m. 33s.

—ooo—

Hannes Kohlemainen of the Irish-American A. C. won the 10-mile A. A. U. championship run Saturday in 50m. 51 3-5s. This is a new American record. He also made 26 new intermediate records. H. J. Smith, the 1912 champion, finished second.

PLANS ROLLER POLO OPENING

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Preparations are being rapidly rushed for the opening of the roller polo season a week from tonight with the newly incorporated Providence club one of the members of the league. Myron S. Foss of this city has been named in the articles of incorporation as president, and Mr. Fahey will act as manager of the Providence team, as well as playing center and serving as captain.

Fall River and New Bedford are the other New England cities in the circuit, although it is likely that at the next meeting of the league in Springfield Thursday night Worcester will be given a place

VOTE QUESTION OF RETURNING TO CONFERENCE

Matter to Be Before Undergraduate, Graduate and Faculty Members at University of Michigan for Three Days

BOARD MEETS NOV. 14

ANN ARBOR, Mich.—Followers of western and eastern college athletics are today looking forward with much interest to the outcome of the vote which is being taken today, tomorrow and Wednesday by the Michigan Daily, the college newspaper, on the question of whether or not the university shall return to the western conference.

The voting is open to the undergraduates, the graduates and the faculty members. It is the intention to present the result of the vote to the board of regents at its session Nov. 14. Should the expression of sentiment have any influence with the regents, and it is confidently believed by those behind the movement that it will, the present unsettled question of what Michigan will do in regard to the conference will be immediately settled for all time.

Should the vote be favorable it will ask that the regents immediately open negotiations with the conference for a return of the Wolverine institution under the status of the other western universities. Should the sentiment prove to be the opposite, it is presumed that the regents will determine to drop the whole question, and such action will mean that Michigan will preserve eastern competition for many years to come. By the action of the athletic board in control at its session Oct. 11 the entire question of Michigan's future dealings with the intercollegiate conference was left with the regents, and for this reason the results of the vote will be submitted to that body.

The Michigan Daily, prime mover in the attempt to get an immediate settlement of this question which has agitated Michigan student bodies for the past seven years, will support editorially an unequivocal return to the conference under any conditions which the conference may determine upon. Maurice Toulme, managing editor of the Daily, is the student behind the movement and is the pro-conference representative on the election board to have complete charge of the casting of ballots. The other members of the board of three are: Maurice Myers '14 law, a strong anti-conference man, and Registrar A. G. Hall, a neutral representative.

It is not believed that the recent adverse action of the regents of conference universities on the "home rule" resolutions of the Michigan regents means that the "open door" policy of the conference in regard to Michigan does not still prevail. According to many Michigan men who are close to the situation, the "home rule" resolutions of the Wolverine regents were sent to the western boards more as a feeler than under the belief that favorable action would follow. According to many it is thought that the former attitude of wishing Michigan back under her old relations still prevails in the conference and that the western authorities will do all in their power to assist such a move.

SHARPE PRAISES HARVARD ELEVEN

ITHACA, N. Y.—That the Harvard eleven is a fine all around team was the unanimous impression of the Cornell football coaches and players who returned here yesterday from Boston. Head Coach A. H. Sharpe said the Crimson seems strong in every department but punting. He was particularly impressed by the strength of the Harvard backfield, the physical power of the men like Brickley and Hardwick.

Cornell came through the game in fine shape except in the case of O'Hearn, right end, but it is probable that he will get into the Michigan game. All of the other Cornell men are expected back on the lineup for the first scrimmage this week and they are in fine shape.

W. BINGHAM WILL COACH COLUMBIA

NEW YORK—William Bingham, former English lightweight wrestling champion, and coach of the Columbia University wrestling squad last season, has been reengaged to coach the Columbia wrestlers this year, and will begin his work Wednesday, when the first practise of the year will be held in the university gymnasium.

Bingham had fine success with the material at hand last winter, and had it not been for the fact that the squad was broken up just before the intercollegiates, the men would have had a good chance of making a clean sweep.

DERKUM WINS MOUNTAIN RACE

PHOENIX, Ariz.—Paul Derkum of Los Angeles won the San Diego-Phoenix motor cycle race of 414 miles yesterday across mountains and desert. His time was 16 hours 4 minutes; 35 minutes better than the best time made in automobile races between the same points.

RATIONAL GOLF

By STEVEN ARMSTRONG

There are few things quite so satisfactory as seeing a man come into his own, and there are few so attractive personalities in the golfing world as George Duncan. For a number of years we have watched his meteoric career: we have seen him contemptuously break records into fragments; have eagerly followed his progress round after round in a championship, hoping against hope that the seemingly inevitable for him would be averted this time and that he would not break badly on the final day, but to no purpose. No one questioned the fact that there was no finer golfer in the world than he, and few who could equal him, but when he failed time after time at the critical moment many began to doubt if he had it in him to be anything more than the most brilliant and at the same time most bewildering golfer in the history of the game.

To see him play as I have on some occasions, is to be almost convinced that he was purely and simply a golfing machine which is incapable of mistakes. A great English player told me a little while ago that Duncan having a little time to spare before his train left, went out on one of the longest courses of the west of England, and out of the 11 holes he played, he had seven 3s. I shall never forget that marvelous 3 at Muirfield when his tremendous drive was followed by a perfect cleek shot which put the ball a yard from the hole, and the putt went down. So I can easily understand him making seven 3s in 11 holes even on a long course, if the mood were on him.

As I said in reference to the British lady golfers who have so lately visited us, to my mind the most impressive part of their game is the absence of any preliminaries. The ball is there to be sent to a certain point, there is one way to send it sucessfully and if your practise work before the tournament is going to be of any use it must enable you to know how to hit it as you intend to. "That is all very well," I can hear some one say, "if you are a Miss Dodd or a Miss Ravenscroft or a Duncan, but what of the rest of us who are not sure enough that we can do as we like with the ball and feel we need to try the stroke first?"

All I can say in answer to this is to ask what you would think of a pianist or violinist who said to his audience: "Excuse me a minute, but I have not practised one difficult little bit sufficiently and am going to run it over a couple of times before I begin this selection, so as to make certain of getting though it smoothly." Would he impress you as an artist and master of his instrument? Yet even the greatest artists have times when they are not at their best. Even the greatest golfers occasionally frozzle a shot, but it is surely far more likely if you walk up to the ball as the above mentioned players do, and swing confidently, that you will bring off the desired result, than if you address it in a deferential hesitating manner with trial swings showing your uncertainty.

A French writer once said that the advice to think before you speak was good but that in his own case he generally found that he thought while speaking. I began to write an article on George Duncan's recent victory in the French championship and the news of the world tournament, and find I have given you one on the value of playing quickly. As Duncan is quite the quickest golfer in the world it is not so out of place after all, and in the present holder of our women's title, and the champion of Great Britain and Canada we have so recently seen that one can dispense entirely with labored deliberate methods and not be careless. Surely that is proof enough it is the best plan. Quite aside from any affect on ones own game there is a great point to be taken into consideration.

In an important match I should be more doubtful of my chances of defeating some one who walked up to his ball and swung at it as though he expected it to go where he intended it to (even if it did not always obey him), than an opponent who needed to practise at the last moment. With the first man one would feel that even if he missed it this time he was likely to get it next time; with the other you would always have a lack of confidence even if he had got the last shot right. No one needs to be told the encouraging effect such a feeling has on one's own hopes of success.

One last word against preliminary swings, and it is indeed a final one. I have had a good deal of golfing experience one way and another but I have yet to see any swing when hitting the ball, that was the duplicate or even resembled the trial swing which preceeded it. No one strikes the ball with half the joyous freedom with which he decapitates a dandelion. Therefore if we are not going to swing twice alike, why not leave the dandelion in peace?

FOOTBALL SCORES

Harvard		Princeton	
34—Maine	0	14—Rutgers	0
14—Bates	0	69—Fordham	0
23—Williams	3	28—Bucknell	6
47—Holy Cross	7	13—Syracuse	0
29—Penn State	0	0—Dartmouth	6
23—Cornell	6	54—Holy Cross	0
170	16	178	12
Pennsylvania		**Yale**	
53—Gettysburg	0	21—Wesleyan	0
13—F. and M.	6	10—Holy Cross	0
10—Lafayette	0	0—Maine	0
20—Swarthmore	0	27—Lafayette	0
28—Brown	0	37—Lehigh	0
7—Carlisle	7	0—Wash. & Jeff.	0
17—Penn State	0	6—Colgate	16
148	13	101	16
Dartmouth		**Brown**	
13—Mass. A. C.	3	0—Colby	10
53—Colby	0	19—R. I. State	0
33—Vermont	7	6—Ursinus	0
48—Williams	6	0—Pennsylvania	28
6—Princeton	0	26—Spring. T. S.	6
21—Amherst	7	19—Vermont	0
174	23	70	44
Cornell		**Carlisle**	
0—Carlisle	7	25—Albright	0
10—Bucknell	7	26—Lebanon V.	0
41—Ursinus	0	24—W. V. Wesl'n.	0
0—Colgate	0	21—Lehigh	7
37—Oberlin	12	7—Cornell	0
7—Pittsburgh	20	6—Pittsburgh	12
6—Harvard	23	7—Pennsylvania	7
		34—Georgetown	0
101	69	150	26
Pittsburgh		**Syracuse**	
67—Ohio North	0	41—Hobart	0
0—Annapolis	0	18—Hamilton	0
40—West Virginia	0	6—Rochester	0
12—Carlisle	6	0—Princeton	13
20—Cornell	7	36—Western Res.	0
0—Bucknell	9	7—Michigan	43
139	22	108	56
Williams		**Amherst**	
14—Rensselaer	0	10—R. I. State	0
20—Vermont	0	0—Colgate	21
3—Harvard	23	6—Springf'd T. S.	19
6—Dartmouth	48	0—Trinity	14
20—Maine	6	0—Wesleyan	9
0—Springf'd T. S.	6	7—Dartmouth	21
66	77	23	84
Bates		**Vermont**	
7—N. H. State	6	10—Middlebury	7
7—Tufts	15	0—Williams	20
0—Harvard	14	7—Dartmouth	33
6—Maine	34	3—Bowdoin	13
7—Bowdoin	10	0—Brown	19
21	79	20	92
Maine		**Bowdoin**	
6—Boston Col.	0	7—Wesleyan	13
0—Harvard	34	0—Trinity	0
0—Yale	0	17—N. H. State	0
44—R. I. State	0	13—Vermont	3
6—Tufts	20	0—Colby	12
34—Bates	0	10—Bates	7
3—Colby	0		
87	54	53	35
Wesleyan		**Colby**	
0—Yale	21	10—Brown	0
13—Bowdoin	7	0—Dartmouth	33
0—Tufts	13	55—St. Anselms	0
16—Union	0	19—R. I. State	0
0—Amherst	0	12—Bowdoin	0
20—Rutgers	0	0—Maine	3
58	41	87	56
West Point		**Annapolis**	
34—Stevens	0	0—Pittsburgh	0
29—Rutgers	0	23—Georgetown	0
7—Colgate	6	20—Dickinson	0
2—Tufts	0	76—Maryl'd A. C.	0
13—Notre Dame	35	39—Lehigh	0
85	41	167	0
Chicago		**Indiana**	
21—Indiana	7	48—Depew	3
23—Iowa	6	7—Chicago	21
6—Purdue	0	0—Illinois	10
28—Illinois	7	7—Ohio State	6
78	20	62	40
Wisconsin		**Michigan**	
58—Lawrence	7	48—Case	0
13—Marquette	0	14—Mt. Union	0
7—Purdue	7	7—Michigan A. C.	12
7—Michigan A. C.	12	33—Vanderbilt	2
3—Minnesota	21	43—Syracuse	7
88	47	145	21
Minnesota		**Illinois**	
14—So. Dakota	0	21—Kentucky St.	0
25—Ames	0	24—Missouri	7
0—Nebraska	7	37—Northwestern	0
30—No. Dakota	0	10—Indiana	0
21—Wisconsin	3	7—Chicago	28
90	10	99	35
Purdue		**Northwestern**	
26—Wabash	0	10—Lake Forest	0
34—Northwestern	0	0—Purdue	34
7—Wisconsin	7	0—Illinois	37
0—Chicago	6	6—Iowa State	78
67	13	16	149
Tufts		**Springfield T. S.**	
15—Bates	7	22—Worcster P. I.	7
52—N. H. State	0	27—Boston College	6
13—Wesleyan	0	19—Amherst	6
20—Maine	6	26—N. Y. Univ.	0
0—West Point	2	6—Brown	24
14—Mass. A. C.	0	6—Williams	0
114	15	106	43

MANCHESTER IS NOW LEADING IN ENGLISH LEAGUE

Sunderland's Victory Over Blackburn Rovers Spoils Latter's Record of Clean Slate

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON—With the opening of the third month of the English football season of 1913, the Blackburn Rovers have lost their unbeaten record, going down to defeat Saturday before the Sunderland team on the latter's grounds by a score of 2 goals to 1. There was a fairly general expectation that Sunderland would win this match. The Rovers were weakened by the absence of Simpson and Shea, and the Sunderland goalkeeper was scarcely tested during the first half, at the end of which the score was 2 goals to 0 in favor of Sunderland.

Manchester United are now at the head of the league table with 18 points for 10 matches as against Blackburn Rovers 17 points for 11 matches. The Manchester team who defeated Liverpool 3 goals to 0 have had only 6 goals scored against them since the beginning of the season. Chelsea improved their position by defeating Middlesbrough 3 goals to 2.

Bury lost their position as leaders of the second league, Leeds City defeating them 2 goals to 1 and their place is now taken by Notts County, who had a surprise victory over Fulham by 4 goals to 0.

In the Southern league Swindon won their tenth successive victory, beating Gillingham with some difficulty 3 goals to 2.

In the Rugby football league Oxford defeated Harlequins, who in the previous Saturday were victorious over Cambridge. Cambridge, however, won a remarkable game at Richmond, defeating the home club 8 goals and 1 try to 2 goals 4 tries or 43 points to 20. Lowe, who showed some remarkable speed, scored 5 tries.

LEXINGTON ELECTS C. B. DAVIS

LEXINGTON, Mass.—At the annual meeting of the Lexington Golf Club, C. B. Davis was again reelected president, and the other officials were named as follows: Vice-president, C. E. Sprague; secretary, W. L. Smith; treasurer, W. Lincoln; executive board, C. B. Davis, F. F. Sherburne, W. L. Smith, C. E. Sprague, H. F. Fay, A. C. Whitney, W. Lincoln, G. L. Gilmore and J. S. Smith.

THE HOME FORUM

SOME AMERICAN SAMUEL JOHNSONS

IT IS an interesting fact that the first American dictionary of the English language of which there is any record was one published probably in 1798 or 1799 by Samuel Johnson, Jr. The name is noted by R. O. Williams in his book on dictionaries as one which might almost have been invented in this particular use, for of course the chief dictionary of that period was the monumental work of the great English Samuel Johnson. The title page of the little American volume says: "A School Dictionary, Being a Compendium of the last and most improved dictionaries. Comprising an easy and concise method of teaching children the true meaning and pronunciation of the most useful words in the English language, not attainable by common school books: In which the parts of speech are distinguished and explained and a general rule is given for spelling derivatives and compound words. By Samuel Johnson, Jr., Published according to act of Congress. New Haven: Printed and sold by Edward O'Brien, who holds the copyright for the states of Connecticut and New York." A copy of this book was added to the Yale library in 1806. It presaged the great production of school books which the land of the free school was to see. It is significant that in a branch of literary labors where America has stood so high, namely lexicography, the first attempt was to do something for the child.

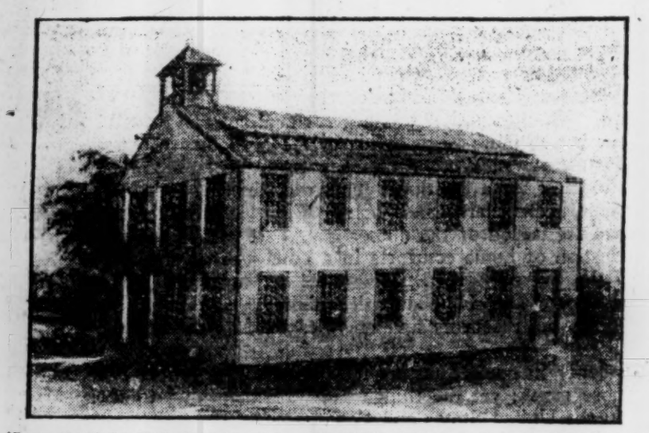
Samuel Johnson, Jr., was one of several Samuel Johnsons of Connecticut. The Rev. Samuel Johnson, the first president of Columbia College, then King's College, New York, was the first American Samuel Johnson of note. He was graduated at Yale in 1714. He lived in Guilford, then in Stratford, near New Haven. In 1752 he published a compendium of logic which had been first prepared for the use of his sons. Dr. Franklin printed this book in Philadelphia for the use of the University of Pennsylvania. The Rev. Samuel Johnson was offered the presidency of Pennsylvania, but declined, and then accepted the post at the head of the New York College at its founding in 1753. He had largely influenced the plans for buildings and policy, etc., and worked zealously there until 1763. Then he retired to Connecticut, where he published an English and Hebrew grammar. He was called "the most excellent scholar and the most accomplished divine that the colony ever had to glory in." He had established a close friendship with Bishop Berkeley during the latter's stay in Rhode Island, and there are long letters to him from Berkeley, from Archbishop Secker and Bishop Lowth, who all held him in high esteem. His son, Dr. William Samuel Johnson, afterward president of Columbia College, went to London on a mission from the colony and made friends with the great Dr. Samuel Johnson there. Boswell prints a letter which Dr. Johnson wrote to Dr. W. S. Johnson, with notable expressions of regard. The reply appears in the biography of the Rev. Samuel Johnson of Stratford, Conn. We read: "Dear and Respected Sir: I am perfectly unable to express the grateful sense I have of the singular honor you have done me by your favor of March 4. There was no man in England whose acquaintance I so much wished to be honored with when I first embarked in my late voyage. Your excellent writings had given me the highest veneration and esteem for your character. . . . To be remembered by one of the first characters of an age in which there are so few whose remembrance is not rather a reproach than an honor is to me one of the highest pleasures." Then he agrees with Dr. Johnson's small expectations from the possible discovery of the north pole, one of the topics of the times, and describes also the favor in which the English Johnson's writings were held in America.

The second American dictionary was published in 1800 with this title page:

"A selected pronouncing and accented dictionary, comprising a selection of the choicest words found in the best English authors. . . . By John Elliott, pastor of the church in East Guilford [the old family home of the Johnsons] and Samuel Johnson, Jr., author of the School Dictionary. Suffield, 1800." In the pages of recommendation printed in the book occur such names as Hon. Chauncy Goodrich, Esq., Hon. Jana. Brace, Esq., Theodore Dwight, Esq., Simeon Baldwin, Esq., Noah Webster, Jun'r.

Yet another American Samuel Johnson, by the way, was a hymn writer in the middle of the nineteenth century.

HISTORIC RHODE ISLAND MILL



(From sketch by H. L. Spencer, whose grandfather, Gideon L. Spencer, worked in the mill. Published by courtesy of Job L. Spencer in "The Story of Textiles")

Old Slater mill, Pawtucket, R. I., where spinning of cotton by Arkwright machines was first introduced into America

WHAT the American textile industry owes to Samuel Slater is set forth in a book, "The Story of Textiles," compiled for John S. Lawrence of Boston by Perry Walton. Slater, in Derbyshire, Eng., read in a Philadelphia paper of the reward given by the Pennsylvania Legislature for a very imperfectly constructed carding machine, and of the encouragement offered there to any one who would help build proper textile machines for America. He had served for a time as superintendent of a mill owned by Strutt, a partner of Arkwright, the great English inventor and promoter of spinning (called the "father of factories"). So Slater knew the Arkwright machines thoroughly. There was a stringent law against allowing any knowledge of the machinery to get outside England, but Slater could carry the plans in his head. Without informing even his parents, he set out for Philadelphia. But he stopped in New York and finally began negotiations with Moses Brown of Providence, R. I. He eventually went to Pawtucket where he proceeded with great secrecy to build his machines. Power for the first trials was supplied by a man-propelled wheel. Later water was used and in 1793 the "Old Slater Mill" as it is called today, was built. Alexander Hamilton wrote in 1791: "The manufactory at Providence has the merit of being the first in introducing into the United States the celebrated cotton mill, which not only furnishes materials for that manufactory itself but for the supply of private families, for household manufacture."

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Kauai, Hawaiian Island, Has Peak of 5080 Feet

The island of Kauai is the smallest of the four large islands of the Hawaiian group, containing 547 square miles, which is somewhat less than half the area of Rhode Island, reports the United States geological survey. The highest part of Kauai consists of the mountain mass called Waialeale, which occupies the central part of the island. Waialeale peak is 5080 feet above the sea level. Kawaikini peak, about a mile farther south, is over 6000 feet high. The east side of Waialeale is almost vertical for 2000 or 3000 feet. There are numerous streams in the island, some of which have cut deep canyons with vertical walls.

Kauai is the oldest of the larger Hawaiian islands, and consists of one central mountain mass, differing in this respect from Oahu, Maui and Hawaii, each of which consists of distinct mountain masses that have been formed at different times. On account of its great variation in topography the rainfall varies greatly in different parts of the island, ranging in most of the area from 15 to 200 inches annually, and on the summit of Waialeale probably reaching 400 inches. Thus almost desertlike aridity and continual torrential downpours may be found almost within sight of each other. Every important stream on Kauai is drawn upon to a greater or less extent for irrigation. Water is in chief demand for the irrigation of sugar cane, but rice is also grown on the lowlands and in all the valleys. Pineapples are grown but are not irrigated. The population of Kauai in 1910 was 29,952. Of these about one half are Japanese, Chinese and Portuguese. The island has no good harbor, but will have one in the near future.

No Offering of My Own

No offering of my own I have.
Nor works my faith to prove.
I can but give the gifts He gave
And plead His love for love.

—Whittier.

Trial Moments

Oh! the way in which we fail to comprehend, or when we comprehend, deny to ourselves the bigness of that thing which it is to be a man, to be a child of God! . . . Sometimes there opens to us the picture of this thing that we might be, and then there are truly the trial moments of our life. Then we lift ourselves and claim our liberty, or dastardly and cowardly, slink back into the sluggish imprisonment in which we have been living.—Phillips Brooks.

Forestry in New York State

The forestry experiments and actual successes of the forest experiment station of the New York State College of Forestry are showing what timber may be raised in that state. A forest of 40 or 50 acres is to be set out on the hillsides near Syracuse, and many European larches and some Norway spruce are to be planted by students this fall as a start. The college nurseries near the city have sent out perhaps 40,000 young trees to different parts of the state, chiefly to private land holders, who are reforesting. These nurslings are to be under the observation of the state conservation commission, and the trees of three years growth are sent to the landowners at cost. White and Scotch pine and Norway spruce are the trees furnished this year. The new forest is expected to be eventually of commercial value, as well as a proof of what trees grow best in the central part of the state.

Of Good Books

One cannot celebrate books sufficiently. After saying his best still something better remains to be spoken in their praise.—Bronson Alcott.

Bermuda's Oleanders

With the dim gray days of the late fall coming on in the northern United States it is interesting to read reports from Bermuda the beautiful, brought by Dr. N. L. Britton of the New York botanical garden. He says that at this time the oleander is in its perfection. This is the plant for which the island is particularly famous. It grows in trained hedges and in the wild state—though it was imported from Asia Minor—and the colors range from white to rose and deep red. There are many double blossoms. The Chinese hibiscus of Bermuda rivals the oleander in color if not in beauty, for there are found nearly all the flower colors from pink to crimson and even a few white blossoms.

Another hedge plant is the tecomaria of South America, a cousin of the trumpet creeper, with the same pinnate leaves (like ferns) and clusters of scarlet flowers. The pigeon berry, a flower of the West Indies, has a small blue blossom. Cape myrtle is called the queen-of-shrubs, a native of tropical Asia. The Japanese honeysuckle with the white flowers, richly fragrant and turning afterward to yellow, covers many walls and the white and pink periwinkle and the blue plumbago from the Cape of Good Hope all flourish happily together under these friendly skies.

California Still Golden

California is still the land of gold, and its product for 1912 led the Union with $20,008,000. The total output of gold in the country was about $3,500,000 less than it was in 1911.

ANOTHER CLIMBER OF MT. M'KINLEY

TWENTY pages of the last number of Scribners magazine is given to an account of the victorious ascent of Denali, mountain king of Alaska (Mt. McKinley), written by Archdeacon Hudson Stuck, who says that only hydraulic compression has forced the story into such brief compass. He writes with an enthusiastic vigor of the mighty undertaking and makes the reader feel something of the majesty and the magnitude of the mountain fastness that he and his companions conquered. He pleads for Denali as the old name given by the people of the land. It means "great one," and while the name McKinley must always be associated with the group now, it might be a seemly thing to call the highest peak, mastered by this expedition, the McKinley peak of Denali, the North peak climbed in 1910 the Pioneer peak, and let the companion peak be named as the Indians now call it, "Denali's Wife."

The highest peak is 20,500 feet, the Pioneer peak 20,000. There had been much surmise over the reported success of the party that went up in 1910. They were three miners of Alaska, Anderson, Taylor and McGonogall, who had never done such climbing before and had no outfit save some enormous climbing irons. They carried a 14-foot flagpole up 20,000 feet and planted it so firmly that it still stands; for the present party saw it and thus authenticated the pioneers' story.

The view of the Denali peak from Lake Minchumina is the most impressive. Here the mountain towers almost like a sheer precipice from a marshy plain, not more than 1000 feet above sea, leaving the 19,500 feet in full view. The writer doubts whether elsewhere in all the world there is so sheer an elevation from so low a plain. He speaks also of the amazing color of the sky in the highest arch over their final hour of victory. "The sky took a blue so deep that none of us had ever gazed upon a midday sky like it before. By no stretch of speech can it be called black, as has been said by some about the sky at great altitudes. It was a deep rich, lustrous, transparent blue, as dark as Prussian blue, but intensely blue, a hue so strange, so increasingly impressive, that to one at least it 'seemed like special news of God.'" The outlook was beyond description. The usual clouds and mist parted to permit the vision of the breadth and glory, "the amazing immensity" which the mighty peaks and mountain crests displayed.

The trip took from March 14 to June 7, 1913, though they were only actually climbing the mountain itself from the middle of April on. They established a base camp where supplies for the return were cached, but these were burned in large part while they went back for other freight and they lived for five weeks without sugar and other comforts. They came upon the camps of the Parker-Browne expedition, which nearly reached the top in 1912.

At Dawn

At dawn she sought the Savior slain,
To kiss the spot where he had lain,
And weep warm tears like springtime rain.

When lo! there stood, unstained of death,
A man that spake with slow, sweet breath,
And "Master," Mary answereth.

From out the far and fragrant years,
How sweeter than the songs of seers,
That tender offering of tears.

—Richard Burton.

Uses of Gypsum

Gypsum is one of the minerals of ordinary use of which the most of the world takes very little cognizance. Over $6,000,000 worth was produced in the United States last year. It is ground up into plaster of various grades of fineness and used in cement, stucco, for roof and floor plaster, and for pottery molds, molds for making rubber stamps and other things. Small quantities are used in making paint, crayons, paper and imitation ivory. Alabaster is a pure white form of gypsum used for interior decoration instead of marble.

PATHWAY TO PURITY AND JOY

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

IT IS significant that in his Sermon on the Mount, Christ Jesus points out that obedience to the rules of Christian conduct therein laid down is attended by blessedness and joy. This does not correspond with the mistaken view some mortals take regarding the result of leading a Christian life. It is supposed by some that the practise of Christianity involves the loss of all that is worth while and joy-giving. The exact opposite is the case. Practical Christianity rids one of all that is spurious and useless and restores all that is genuine and good; it dissipates sensualism and ushers in purity; it dispels discord and confers real spiritual joy.

Human existence, devoid of spiritual aspiration and undirected by spiritual understanding, is a record of disappointments. The anticipated joy proves delusive in the end. Gratification of the senses, from which mortals expect to derive joy, leads to pain and sorrow. Impurity of thought inevitably brings discord. "Sensualism is not bliss, but bondage," Mrs. Eddy writes in the Christian Science text-book, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (p. 337).

The belief that matter really exists and is substantial is at the root of impure thinking. The understanding of the allness of Spirit (God) and the consequent nothingness of matter, is the remedy for this evil, purging the human consciousness and leaving it clear, untrammelled and harmonious. Christian Science teaches that since life is spiritual all things must be understood spiritually. This involves a process of education and its beneficial results are abundantly apparent in reformed lives. The beginner in this study, clinging somewhat to the baubles of earth, may believe and declare that he would like to remain at least a little worldly. The mental conflict which mortals experience in considering their choice between matter and Spirit does not result from anything worthy in matter, but simply from the lurking belief that matter can give pleasure. The grand truth that the spiritual alone is worth while finally settles the question, and the choice of the better part becomes easy and natural.

It is not unreasonable to expect man to be pure, since impurity does not really belong to him. Man is the image and likeness of God, the pure reflection of divine Mind. As the impurities of earth are purged from the human consciousness man discerns his divine nature and regains his normal spiritual freedom. This liberation applies not only to the present and the future but also to the supposed effects of the past. The sin of the past when repented of, forsaken and destroyed, has no power to mar the harmony of the present. Even while impure concepts have seemed to occupy the human consciousness, the fact has remained unchanged in divine Science that the individual consciousness has been eternally reflecting the pure thoughts of divine Mind. This truth enables us to see the practical side of the comforting assurance of divine Love as uttered by the Prophet Isaiah: "I have blotted out, as a thick cloud, thy transgressions, and, as a cloud, thy sins: return unto me; for I have redeemed thee."

Joy is a spiritual quality, and so it is plain that to expect to obtain joy from so-called material pleasures is futile. Joy can be derived only from that which purifies and elevates thought spiritually. The measure of joy which has come to many through the purification of their human lives by Christian Science is an earnest of the fuller joy which accompanies increased understanding. Humanity wants happiness and this can only be gained by consecrating thought entirely to the gaining of spiritual understanding. As men come to see the value of spiritual purity they seek it more eagerly and earnestly than they formerly sought material riches and this search is much more successful and satisfying.

Some of the most valuable experiences mortals have are those which rudely shake their dependence upon material means and methods. This purifying process destroys selfishness and pride and ushers in a sweet and sacred sense of humility. The individual thus purged rejoices with unspeakable joy to learn his lessons in real living.

Purity can only be gained by spirituality, and spirituality by purity. To suppose that a materialist can cling to his material gods and be pure minded is beyond reason. A materialist cannot be really happy. The spiritually minded cannot help being so. Blessed, indeed, are the pure in heart, because they do see God. These words from the "Christian Science Hymnal" (Hymn 59), emphasize this beautiful and helpful thought:

"The pure in heart are always glad;
The smile of God they feel;
He doth the secret of His joy
To blameless hearts reveal."

WHAT IT COSTS TO STAGE A PLAY

WE read a great deal of the enormous amounts which are lost in putting on theatrical productions that do not prove popular. Now an article in the American magazine appears to show that these figures are usually very much inflated. The $100,000 production probably costs about $60,000, out of which $10,000 is saved, and many an attempt only costs about $5000, as the following list of expenses would show. These are the figures for a play that was given four times in a small city and in New York for a week. It was a play staged economically, but quite adequately to give it a good showing:

Labor (stagehands)	$37.24
Advance agent (expenses)	41.09
Teakettle	10.50
1 tapestry	3.50
Shades and candles	6.20
Lamp shades	75.00
1 pair candelabras	4.50
Building scenery	1068.10
Electric supplies	28.15
Rehearsal bills	66.94
Properties	180.52
Labor	2.50
3 hats (for leading woman)	75.00
Gowns (for leading woman)	446.50
Table	110.00
Electrical supplies	11.15
Furniture	201.25
Electric current	3.00
Advance advertising (town canceled)	4.20
Electric current	3.70
Photos and flashes	43.20
Typewriting MS. and parts	28.00
Transfer	120.50
Curtains and draperies	200.00
Electrical supplies	5.57
Photos (leading w man)	8.40
Engraving Co. (cuts)	7.52
Insurance	62.50
Photos (second lead)	4.50
Painting scenery	485.00
Frames	10.90
Circulars	16.66
Litho. Co. (printing)	436.77
Warehouse (storage)	12.00
Loss ½ week	730.43
Loss week	989.50
Express	1.25
Labor (setting scenery for approval	20.00
Telegrams	1.39
Transfer	20.00
Putting scenery in storehouse	16.50
	$3509.63

Credits:	
Lamp shades	$37.00
Royalty (to pay author's interest)	71.85
Royalty	187.02
Gowns	150.00
Sofa	50.00
Table	50.00
Lamp	15.00
5 chairs	25.00
Scene	600.00
Lamp and chair	25.00
	$1240.87
	$4358.76

Volunteer Firemen Today in New York

Americans may read of the volunteer fire fighters of Japan, now being replaced by uniformed and trained officers, and think with pride of how all great American cities, especially the metropolis, have carefully trained and well-paid firemen who have nothing to do but stand attention at the least alarm. Yet the New York Sun has an account which actually shows over 500 volunteer firemen still enrolled for active service in New York city. One brigade of these actually uses a hand engine; a notice posted near the apparatus says, "Get the key at Kaltenmeyer's!"

The volunteer firemen look at the official fire fighter with some sense of superiority; and the official fire chief of Staten Island is said tactfully to preserve an attitude of deference to the captain of the volunteer corps. If the official arrives first with his men he is in charge; if the volunteers get there first their captain is in charge. Then the arriving fire chief very politely asks permission to help, and perhaps in the end he is accorded full command; but the volunteer captain accedes it only as a favor. The captain of the volunteers is the first man who dropped mallet or chisel or pen or hoe or his first forkful of dessert or his razor or hair brush at the sight or smell or sound of fire. He dives for the center of the town to strike the fire gong. Then he rushes to the engine house and orders the other men to their posts as they arrive. The record for the volunteer workers is 32 minutes to get out an engine, seize a team of horses somewhere—any may be impressed, and afterward paid for—and dash to a fire a mile away.

Through Me Express

All the glory of the day,
All beauty near or far away,
All bliss of life, that, born within,
Makes quick forgetfulness of sin,
Attend me and through me express
The meaning of their loveliness.

—Bayard Taylor.

Thoughts That Befit

Teach us the ways of Thy house, our Father; the thoughts that befit Thy children, the interests that are dear to Thee. —Isaac Ogden Rankin in the Congregationalist.

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CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Plants in Sponges

Some one writes to the Ladies Home Journal about raising flowering bulbs on sponges. Cheap sponges are used, as numerous large holes in a sponge are an advantage. The bulbs are inserted in these holes and held there by supports. In most cases the holes must be cut larger to accommodate the bulbs, but by a little stretching a small hole can be enlarged sufficiently to hold a good-sized bulb. When the sponge is loaded with bulbs either string or fine copper wire should be wound around to anchor the plants in position. The fine copper wire used in electrical work is best. Sphagnum moss may be added to cover any open space. Dip the ball in water until the sponge has absorbed all the moisture it can, then hang it in a dark place until the bulbs have rooted. In from six weeks to two months the bulbs will be ready to bring to the sunlight. Watering once a day is necessary. Many kinds of bulbous plants are suitable—hyacinths, lilies of the valley, crocuses, snowdrops, scillas and the various sorts of Narcissus. Green moss gathered from the woods and bound around the mass adds to the effect. A few small ferns may also be planted in the sponge.

Puma a Big Kitten

Way up in the high mountains of the western United States and in British Columbia there lives an enormous kind of a pussy cat. An artist has made a picture of it for the Century magazine. The animal is called a puma, and it seems to be about the size of a lioness. This artist says that it is really nothing but a big kitten. It creeps close to the ground through the bushes, watching for some movement, just as we sometimes see a kitten at play. A puma or cougar can leap 10 or 12 feet.

ANSWER TO SATURDAY'S PUZZLE

Byron.

Picture Puzzle

What famous Roman?

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Monday, November 3, 1913

TOMORROW will be election day, and every citizen owes it to good government to consider his ballot carefully and to see that it be deposited in a way to register his best thought on the subject. We believe that due regard for citizenship and the integrity of the commonwealth counts more than all other claims, be they of party or anything else. As a newspaper that values its opportunity to serve the public, the Monitor urges every taxpayer to take advantage of his right of citizenship tomorrow. We urge him to consider each candidate, not merely on the basis of personal liking, but to weigh him for what he represents and for any influences which appear to be working through him, that the men chosen by tomorrow's votes shall be, of all the candidates, those best and most broadly qualified to serve the whole people well.

Japan Looking Earnestly for More Tourists

EXCESS of imports over exports and large interest payments abroad are steadily contributing to the pecuniary difficulties of Japan. Of possible sources of income to offset this drain in part, two are mentioned with considerable assurance of hope—the money earned abroad by Japanese emigrants and sent back to Nippon and the money spent in Japan by tourists from Europe and America, especially the latter. China, it is said, though an importing country, still has a balance on the right side because of the vast sums sent home by her sons who work abroad. Japanese emigrants once could be counted upon for not less than 15,000,000 yen a year. But the longer the process continues and the farther afield the Japanese emigrant goes, the lower his average of wages sent back home.

So it comes about that from foreign tourists' spendings more return is hoped for than in the past. A few years ago it was estimated that not less than 200,000 Americans traveled abroad each year, spending generously as is their wont. The Japanese now argue that with the Panama canal open they may reasonably hope to increase the already large number of Americans who visit their attractive land, a region of the world so fascinating that Mr. Bryce, following his recent trip of exploration, is said to have put it ahead of Italy in scenic attractions.

Just how tourists are to be multiplied in number and induced to prolong their stay is a problem that now engages some of the best thought of the Japanese. That better accommodations in the inland inns and more entertainment of guests, once they arrive, are necessary, seems to be admitted. It is even intimated that golf links must be built for the benefit of the traveler to whom beauties of landscape and of architecture count for less than sport.

The tourist, for whom seeing the world is both a duty and a delight, is not governed usually by any undue prejudices or sentiments. The more he has traveled the less he respects chauvinism, jingoism or pseudo-patriotism. Hence no friction between governments deters him from his tour once he has planned his itinerary, bought his tickets and set his wardrobe and his traveler's kit in order. Nevertheless it is true that, were Japanese-American affairs to take on distinctly unfavorable aspects the number of Americans entering the island realm would scarcely be larger than it has been during the long years of amity between the nations.

A GREAT deal has been said of late regarding a test of the new tariff law. Perhaps the real test will come to individual experience when one sees something he wants offered at a tempting price and determines, after running over his available resources, whether he can afford to buy it.

THE American egg output has now reached, according to the latest estimate, an annual value of a round $1,000,000,000. Considering the important part she plays in the economic system, is it any wonder then that the American hen flutters in the way of an approaching automobile?

Limits of Control by Athletic Coaches

THE proposition just made by Princeton's athletic managers that coaches' activities be restricted to preparation of teams for intercollegiate games, and that the contests be generaled by team captains, may or may not be accepted by the rivals of Old Nassau. Presumably it will not, at least not until there has been time for academic opinion to be educated to the stage of seeing how desirable such a decision would be. Teams that have exceptionally shrewd and strategic coaches are not likely to forego their use now; and this is the condition of some of Princeton's chief rivals.

The fact remains, however, that highest ideals of student sport demand diminution rather than increase of professional aid in playing games. The paid trainer and coach has his place in fitting youth for a competition; but when the struggle begins, we believe he should step aside and let amateurs play the game as best they can under the lead of their own associates.

Immediate application of this standard would affect football contests; but if there be any pertinency to the demand, it applies to all forms of intercollegiate sport and is to be considered as simply another chapter in that never-ending struggle which is necessary to save American amateur sports from the tainted touch of commercialism and of "victory for victory's sake." It is these aspects of the national athletic situation which subject it to criticism from overseas—a crititism not always just but nevertheless having some basis in fact.

To captain a crew or a team to victory, when choice of tactics during the struggle really falls to the nominal director, is a glory indeed. But nominally to lead yet in reality to be merely the subordinate of a hired manager sitting on the sideline bench, is humiliating and, in its effects, disintegrating.

NEW HAVEN'S postoffice building of pink Tennessee marble, it is asserted, will cost $150,000 more than if the marble selected were white. But distinctiveness and individuality in public architecture are likely to be encouraged, even if they do cost something.

Eliminating Alleys in Cities

OUR despatches from Washington, D. C., say that the District of Columbia commissioners are now considering a bill which aims at the gradual elimination of alleys from the national capital. It is safe to say that a great majority of all the considerable urban communities of the United States will be interested in the provisions of this bill and in the operation of the measure if it shall be enacted. Washington has been so keenly interested in the question that it some time since formed an alley committee of citizens, and an executive committee of this body is credited with drafting the bill. It is mentioned casually that the White House family is favorable to the movement. If so, this only emphasizes its representative character. There are few families in the country, regardful of appearances and of cleanliness in their neighborhoods and communities, who would not be glad to see the alleys completely wiped out.

The Washington bill provides for the elimination of one tenth of the alleys in existence yearly. Reports of progress are to be submitted to Congress annually. It is estimated that this process will bring about the disappearance of alleys within the district in ten years. The plan is to convert them into minor streets of not less than fifty feet in width. To accomplish this, abutting property must be condemned by the commissioners. When the property shall be newly subdivided into dwelling lots it will be sold on time payments, when desired, to the highest bidders among the evicted present owners. A deficiency growing out of the cost of the improvement will doubtless be created, but in the end the community and the individual will both profit by the change.

Some cities are laid out in right angles and some cities have deep blocks. This is especially the case in the middle West of the United States. Late additions to eastern cities are often laid out in like manner. In such cases, the elimination of alleys according to the Washington plan would not constitute a serious problem. The contrary, however, would be true of cities laid out irregularly and in small blocks. Each community, in fact, would have to meet this question in its own way. The principal thing is to bring about the elimination of the useless and often worse-than-useless alleys. All parts of cities should be opened up to public gaze. There should be no back ways unillumined by the sun by day and by the electricity at night. It has been demonstrated that alleys are costly in many ways; that they are unsightly nobody need be told. The whole country will watch Washington's moves to rid itself of alleys with real interest.

Further Possibilities in Millinery

THE NEWS that a hat—a woman's hat, of course—has made its appearance trimmed with bunches of raisins, opens up an entire new field of thought and conjecture and speculation with regard to the coming millinery. The aigrette, as we all know, and as we are all glad to know, has practically been driven into desuetude. Plumage in general is under the ban. Flowers, jets, beads, laces and ribbons are all that would be left for ornamentation unless some new departure should be made, and what more natural under the circumstances than that attention should turn to fruits and vegetables? Artificial grapes and cherries have been used as hat trimming off and on for years, but grapes and cherries in trimming have been treated as flowers. The bunch of raisins is a new thing.

But if raisins, why not currants—dried currants—and if currants, why not figs and dates? And what would be the object in clinging to things more or less somber in color, or to dried or preserved things, or things in boxes, bottles or tins or wickers, when the entire fresh fruit and vegetable kingdom is at hand to be drawn upon? The extremist might ask, for example, Why trim with a bunch of dull-hued raisins when one might just as well trim with a bunch of rosy-cheeked radishes? Or why not use a peach, or an orange or even a lemon?

If one enters the woodlands of the middle tiers of the United States at this season, one may find the sumac literally on fire with color. Why not trim with that? Or if the subdued only will do, why not gather maple, elm or poplar leaves, all crimson, purple, lavender and old gold? With all the wealth of beauty in autumnal tints that nature generously offers just now, every one of which is full of delightful possibilities in hat trimming, there is really no reason for the raisin.

Making a Seaport of Albany

IN HIS address before the New York State Waterways Association convention at Albany a few days ago, Governor Glynn, advocating federal appropriations for making the Hudson river navigable for large ships to the state capital, insisted that New York state was asking no more in this respect than Canada has given for Montreal, Scotland for Glasgow, England for Manchester, or Belgium for Antwerp. He might have added, indeed, that New York would not be asking nearly as much of the federal government in behalf of the Hudson as the states of the middle West are asking in behalf of the Mississippi. The important thing to be considered—and every part of the nation is vitally concerned in this—is to what extent the federal government can afford in the future to take on the cost of internal waterway improvements. Governor Glynn and others are right in holding that relatively unimportant streams have for years been receiving improvement appropriations out of all proportion to those that have come to important waterways, and he and others can readily justify the demand that the states, in this and other regards, should receive federal aid somewhat commensurate with the contributions they make to the national revenues. If this proposal might be reduced to a system, and if, in place of the pork barrel, there should be an equitable annual distribution of funds in aid of deserving waterway projects, there would be a great deal less cause for sectional or local neglect than there is now, and there would be a great deal more cause for national rejoicing over the opening of waterways to navigation, transportation and trade.

The question that has been frequently asked of Chicago, St. Louis, Memphis, New Orleans and other cities—whether they would wait until the government felt able and ready to assist in the carrying out of their waterway-to-the-gulf project, or whether, by enlisting the interests of the states concerned, they would undertake the work on their own account, carrying it, at least, to the point where federal aid might be demanded with greater force and with an assurance of better effect?—may well be put to New York in the present instance. Nothing is plainer than that the government cannot take on the responsibility of caring financially for all the recognized legitimate waterway enterprises now contemplated. The best the government can do is to aid local and state effort. This it should do carefully, systematically and equitably, but in the meantime perhaps the strongest proof that can be offered of the need and desire of a locality or a state to obtain a waterway improvement is to be found in the disposition of the community or the state in question to take the initiative and then support the enterprise to the best of its ability. This applies no more to projects on the Hudson than to projects on the Ohio, the Mississippi, the Missouri or the Columbia. Waiting for the government to do the many great things that should be undertaken regardless of government aid will not bring the results desired to any quarter.

Hotel Men in Educational Work

IT IS TYPICAL of the times that a body of experienced professional hotel men, representatives of the American Hotel Protective Association of the United States and Canada, should engage in a tour designed to educate other hotel men how to properly conduct their hotels. There was a time, in the halcyon formative period of these English-speaking transatlantic nations when nearly every man deemed himself competent to "run" a hotel. The population was a great deal smaller then than it is now, but it was more restless. Nearly everybody was "prospecting." People moved West, came back East, went South, traveled North, looking for a location. This was about the time that Charles Dickens, in the character of Martin Chuzzlewit, visited these parts. It was the period of the dinner gong. It was in the years when the question of home comforts in a hotel was of small consequence to the average guest. His purpose was simply to get tolerable food and a tolerable bed at the minimum of thought, that he might devote his resources and energies to the "making of a stake."

The tendency in many quarters now is to forget, or, at least, to ignore those times; yet the things that are happening to most Americans in the United States and Canada today are very closely related to the way in which the "stakes" then were made. Keeping, or rather, "running" a hotel in the period referred to was as easy, and often as good, as any other way of striving for an independence. The guests were not over-particular about anything; democracy ruled by day and by night; there were no suites; there were no porcelain fixtures; distinction consisted in getting a room on the planed side of a board partition, the land was new and all the world was before the early riser.

The old-time hotel man, whether in the comparatively cultured East or the socially unrestricted West could not have had the remotest conception of the development awaiting his calling. As things became settled and men had a little more leisure in which to look around them, they began to discover that everybody was not competent, despite the popular belief, to "run" a hotel. A little later it came to be a recognized fact that one should have at least some experience in the business before undertaking the complete task of "running" a hotel. Still later it was conceded that special training would not harm the man who hoped some day to "run" a hotel. Then the hotel business began to demand that this special training be technical. Then it came to pass that only experts among technically trained hotel men need look for the big positions. We have now reached the point, it seems, where the welfare of one of the greatest of modern industries seems to demand that a body of experts shall move from center to center instructing the resident experts how to manage hotels.

This is progress. It may seem that modern hotel management is requiring too much, but it is only responding to the demand of modern hotel patrons. The cry is far from the '30s and the '40s to the present in the hotel business; it would seem sometimes that not decades but centuries intervene between the gong and the push button.

Women and State Offices

THE STRICTEST constitutionalist, the strictest constructionist among constitutionalists, the most tenacious adherent of the written word, if a person of liberal views and enlightened understanding, would find it a hard task in these days to become reconciled to the clause in the Ohio state constitution which reads: "No person shall be elected or appointed to any office in this state unless he possesses the qualifications of an elector." That clause prevents an Ohio woman, no matter how indisputable her fitness for the performance of civic duties, from holding an office in her state. It does not make any difference if for general or special reasons she would fill the office better than any man that might be elected or appointed to it, she is ineligible under the organic law. This inhibition seems both unreasonable and indefensible. The Toledo Blade, after pointing out its injustice in that it denies a woman right to hold office in a state institution while taxing her for the support of that institution, does not go too far, we think, when it condemns the provision in strong terms for directing that "officeholding of whatsoever kind in this state is exclusively a man's privilege," and for depriving "the state of the services of women where women, for the sake of the state's good name, ought to be in control." The voters of Ohio will have an opportunity at the coming election of casting their ballots in favor of a referendum measure making women eligible to office in state institutions. We believe this should carry, but the work of reformation and reparation should not stop there, and it probably will not.

SONORA, Mex., anticipating the experience of Canada, has placed an export duty on cattle equal to the import duty removed by the new American tariff. Some day the merits of reciprocity will be recognized continentally and transcontinentally.

IT IS not probable that Mr. Roosevelt will go farther south than central Argentina, a thoroughly progressive country, although he might say a few words that would be helpful to the stand-Patagonians.

THE difference between the past and the present idea of bringing the powers together is that, if they shall be induced to come together in 1914, they will be expected to meet as friends.